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# (54) Title: NOVEL INTEGRIN RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS

#### (57) Abstract

This invention relates to novel heterocycles including 3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)propionic acid, which are useful as antagonists of the  $\alpha_v\beta_3$  integrin and related cell surface adhesive protein receptors, to pharmaceutical compositions containing such compounds, processes for preparing such compounds, and to methods of using these compounds, alone or in combination with other therapeutic agents, for the inhibition of cell adhesion, the treatment of angiongenic disorders, inflammation, bone degradation, cancer metastasis, diabetic retinopathy, thrombosis, restenosis, macular degeneration, and other conditions mediated by cell adhesion and/or cell migration and/or angiogenesis.

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#### TITLE

# Novel Integrin Receptor Antagonists

#### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to novel heterocycles which are useful as antagonists of the \$\alpha\_v\beta\_3\$ integrin and related cell surface adhesive protein receptors, to pharmaceutical compositions containing such compounds, processes for preparing such compounds, and to methods of using these compounds, alone or in combination with other therapeutic agents, for the inhibition of cell adhesion, the treatment of angiogenic disorders, inflammation, bone degradation, cancer metastasis, diabetic retinopathy, thrombosis, restenosis, macular degeneration, and other conditions mediated by cell adhesion and/or cell migration and/or angiogenesis.

#### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Angiogenesis or neovascularization is critical for normal physiological processes such as embryonic development and wound repair (Folkman and Shing, J. Biol. Chem. 1992, 267:10931-10934; D'Amore and Thompson, Ann. Rev. Physiol. 1987, 49:453-464). However, angiogenesis also occurs pathologically, for example, in ocular neovascularization (leading to diabetic retinopathy, neovascular glaucoma, retinal vein occlusion and blindness), in rheumatoid arthritis and in solid tumors (Folkman and Shing, J. Biol. Chem., 1992, 267:10931-10934; Blood and Zetter, Biochim. Biophys.

35 Acta., 1990, 1032:118-128).

Tumor dissemination, or metastasis, involves several distinct and complementary components, including the penetration and traversing of tumor cells through basement membranes and the establishment of self-sustaining tumor foci in diverse organ systems. To this end, angiogenesis is critical to tumor survival. Without neovascularization, tumor cells lack the nourishment to divide and will not be able to leave the primary tumor site (Folkman and Shing, J. Biol. Chem., 1992, 267:10931-10934).

Inhibition of angiogenesis in animal models of cancer has been shown to result in tumor growth suppression and prevention of metastatic growth (Herblin et al., Exp. Opin. Ther. Patents, 1994, 1-14). Many angiogenic inhibitors have been directed toward blocking initial cytokine-dependent induction of new vessel growth, e.g. antibodies to endothelial cell growth factors. However, these approaches are problematic because tumor and inflammatory cells can secrete multiple activators of angiogenesis (Brooks et al., Cell, 1994, 79:1157-1164). Therefore, a more general approach that would allow inhibition of angiogenesis due to a variety of stimuli would be of benefit.

The integrin  $\alpha_{V}\beta_{3}$ , sometimes called the vitronectin receptor, is preferentially expressed on angiogenic blood vessels in chick and man (Brooks et al., Science, 1994, 264:569-571; Enenstein and Kramer, J. Invest. Dermatol., 1994, 103:381-386).  $\alpha_{V}\beta_{3}$  is the most promiscuous member of the integrin family, allowing endothelial cells to interact with a wide variety of extracellular matrix components (Hynes, Cell, 1992, 69:11-25). These adhesive interactions are considered to be critical for angiogenesis since vascular cells must ultimately be capable of invading virtually all tissues.

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While integrin  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$  promotes adhesive events important for angiogenesis, this receptor also transmits signals from the extracellular environment to the intracellular compartment (Leavesley et al., J. Cell Biol., 1993, 121:163-170, 1993). For example, the interaction between the  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$  integrin and extracellular matrix components promotes a calcium signal required for cell motility.

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During endothelium injury, the basement membrane zones of blood vessels express several adhesive proteins, including but not limited to von Willebrand factor, fibronectin, and fibrin. Additionally, several members of the integrin family of adhesion receptors are expressed on the surface of endothelial, smooth muscle and on other circulating cells. Among these integrins is  $\alpha_{\rm V}\beta_3$ , the endothelial cell, fibroblast, and smooth muscle cell receptor for adhesive proteins including von Willebrand factor, fibrinogen (fibrin), vitronectin, thrombospondin, and osteopontin. These integrins initiate a calcium-dependent signaling pathway that can lead to endothelial cell and smooth muscle cell migration and, therefore, may play a fundamental role in vascular cell biology.

Recently, an antibody to the  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$  integrin has been developed that inhibits the interaction of this integrin with agonists such as vitronectin (Brooks et al., Science, 1994, 264:569-571). Application of this antibody has been shown to disrupt ongoing angiogenesis on the chick chorioallantoic membrane (CAM), leading to rapid regression of histologically distinct human tumor transplanted onto the CAM (Brooks et al., Cell, 1994, 79:1157-1164). In this model, antagonists of the  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$  integrin induced apoptosis of the proliferating angiogenic vascular cells, leaving pre-existing quiescent blood vessels unaffected. Thus,  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$  integrin antagonists have been shown to inhibit angiogenesis and

are recognized as being useful as therapeutic agents for the treatment of human diseases such as cancer, restenosis, thromoembolic disorders, rheumatoid arthritis and ocular vasculopathies (Folkman and Shing, J. Biol. Chem., 1992, 267:10931-10934).

Increasing numbers of other cell surface receptors have been identified which bind to extracellular matrix ligands or other cell adhesion ligands thereby mediating cell-cell and cell-matrix adhesion processes. Like the  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$  integrin, these receptors belong to the integrin gene superfamily and are composed of heterodimeric transmembrane glycoproteins containing  $\alpha_{-}$  and  $\beta_{-}$  subunits. Integrin subfamilies contain a common  $\beta_{-}$  subunit combined with different  $\alpha_{-}$  subunits to form adhesion receptors with unique specificity. The genes for eight distinct  $\beta_{-}$  subunits have been cloned and sequenced to date.

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The integrin  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$  is a member of the  $\beta_{3}$  integrin subfamily and has been described on platelets, endothelial cells, melanoma, smooth muscle cells, and osteoclasts (Horton and Davies, J. Bone Min. Res. 1989, 4:803-808; Davies et al., J. Cell. Biol. 1989, 109:1817-1826; Horton, Int. J. Exp. Pathol., 1990, 71:741-759). Like the major platelet integrin GPIIb/IIIa, the vitronectin receptor binds a variety of RGD-containing adhesive proteins such as vitronectin, fibronectin, von Willibrand factor, fibrinogen, osteopontin, bone sialoprotein II and thrombospondin in a manner mediated by the RGD sequence.

A key event in bone resorption is the adhesion of osteoclasts to the matrix of bone. Studies with monoclonal antibodies have implicated the  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$  receptor in this process and suggest that a selective  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$  antagonist would have utility in blocking bone resorption in diseases such as osteoporosis (Horton et al., J. Bone Miner. Res., 1993, 8:239-247; Helfrich et al., J. Bone Miner. Res., 1992, 7:335-343).

PCT Patent Application Publication Number W094/08962, published April 28, 1994 discloses fibrinogen receptor antagonists of the general formula shown below:

European Patent Application Publication Number

655,439, published May 31, 1995 discloses fibrinogen
receptor antagonists of the general formula shown below:

$$\begin{array}{c} B \\ X_5 \\ X_6 \\ X_7 \\ X_7 \\ X_7 \\ X_7 \\ X_7 \\ X_7 \\ X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_2 \\ X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_2 \\ X_3 \\ X_4 \\ X_2 \\ X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_3 \\ X_4 \\ X_5 \\ X_7 \\ X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_3 \\ X_4 \\ X_5 \\ X_7 \\ X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_3 \\ X_4 \\ X_5 \\ X_7 \\ X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_3 \\ X_4 \\ X_5 \\ X_5 \\ X_7 \\ X_7 \\ X_8 \\ X_8 \\ X_9 \\ X_1 \\ X_1 \\ X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_2 \\ X_3 \\ X_4 \\ X_5 \\ X_6 \\ X_7 \\ X_8 \\ X$$

PCT Patent Application Publication Number W095/17397, published June 29, 1995, discloses fibrinogen receptor antagonists of the general formula shown below:

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PCT Patent Application Publication Number W096/20192, published July 4, 1996, discloses fibrinogen receptor antagonists of the general formula shown below:

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PCT/US96/20523 WO 97/23480

Co-pending, commonly assigned U.S. Patent Application Serial Number 08/455,768 filed 5/31/95 5 discloses integrin inhibitors of the general formula shown below:

None of the above references discloses or suggests 10 the compounds of the present invention which are described in detail below.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

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The present invention provides novel nonpeptide compounds which bind to integrin receptors thereby altering cell-matrix and cell-cell adhesion processes. The compounds of the present invention are useful for the inhibition of cell adhesion and the treatment (including prevention) of angiogenic disorders, inflammation, bone degradation, cancer metastases, diabetic retinopathy, thrombosis, restenosis, macular degeneration, and other conditions mediated by cell 25 adhesion and/or cell migration and/or angiogenesis.

One aspect of this invention provides novel compounds of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic (described below) which are useful as antagonists of the  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$  integrin. The  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$  integrin is also referred to as the  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$  receptor or the vitronectin receptor. The compounds of the present invention inhibit the binding of vitronectin or other RGD-containing ligands to  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$  and inhibit cell adhesion. The present invention also includes pharmaceutical compositions containing such compounds, and methods of using such compounds for the inhibition of angiogenesis, and/or for the treatment of disorders mediated by angiogenesis.

Another aspect of the present invention comprises agents that inhibit the binding of vitronectin to the  $\alpha \nu \beta_3$  receptor for the treatment (including prevention) of thrombosis, which do not significantly alter hemostatic balance and do not significantly inhibit platelet aggregation and do not significantly inhibit coagulation. Also, the compounds of the current invention can be used for the treatment or prevention of restenosis.

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The present invention also provides novel compounds, pharmaceutical compositions and methods which may be used in the treatment or prevention of other diseases which involve cell adhesion processes, including, but not limited to, rheumatoid arthritis, asthma, allergies, adult respiratory distress syndrome, graft versus host disease, organ transplantation, septic shock, psoriasis, eczema, contact dermatitis, osteoporosis, osteoarthritis, atherosclerosis, metastasis, wound healing, diabetic retinopathy, ocular vasculopathies, inflammatory bowel disease and other autoimmune diseases.

Also included in the present invention are
pharmaceutical kits comprising one or more containers
containing pharmaceutical dosage units comprising a

compound of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic, for the therapeutic inhibition of cell adhesion, the treatment of angiogenic disorders, inflammation, bone degradation, cancer metastasis, diabetic retinopathy, thrombosis, restenosis, macular degeneration, and other conditions mediated by cell adhesion and/or cell migration and/or angiogenesis.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

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The present invention provides novel compounds of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic (described below) which bind to integrin receptors thereby altering cell-matrix and cell-cell adhesion processes. The compounds of the present invention are useful for the inhibition of cell adhesion and the treatment of angiogenic disorders, inflammation, bone degradation, cancer metastases, diabetic retinopathy, thrombosis, restenosis, macular degeneration, and other conditions mediated by cell adhesion and/or cell migration and/or angiogenesis, in a mammal.

One aspect of this invention provides novel compounds of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic (described below) 25 which are useful as antagonists of the  $\alpha_{V}\beta_{3}$  integrin. The  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$  integrin is also referred to as the  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$ receptor or the vitronectin receptor. The compounds of the present invention inhibit the binding of vitronectin or other RGD-containing ligands to  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$  and inhibit cell adhesion. The present invention also includes 30 pharmaceutical compositions containing such compounds of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic, and methods of using such compounds for the inhibition of angiogenesis, and/or for the treatment of angiogenic disorders, inflammation, bone degradation, cancer metastases, diabetic 35 retinopathy, thrombosis, restenosis, macular

degeneration, and other conditions mediated by cell adhesion and/or cell migration and/or angiogenesis, in a mammal.

5 [1] One aspect of the present invention comprises compounds of Formula Ia:

Ia

- including stereoisomeric forms thereof, or mixtures of stereoisomeric forms thereof, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug forms thereof, wherein:
- $X^1$ ,  $X^2$ ,  $X^3$ , and  $X^4$  are independently selected from nitrogen or carbon provided that at least two of  $X^1$ ,  $X^2$ ,  $X^3$  and  $X^4$  are carbon;

R1 is selected from:

5 A and B are independently -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -O-, -N( $\mathbb{R}^2$ )-, or -C(=0)-;

 $A^1$  and  $B^1$  are independently -CH<sub>2</sub>- or -N(R<sup>3</sup>)-;

D is  $-N(R^2)$ -, -O-, -S-, -C(=O)- or  $-SO_2$ -;

10 E-F is  $-C(R^4) = C(R^5) -$ ,  $-N = C(R^4) -$ ,  $-C(R^4) = N -$ , or  $-C(R^4) \ge C(R^5) \ge -$ ;

- J, K, L and M are independently selected from  $-C(R^4)$ -,  $-C(R^5)$  or -N-, provided that at least one of J, K,

  L and M is not -N-;
- R<sup>2</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)carbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)aminocarbonyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)carbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>

alkyl)carbonyl-, arylcarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)sulfonyl, heteroarylsulfonyl, heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)sulfonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, or aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)sulfonyl, wherein said aryl groups are substituted with 0-2 substituents selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, halo, CF<sub>3</sub>, and nitro;

- 10 R<sup>3</sup> is selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl,  $C_4$ - $C_{11}$  cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-, or heteroaryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-:
- R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> are independently selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy, NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>, halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl,  $C_4$ - $C_{11}$  cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-, ( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)carbonyl, ( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy)carbonyl, arylcarbonyl, or

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alternatively, when substituents on adjacent atoms,  $R^4$  and  $R^5$  can be taken together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached to form a 5-7 membered carbocyclic or 5-7 membered heterocyclic aromatic or non-aromatic ring system, said carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring being optionally substituted with 0-2 groups selected from:  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy, halo, cyano, amino,  $CF_3$ , or  $NO_2$ ;

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U is selected from:

- $-(CH_2)_{n}-$
- $-(CH_2)_n(CR^7=CR^8)(CH_2)_{m^-}$
- $-(CH_2)_n(C \equiv C)(CH_2)_{m^-}$
- 35  $-(CH_2)_EQ(CH_2)_{m^-}$ 
  - $-(CH_2)_mO(CH_2)_m-$

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-(CH_2)_nN(R^6)(CH_2)_{m^-}
            -(CH_2)_nC(=0)(CH_2)_{m^-}
            -(CH_2)_n(C=0)N(R^6)(CH_2)_m-
            -(CH_2)_{n}N(R^6)(C=0)(CH_2)_{m}-, or
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            -(CH_2)_nS(O)_n(CH_2)_{m-};
            wherein one or more of the methylene groups in U is
            optionally substituted with R7;
     Q is selected from 1,2-cycloalkylene, 1,2-phenylene,
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            1,3-phenylene, 1,4-phenylene, 2,3-pyridinylene,
            3,4-pyridinylene, 2,4-pyridinylene, or 3,4-
            pyridazinylene;
     R^6 is selected from: H, C_1-C_4 alkyl, or benzyl;
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     R^7 and R^8 are independently selected from: H, C_1-C_6
            alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl,
            aryl, aryl(C_1-C_6 \ alkyl)-, or heteroaryl(C_0-C_6
            alkyl)-:
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     R10 is selected from: H, C1-C4 alkoxy substituted with 0-
            1 R^{21}, N(R^6)_2, halogen, NO_2, CN, CF_3, CO_2R^{17},
            C (=0) R^{17}, CONR^{17}R^{20}, -SO_2R^{17}, -SO_2NR^{17}R^{20}, C_1-C_6
            alkyl substituted with 0-1 R^{15} or 0-1 R^{21}, C_3-C_6
            alkenyl substituted with 0-1 R15 or 0-1 R21, C3-C7
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            cycloalkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>,
            C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or
            0-1 R^{21}, aryl substituted with 0-1 R^{15} or 0-2 R^{11} or
            0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, or aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) - substituted with 0-1
            R^{15} or 0-2 R^{11} or 0-1 R^{21};
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     R11 is selected from H, halogen, CF3, CN, NO2, hydroxy,
            NR^2R^3, C_1-C_4 alkyl substituted with 0-1 R^{21}, C_1-C_4
            alkoxy substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl substituted
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with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl) - substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , ( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy)carbonyl substituted with 0-1

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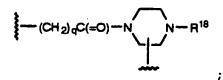
 $R^{21}$ , (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)carbonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylaminosulfonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ ;

5 W is selected from:  $-(C(R^{12})_2)_qC(=0)N(R^{13})_-, \text{ or}$  $-C(=0)-N(R^{13})-(C(R^{12})_2)_q^-;$ 

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X is  $-C(R^{12})(R^{14})-C(R^{12})(R^{15})$ ; or

alternatively, W and X can be taken together to be



- is selected from H, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)carbonyl, aryl, or aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;
- 20 R<sup>13</sup> is selected from H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkylmethyl, or aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;

R<sup>14</sup> is selected from:

H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthio(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>

alkylthioalkyl)-, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl)-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>

alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> hydroxyalkyl,

C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl,

C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-,

heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, aryl, heteroaryl, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>,

C(=0)R<sup>17</sup>, or CONR<sup>17</sup>R<sup>20</sup>, provided that any of the

above alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl groups

may be unsubstituted or substituted independently

with 0-1 R<sup>16</sup> or 0-2 R<sup>11</sup>;

R<sup>15</sup> is selected from:

H, R<sup>16</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl,

C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkylaminoalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> dialkylaminoalkyl,

(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl)carbonyl, aryl(C<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)carbonyl,

C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl,

C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-,

heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, aryl, heteroaryl, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>,

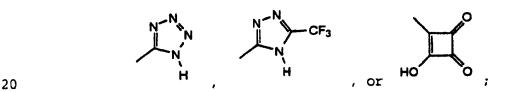
C(=O)R<sup>17</sup>, CONR<sup>17</sup>R<sup>20</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>, or SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>17</sup>R<sup>20</sup>, provided

that any of the above alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl or

heteroaryl groups may be unsubstituted or

substituted independently with 0-2 R<sup>11</sup>;

### Y is selected from:



R<sup>16</sup> is selected from:

 $\begin{array}{c} -N(R^{20}) - C(=O) - O - R^{17}, \\ -N(R^{20}) - C(=O) - R^{17}, \\ 25 & -N(R^{20}) - C(=O) - NH - R^{17}, \\ -N(R^{20}) SO_2 - R^{17}, \text{ or } \\ -N(R^{20}) SO_2 - NR^{20}R^{17}; \end{array}$ 

#### R<sup>17</sup> is selected from:

C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)aryl, heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)heteroaryl, biaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, heteroaryl, or aryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are

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optionally substituted with 0-3 substituents
            selected from the group consisting of: C1-C4 alkyl,
            C_1-C_4 alkoxy, aryl, heteroaryl, halo, cyano, amino,
            CF<sub>3</sub>, and NO<sub>2</sub>;
 5
     R<sup>18</sup> is selected from:
            H.
            -C(=0)-0-R^{17}
            -C(=0)-R^{17}.
            -C(=0)-NH-R^{17}.
10
            -SO_2-R^{17}, or
            -SO<sub>2</sub>-NR<sup>20</sup>R<sup>17</sup>;
     R<sup>19</sup>
            is selected from: hydroxy, C1-C10 alkyloxy,
            C_3-C_{11} cycloalkyloxy, aryloxy, aryl(C_1-C_6 alkoxy)-,
15
            C_3-C_{10} alkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy, C_3-C_{10}
            alkoxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
            C_2-C_{10} alkoxycarbonylalkyloxy,
            C5-C10 cycloalkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
20
            C5-C10 cycloalkoxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
            C5-C10 cycloalkoxycarbonylalkyloxy,
            C_7-C_{11} aryloxycarbonylalkyloxy,
            C_8-C_{12} aryloxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
           C_8-C_{12} arylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
25
           C5-C10 alkoxyalkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
           C5-C10 (5-alkyl-1,3-dioxa-cyclopenten-2-one-
           yl)methyloxy, C<sub>10</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> (5-aryl-1,3-dioxa-cyclopenten-
            2-one-yl)methyloxy, or (R^{11})(R^{12})N-(C_1-C_{10}) alkoxy)-;
     R^{20} is selected from: H, C_1\text{-}C_6 alkyl, C_3\text{-}C_7 cycloalkyl,
30
           C_4-C_{11} cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C_1-C_6 alkyl)-, or
           heteroary1(C_1-C_6 alky1)-:
     R^{21} is selected from: COOH or NR^{6}_{2};
35
           is 0-4;
     m
```

n is 0-4;

t is 0-4;

p is 0-2;

q is 0-2; and

5 r is 0-2;

with the following provisos:

(1) t, n, m and q are chosen such that the number of atoms connecting  $R^1$  and Y is in the range of

10 10-14; and

(2) n and m are chosen such that the value of n plus m is greater than one unless U is  $-(CH_2)_{\pm}Q(CH_2)_{m}-.$ 

15 [2] Preferred compounds of the invention as described above are compounds of the Formula Ia:

$$X^{4} = X^{3} = X^{4} = X^{4$$

Ιa

including stereoisomeric forms thereof, or mixtures of stereoisomeric forms thereof, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug forms thereof, wherein:

 $x^1$ ,  $x^2$ ,  $x^3$ , and  $x^4$  are independently selected from nitrogen or carbon provided that at least two of  $x^1$ ,  $x^2$ ,  $x^3$  and  $x^4$  are carbon;

R1 is selected from:

A and B are independently  $-CH_2-$ , -O-,  $-N(R^2)-$ , or -C(=O)-;

 $A^1$  and  $B^1$  are independently  $-CH_2-$  or  $-N(R^3)-$ ;

D is  $-N(R^2)$ -, -O-, -S-, -C(=O)- or  $-SO_2$ -;

10

E-F is  $-C(R^4) = C(R^5) -$ ,  $-N = C(R^4) -$ ,  $-C(R^4) = N -$ , or  $-C(R^4) \ge C(R^5) \ge -$ ;

- J, K, L and M are independently selected from  $-C(R^4)$ -,  $-C(R^5)$  or -N-, provided that at least one of J, K,
  L and M is not -N-;
- R<sup>2</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  alkyl)carbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  20 alkylaminocarbonyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl,
  C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  alkyl)carbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  alkyl)-, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)carbonyl, arylcarbonyl,
  alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  alkyl)sulfonyl, heteroarylsulfonyl, heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)sulfonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, or aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  alkoxy)carbonyl, wherein said aryl groups are
  substituted with 0-2 substituents selected from the

group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy, halo,  $CF_3$ , and nitro;

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, or heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;

R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> are independently selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>, halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> alkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl or

alternatively, when substituents on adjacent atoms,

R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> can be taken together with the carbon
atoms to which they are attached to form a 5-7
membered carbocyclic or 5-7 membered heterocyclic
aromatic or non-aromatic ring system, said
carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring being optionally
substituted with 0-2 groups selected from: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>
alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, halo, cyano, amino, CF<sub>3</sub>, or
NO<sub>2</sub>;

#### U is selected from:

- $-(CH_2)_{n-}$ 
  - $-(CH_2)_n(CR^7=CR^8)(CH_2)_{m^-}$
  - $-(CH_2)_{t}Q(CH_2)_{m}-$
  - $-(CH_2)_nO(CH_2)_{m}-$ ,
  - $-(CH_2)_nN(R^6)(CH_2)_{m^-}$
- 30  $(CH_2)_nC(=0)(CH_2)_{m^-}$ , or
  - $-(CH_2)_nS(O)_p(CH_2)_{m-};$

wherein one or more of the methylene groups in  ${\tt U}$  is optionally substituted with  ${\tt R}^7;$ 

Q is selected from 1,2-phenylene, 1,3-phenylene, 2,3-pyridinylene, 3,4-pyridinylene, or 2,4-pyridinylene;

- 5 R<sup>6</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or benzyl;
- R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are independently selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, or heteroaryl(C<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;
- $R^{10}$  is selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $N(R^6)_2$ , halogen,  $NO_2$ , CN,  $CF_3$ ,  $CO_2R^{17}$ ,  $C(=0)R^{17}$ ,  $CONR^{17}R^{20}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{17}$ ,  $-SO_2NR^{17}R^{20}$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  alkenyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_4$ - $C_{11}$  cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ , aryl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ , or aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)- substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ , or 0-1  $R^{21}$ ;
- R<sup>11</sup> is selected from: H, halogen, CF<sub>3</sub>, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, hydroxy, NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>

  alkoxy substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)- substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylaminosulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>;

W is 
$$-C(=0)-N(R^{13})-(C(R^{12})_2)_{q}-;$$

X is 
$$-C(R^{12})(R^{14})-C(R^{12})(R^{15})-$$
;

35

alternatively, W and X can be taken together to be

 $R^{12}$  is H or  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl;

5

 $R^{13}$  is selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkylmethyl, or aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-;

# R<sup>14</sup> is selected from:

H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthioalkyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkylthioalkyl)-, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl)-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, aryl, heteroaryl, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>, C(=0)R<sup>17</sup>, or CONR<sup>17</sup>R<sup>20</sup>, provided that any of the above alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl groups may be substituted independently with 0-1 R<sup>16</sup> or 0-2

20

# R<sup>15</sup> is selected from:

R11;

H, R<sup>16</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl,

C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkylaminoalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> dialkylaminoalkyl,

C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkylcarbonyl, aryl(C<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)carbonyl,

C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl,

C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-,

heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, aryl, heteroaryl, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>,

C(=0)R<sup>17</sup>, CONR<sup>17</sup>R<sup>20</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>, or SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>17</sup>R<sup>20</sup>, provided that any of the above alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl or

heteroaryl groups may be substituted independently with 0-2 R<sup>11</sup>;

#### Y is selected from:

-COR<sup>19</sup>, -SO<sub>3</sub>H,

# 5 R16 is selected from:

- $-N(R^{20})-C(=0)-O-R^{17}$ ,
- $-N(R^{20})-C(=0)-R^{17}$
- $-N(R^{20})-C(=0)-NH-R^{17}$ ,
- $-N(R^{20})SO_2-R^{17}$ , or
- 10  $-N(R^{20})SO_2-NR^{20}R^{17}$ ;

# R<sup>17</sup> is selected from:

C1-C10 alkyl, C3-C11 cycloalkyl, aryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-,
(C1-C6 alkyl)aryl, heteroaryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-, (C1-C6
alkyl)heteroaryl, biaryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-, heteroaryl,
or aryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are
optionally substituted with 0-3 substituents
selected from the group consisting of: C1-C4 alkyl,
C1-C4 alkoxy, aryl, heteroaryl, halo,cyano, amino,
CF3, and NO2;

# R<sup>18</sup> is selected from:

Η,

 $-C(=0)-0-R^{17}$ 

25  $-C(=0)-R^{17}$ 

- $-C(=0)-NH-R^{17}$ ,
- $-SO_2-R^{17}$ , or
- $-SO_2-NR^{20}R^{17}$ ;
- 30 R<sup>19</sup> is selected from: hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyloxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkyloxy, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aryloxy, C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> aralkyloxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,

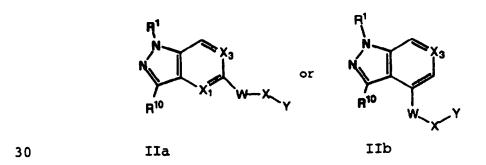
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C_2-C_{10} alkoxycarbonylalkyloxy,
           C5-C10 cycloalkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy.
           C5-C10 cycloalkoxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy.
           C5-C10 cycloalkoxycarbonylalkyloxy,
 5
           C7-C11 aryloxycarbonylalkyloxy,
           C_8-C_{12} aryloxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
           C_8-C_{12} arylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
           C5-C10 alkoxyalkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
           C5-C10 (5-alkyl-1,3-dioxa-cyclopenten-2-one-
           yl)methyloxy, C<sub>10</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> (5-aryl-1,3-dioxa-cyclopenten-
10
            2-one-yl) methyloxy, or (R^{11})(R^{12})N-(C_1-C_{10} \text{ alkoxy})-;
     R<sup>20</sup> selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-
           C11 cycloalkylalkyl, aryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-, or
            heteroaryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-;
15
```

 $R^{21}$  is selected from COOH or  $NR^{6}_{2}$ ;

m is 0-4; 20 n is 0-4; p is 0-2; q is 0-2; t is 0-4; and r is 0-2.

25

[3] Further preferred compounds of the invention as described above are compounds of the Formula IIa or IIb:



including stereoisomeric forms thereof, or mixtures of stereoisomeric forms thereof, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug forms thereof wherein:

5 X<sub>1</sub> and X<sub>3</sub> are independently selected from nitrogen or carbon;

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from:

- wherein the above heterocycles are optionally substituted with 0-2 substituents selected from the group consisting of: NH<sub>2</sub>, halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, and C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl;
- U is  $-(CH_2)_{n-}$ ,  $-(CH_2)_{t}Q(CH_2)_{m-}$  or  $-C(=0)(CH_2)_{n-1-}$ , wherein one of the methylene groups is optionally substituted with  $R^7$ ;

Q is selected from 1,2-phenylene, 1,3-phenylene, 2,3-pyridinylene, 3,4-pyridinylene, or 2,4-pyridinylene;

- 5  $R^6$  is selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl, or benzyl;
  - R7 is selected from: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl), heteroaryl, or heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl);
- 10  $R^{10} \text{ is selected from: } H, C_1-C_4 \text{ alkoxy substituted with } 0-1 \text{ R}^{21}, \text{ halogen, } CO_2R^{17}, \text{ CONR}^{17}R^{20}, C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl substituted with } 0-1 \text{ R}^{15} \text{ or } 0-1 \text{ R}^{21}, C_3-C_7$   $\text{cycloalkyl substituted with } 0-1 \text{ R}^{15} \text{ or } 0-1 \text{ R}^{21},$   $C_4-C_{11} \text{ cycloalkylalkyl substituted with } 0-1 \text{ R}^{15} \text{ or } 0-1 \text{ R}^{21},$   $0-1 \text{ R}^{21}, \text{ or aryl}(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-\text{ substituted with } 0-1 \text{ R}^{15} \text{ or } 0-2 \text{ R}^{11} \text{ or } 0-1 \text{ R}^{21};$
- NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>2</sup>l, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy substituted with 0-1 R<sup>2</sup>l, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>2</sup>l, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>2</sup>l, aryl (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) substituted with 0-1 R<sup>2</sup>l, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy) carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>2</sup>l, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl) carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>2</sup>l, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>2</sup>l, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylaminosulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>2</sup>l;

W is  $-C(=0)-N(R^{13})-$ ;

30 X is  $-CH(R^{14})-CH(R^{15})-;$ 

 $R^{13}$  is H or  $CH_3$ :

R<sup>14</sup> is selected from:

H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, aryl, or heteroaryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are optionally

substituted with 0-3 substituents selected from the

group consisting of:  $C_1-C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1-C_4$  alkoxy,

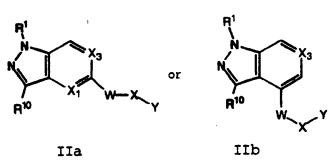
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aryl, halo, cyano, amino, CF_3, and NO_2;
       R^{15} is H or R^{16};
        Y is -COR^{19};
        R<sup>16</sup> is selected from:
                 -NH(R^{20})-C(=0)-O-R^{17}.
10
                 -N(R^{20})-C(=0)-R^{17}
                 -N(R^{20})-C(=0)-NH-R^{17}
                 -N(R^{20})SO_2-R^{17}, or
                 -N(R^{20})SO_2-N(R^{20})R^{17};
15
       R<sup>17</sup> is selected from:
                C_1-C_{10} alkyl, C_3-C_{11} cycloalkyl, aryl(C_1-C_6 alkyl)-,
                 (C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl}) aryl, heteroaryl(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-, (C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-
                alkyl)heteroaryl, biaryl(C_1-C_6 alkyl)-, heteroaryl,
                or aryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are
20
                optionally substituted with 0-3 substituents
                selected from the group consisting of: C_1-C_4 alkyl,
                C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, aryl, heteroaryl, halo, cyano, amino,
                CF_3, and NO_2;
25
       R19
                is selected from:
                hydroxy, C_1-C_{10} alkoxy,
                methylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                ethylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
30
                t-butylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                cyclohexylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                1-(methylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                1-(ethylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                1-(t-butylcarbonyloxy) ethoxy-,
35
                1-(cyclohexylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                i-propyloxycarbonyloxymethoxy-,
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t-butyloxycarbonyloxymethoxy-,
          1-(i-propyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
          1-(cyclohexyloxycarbonyloxy) ethoxy-,
          1-(t-butyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
 5
          dimethylaminoethoxy-,
          diethylaminoethoxy-,
           (5-methyl-1,3-dioxacyclopenten-2-on-4-yl)methoxy-,
           (5-(t-butyl)-1,3-dioxacyclopenten-2-on-4-
                yl) methoxy-,
10
           (1,3-dioxa-5-phenyl-cyclopenten-2-on-4-yl)methoxy-,
          1-(2-(2-methoxypropyl)carbonyloxy)ethoxy-;
    R<sup>20</sup> is H or CH<sub>3</sub>;
15
     R^{21} is selected from COOH or NR^{6}_{2};
           is 0 or 1;
     m
           is 1-4; and
20
           is 0 or 1.
```

[4] Still further preferred compounds of the above invention are compounds of the Formula IIa or IIb:

25

30



including stereoisomeric forms thereof, or mixtures of stereoisomeric forms thereof, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug forms thereof wherein:

 $X_1$  and  $X_3$  are independently selected from nitrogen or carbon, provided that at least one of  $X_1$  and  $X_3$  is carbon;

5 R1 is selected from:

10

wherein the above heterocycles are optionally substituted with 0-2 substituents selected from the group consisting of: NH<sub>2</sub>, halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, and C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl;

- U is  $-(CH_2)_{n-}$ ,  $-(CH_2)_{t}Q(CH_2)_{m-}$  or  $-C(=0)(CH_2)_{n-1-}$ , wherein one of the methylene groups is optionally substituted with  $R^7$ ;
- Q is selected from 1,2-phenylene, 1,3-phenylene, 2,3-pyridinylene, 3,4-pyridinylene, or 2,4-pyridinylene;

 $R^6$  is selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl, or benzyl;

R7 is selected from:  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl,  $C_4$ - $C_{11}$  cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl), heteroaryl, or heteroaryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl);

- 5 R<sup>10</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, halogen,  $CO_2R^{17}$ ,  $CONR^{17}R^{20}$ ,  $C_1$ -C<sub>6</sub> alkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>,  $C_3$ -C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>,  $C_4$ -C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, or aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-2 R<sup>11</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>;
- R<sup>11</sup> is selected from: H, halogen, CF<sub>3</sub>, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, hydroxy, NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>,  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkoxy) carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>,  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl) carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>,  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl) carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>,  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkylsulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, or  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkylaminosulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>; W is  $-C(-0)-N(R^{13})-$ ;

W is  $-C(=0)-N(R^{13})-;$ 

25 X is  $-CH(R^{14})-CH(R^{15})-;$ 

R<sup>13</sup> is H or CH<sub>3:</sub>

#### R<sup>14</sup> is selected from:

30 H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, aryl, or heteroaryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with 0-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, aryl, halo, cyano, amino, CF<sub>3</sub>, and NO<sub>2</sub>;

35  $R^{15}$  is H or  $R^{16}$ ;

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Y is -COR^{19};
        R<sup>16</sup> is selected from:
                  -N(R^{20})-C(=0)-O-R^{17}.
  5
                  -N(R^{20})-C(=0)-R^{17}
                  -N(R^{20})-C(=0)-NH-R^{17}
                  -N(R^{20})SO_2-R^{17}, or
                  -N(R^{20})SO_2-NR^{20}R^{17}:
10
        R<sup>17</sup> is selected from:
                 C_1-C_{10} alkyl, C_3-C_{11} cycloalkyl, aryl(C_1-C_6 alkyl)-,
                  (C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl}) aryl, heteroaryl(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-, (C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-
                  alkyl)heteroaryl, biaryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-, heteroaryl,
15
                  or aryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are
                  optionally substituted with 0-3 substituents
                  selected from the group consisting of: C1-C4 alkyl,
                 C1-C4 alkoxy, aryl, heteroaryl, halo, cyano, amino,
                 CF<sub>3</sub>, and NO<sub>2</sub>;
20
        R<sup>19</sup> is selected from:
                 hydroxy, C_1-C_{10} alkoxy,
                 methylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                 ethylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
25
                  t-butylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                 cyclohexylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                 1-(methylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                 1-(ethylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                 1-(t-butylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
30
                 1-(cyclohexylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                 i-propyloxycarbonyloxymethoxy-,

    t-butyloxycarbonyloxymethoxy-,

                 1-(i-propyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                 1-(cyclohexyloxycarbonyloxy) ethoxy-,
35
                 1-(t-butyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                 dimethylaminoethoxy-,
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diethylaminoethoxy-,
          (5-methyl-1,3-dioxacyclopenten-2-on-4-yl)methoxy-,
          (5-(t-butyl)-1,3-dioxacyclopenten-2-on-4-
                yl)methoxy-,
          (1,3-dioxa-5-phenyl-cyclopenten-2-on-4-yl)methoxy-,
5
          1-(2-(2-methoxypropyl)carbonyloxy)ethoxy-;
    R<sup>20</sup> is H or CH<sub>3</sub>;
10
    R^{21} is selected from COOH or NR^{6}_{2};
          is 0 or 1;
    \mathfrak{A}\mathfrak{t}
          is 1-4; and
          is 0 or 1.
15
          Specifically preferred compounds of the invention
     as described above are compounds of Formula Ia,
     including enantiomeric or diasteriomeric forms thereof,
     or mixtures of enantiomeric or diasteriomeric forms
20
     thereof, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug
     forms thereof, selected from the group consisting of:
           3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-
                ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-
25
                propionic acid,
           3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-
                ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-trimethylbenzene-
                sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
           3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-
30
                ylcarbonylamino}-2-(benzenesulfonylamino)
                propionic acid,
           3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-
                ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dichlorobenzene-
                 sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
35
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	3-[1-[3-(1midazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-
	ylcarbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-
	ylsulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-
5	ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethylbenzene-
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-
	ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-phenyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
10	3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-
	ylcarbonylamino]-2-(4-phenylbenzenesulfonyl-
	amino)propionic acid,
	<pre>3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propy1]-</pre>
	indazol-5-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxy-
15	carbonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-5-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	<pre>3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-</pre>
20	indazol-5-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzenesulfonyl-
	amino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
*	indazol-5-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dichloro-
	benzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
25	<pre>3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-</pre>
	indazol-5-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethyl-
	isoxazol-4-ylsulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	<pre>3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-</pre>
	indazol-5-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-
30	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-5-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-
	phenylbenzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	<pre>3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-</pre>
35	indazol-5-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(4-phenylbenzene-
	sulfonvlamino) propionic acid.

	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
	carbonylamino)-2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-
	propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
5	carbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-trimethylbenzene-
	sulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(benzenesulfonylamino)-
	propionic acid,
10	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dichlorobenzene-
	sulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-
15	ylsulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethylbenzene-
	sulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
20	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-phenyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(4-phenylbenzenesulfonyl-
	amino) propionic acid,
25	3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
	<pre>carbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-</pre>
	propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-trimethylbenzene-
30	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
	<pre>carbonylamino] -2-(benzenesulfonylamino) -</pre>
	propionic acid,
	<pre>3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-</pre>
35	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dichlorobenzene-
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,

	3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-
	ylsulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
5	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethylbenzene-
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-phenyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
10	3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(4-phenylbenzenesulfonyl-
	amino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-
	ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-
15	propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-
	ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-trimethylbenzene-
	sulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-
20	<pre>ylcarbonylamino)-2-(benzenesulfonylamino)</pre>
	propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-
	ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dichlorobenzene-
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
25	3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-
	<pre>ylcarbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-</pre>
	ylsulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-
	<pre>ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethylbenzene-</pre>
30	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-
	<pre>ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-pnenyl-</pre>
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-{1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-
35	ylcarbonylamino]-2-(4-phenylbenzenesulfonyl-
	amino) propionic acid

	3-[1-[3-(tetranydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	<pre>indazol-4-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxy-</pre>
	carbonylamino) propionic acid.
	<pre>3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-</pre>
5	indazol-4-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-4-ylcarbonylamino)-2-(benzenesulfonyl
	amino) propionic acid,
10	3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-4-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dichloro-
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-4-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethyl-
15	isoxazol-4-ylsulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-4-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	<pre>3-{1-{3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl}-</pre>
20	indazol-4-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-
	phenylbenzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	<pre>3-{1-{3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl}-</pre>
	indazol-4-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(4-phenylbenzene
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
25	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-
	propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-trimethylbenzene-
30	sulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(benzenesulfonylamino)-
	propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl-
35	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dichlorobenzene-
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,

	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl
	carbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-
	ylsulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl
5	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethylbenzene-
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl
	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-phenyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
10	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl
	carbonylamino]-2-(4-phenylbenzenesulfonyl-
	amino)propionic acid,
	3-{1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-
15	propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl) indazol-4-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-trimethylbenzene-
	sulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl-
20	carbonylamino]-2-(benzenesulfonylamino)-
	propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dichlorobenzene-
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
25	3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-
	ylsulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethylbenzene-
30	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-phenyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid, and
	3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl-
35	carbonylamino]-2-(4-phenylbenzenesulfonyl-
	amino) propionic acid.

Also specifically preferred are ester prodrugs of the specifically preferred compounds of Formula Ia, said esters being chosen from the group consisting

5 of: methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, 10 benzyl, methylcarbonyloxymethyl, ethylcarbonyloxymethyl, tert-butylcarbonyloxymethyl, cyclohexylcarbonyloxymethyl, 15 tert-butyloxycarbonyloxymethyl, dimethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl, morpholinoethyl, pyrrolidinoethyl, and 20 trimethylammonioethyl.

25

[6] Another aspect of the present invention comprises compounds of Formula Ib:

 $\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & &$ 

Ib

including stereoisomeric forms thereof, or mixtures of stereoisomeric forms thereof, or pharmaceutically 30 acceptable salt or prodrug forms thereof, wherein:

 $x^1$ ,  $x^2$ ,  $x^3$ , and  $x^4$  are independently selected from nitrogen or carbon provided that at least two of  $x^1$ ,  $x^2$ ,  $x^3$  and  $x^4$  are carbon;

5 R1 is selected from:

A and B are independently -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -O-, -N( $\mathbb{R}^2$ )-, or -C(=O)-;

10

 $A^1$  and  $B^1$  are independently -CH<sub>2</sub>- or -N(R<sup>3</sup>)-;

D is 
$$-N(R^2)$$
-,  $-O$ -,  $-S$ -,  $-C(=O)$ - or  $-SO_2$ -;

- 15 E-F is  $-C(R^4)=C(R^5)-$ ,  $-N=C(R^4)-$ ,  $-C(R^4)=N-$ , or  $-C(R^4)_2C(R^5)_2-$ ;
- J, K, L and M are independently selected from:  $-C(R^4)$ -,  $-C(R^5)$  or -N-, provided that at least one of J, K, L and M is not -N-;
  - $R^2$  is selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $(C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)carbonyl,  $(C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy)carbonyl;  $(C_1$ - $C_6$

alkyl)aminocarbonyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>
cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl,
heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)carbonyl,
heteroarylcarbonyl, aryl C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
alkyl)carbonyl, or arylcarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
alkyl)sulfonyl, heteroarylsulfonyl,
heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)sulfonyl, aryloxycarbonyl,
or aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl, wherein said aryl
groups are substituted with 0-2 substituents
selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl,
C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, halo, CF<sub>3</sub>, and nitro;

- R<sup>3</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, or heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;
- R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> are independently selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>
  alkoxy, NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>, halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl,

  C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub>
  cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  alkyl)carbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl,
  arylcarbonyl, or
- alternatively, when substituents on adjacent atoms, R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> can be taken together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached to form a 5-7 membered carbocyclic or 5-7 membered heterocyclic aromatic or non-aromatic ring system, said carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring being optionally substituted with 0-2 groups selected from: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, halo, cyano, amino, CF<sub>3</sub>, or NO<sub>2</sub>;
- 35 U is selected from:  $-(CH_2)_{n-}$ ,

```
-(CH_{2})_{n}(CR^{7}=CR^{8}) (CH_{2})_{m}-
-(CH_{2})_{n}(C=C) (CH_{2})_{m}-
-(CH_{2})_{t}Q(CH_{2})_{m}-
-(CH_{2})_{n}O(CH_{2})_{m}-,
-(CH_{2})_{n}N(R^{6}) (CH_{2})_{m}-,
-(CH_{2})_{n}C(=O) (CH_{2})_{m}-,
-(CH_{2})_{n}(C=O)N(R^{6}) (CH_{2})_{m}-
-(CH_{2})_{n}N(R^{6}) (C=O) (CH_{2})_{m}-, \text{ or }
-(CH_{2})_{n}S(O)_{p}(CH_{2})_{m}-;
```

- wherein one of the methylene groups is optionally substituted with  $R^7$ ;
- Q is selected from: 1.2-cycloalkylene, 1.2-phenylene, 1.3-phenylene, 1.4-phenylene, 2.3-pyridinylene, 3.4-pyridinylene, 2.4-pyridinylene, or 3.4-pyridazinylene;
  - $R^6$  is selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl, or benzyl;
- 20 R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are independently selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, or heteroaryl(C<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;
- 25 R<sup>9</sup> is selected from: H,  $CO_2R^{17}$ ,  $C(=0)R^{17}$ ,  $CONR^{17}R^{20}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{17}$ ,  $-SO_2NR^{17}R^{20}$ ,  $C_1$ -C<sub>6</sub> alkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>,  $C_3$ -C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>,  $C_4$ -C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-2 R<sup>11</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, or aryl( $C_1$ -C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-2 R<sup>11</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>;
- $R^{11}$  is selected from H, halogen,  $CF_3$ , CN,  $NO_2$ , hydroxy,  $NR^2R^3$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , aryl substituted

with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl) - substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , ( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy)carbonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , ( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl)carbonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkylsulfonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , or  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkylaminosulfonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ ;

W is selected from:  $-(C(R^{12})_2)_qC(=0)N(R^{13})-$ , or  $-C(=0)-N(R^{13})-(C(R^{12})_2)_q-$ ;

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X is  $-C(R^{12})(R^{14})-C(R^{12})(R^{15})-$ ; or

alternatively, W and X can be taken together to be

R<sup>12</sup> is selected from: H, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)carbonyl, aryl, or aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;

R<sup>13</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkylmethyl, or aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;

25 R<sup>14</sup> is selected from:

H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylthio( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-, aryl( $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylthioalkyl)-, aryl( $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkoxyalkyl)-,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkoxyalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  hydroxyalkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkynyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkylalkyl, aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-, heteroaryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-, aryl, heteroaryl,  $C_2$ - $C_1$ 0  $C_1$ 1, or  $C_1$ 1, or  $C_1$ 2, provided that any of the above alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl groups

may be unsubstituted or substituted independently with 0-1  $R^{16}$  or 0-2  $R^{11}$ ;

## R<sup>15</sup> is selected from:

H, R<sup>16</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl,

C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkylaminoalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> dialkylaminoalkyl,

(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl)carbonyl, aryl(C<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)carbonyl,

C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl,

C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-,

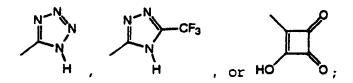
heteroaryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-, aryl, heteroaryl,  $CO_2R^{17}$ ,  $C(=0)R^{17}$ ,  $CONR^{17}R^{20}$ ,  $SO_2R^{17}$ , or  $SO_2NR^{17}R^{20}$ , provided that any of the above alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl groups may be unsubstituted or substituted independently with 0-2  $R^{11}$ ;

15

20

### Y is selected from:

-COR<sup>19</sup>, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -PO<sub>3</sub>H, tetrazolyl, -CONHNHSO<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, -CONHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>, -CONHSO<sub>2</sub>NHR<sup>17</sup>, -NHCOCF<sub>3</sub>, -NHCONHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>, -NHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>, -OPO<sub>3</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, -OSO<sub>3</sub>H, -PO<sub>3</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -SO<sub>2</sub>NHCOR<sup>17</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>NHCO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>,



# R<sup>16</sup> is selected from:

25  $-N(R^{20}) - C(=0) - O - R^{17}$ ,  $-N(R^{20}) - C(=0) - R^{17}$ ,  $-N(R^{20}) - C(=0) - NH - R^{17}$ ,  $-N(R^{20}) SO_2 - R^{17}$ , or  $-N(R^{20}) SO_2 - NR^{20}R^{17}$ ;

30

### R<sup>17</sup> is selected from:

 $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{11}$  cycloalkyl, aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-, ( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)aryl, heteroaryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-, ( $C_1$ - $C_6$ 

alkyl)heteroaryl, biaryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-, heteroaryl,

```
or aryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are
            optionally substituted with 0-3 substituents
            selected from the group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl,
 5
            C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, aryl, heteroaryl, halo, cyano, amino,
            CF_3, and NO_2;
      R<sup>18</sup> is selected from:
            Η,
            -C(=0)-O-R^{17}
10
            -C(=0)-R^{17},
            -C(=0)-NH-R^{17}
            -SO_2-R^{17}, or
             -502-NR^{20}R^{17};
15
      R<sup>19</sup>
            is selected from hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyloxy,
            C_3-C_{11} cycloalkyloxy, aryloxy, aryl(C_1-C_6 alkoxy)-,
            C_3-C_{10} alkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy, C_3-C_{10}
            alkoxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
20
            C_2-C_{10} alkoxycarbonylalkyloxy,
            C_5-C_{10} cycloalkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy.
            C_5-C_{10} cycloalkoxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy.
            C5-C10 cycloalkoxycarbonylalkyloxy,
            C7-C11 aryloxycarbonylalkyloxy,
25
             C_8-C_{12} aryloxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy.
            C<sub>8</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> arylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
            C_5-C_{10} alkoxyalkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy.
             C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> (5-alkyl-1,3-dioxa-cyclopenten-2-one-
             yl)methyloxy, C10-C14 (5-aryl-1,3-dioxa-cyclopenten-
             2-one-yl)methyloxy, or (R^{11})(R^{12})N-(C_1-C_{10} \text{ alkoxy})-;
30
      \mathbb{R}^{20} is selected from: H, \mathbb{C}_1-\mathbb{C}_6 alkyl, \mathbb{C}_3-\mathbb{C}_7 cycloalkyl,
             C_4-C_{11} cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C_1-C_6 alkyl)-, or
             heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;
  £ 1.
35
      R<sup>21</sup> is selected from COOH or NR<sup>6</sup>2;
```

m is 0-4;

n is 0-4;

t is 0-4;

5 p is 0-2;

q is 0-2; and

r is 0-2;

with the following provisos:

10 (1) t, n, m and q are chosen such that the number of atoms connecting  $R^1$  and Y is in the range of 10-14; and

(2) n and m are chosen such that the value of n plus m is greater than one unless  $\mbox{\tt U}$  is

15  $-(CH_2)_{m}Q(CH_2)_{m}-.$ 

[7] Preferred compounds of the invention as described above are compounds of the Formula Ib:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & X^4 & P^{11} \\
 & X^3 & W - X - Y \\
 & X^1 & X^2 & W
\end{array}$$

20

Ib

including stereoisomeric forms thereof, or mixtures of stereoisomeric forms thereof, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug forms thereof, wherein:

25

 $X^1$ ,  $X^2$ ,  $X^3$ , and  $X^4$  are independently selected from nitrogen or carbon provided that at least two of  $X^1$ ,  $X^2$ ,  $X^3$  and  $X^4$  are carbon;

R1 is selected from:

5 A and B are independently -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -O-, -N( $\mathbb{R}^2$ )-. or -C(=0)-;

 $A^1$  and  $B^1$  are independently  $-CH_2$ - or  $-N(R^3)$ -;

D is  $-N(R^2)$ -, -O-, -S-, -C(=O)- or  $-SO_2$ -;

10

E-F is 
$$-C(R^4)=C(R^5)-$$
,  $-N=C(R^4)-$ ,  $-C(R^4)=N-$ , or  $-C(R^4)_2C(R^5)_2-$ ;

- J, K, L and M are independently selected from  $-C(R^4)$ -,  $-C(R^5)$  or -N-, provided that at least one of J, K,
  L and M is not -N-;
- R<sup>2</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  alkyl)carbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  alkylaminocarbonyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl,
  C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  alkyl)carbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  alkyl)-, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)carbonyl, arylcarbonyl,
  alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  alkyl)sulfonyl, heteroarylsulfonyl,
  heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)sulfonyl, aryloxycarbonyl,
  aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl, wherein said aryl groups

are substituted with 0-2 substituents selected from

the group consisting of  $C_1-C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1-C_4$  alkoxy, halo,  $CF_3$ , and nitro;

- R<sup>3</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, or heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;
- $R^4$  and  $R^5$  are independently selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy,  $NR^2R^3$ , halogen,  $NO_2$ , CN,  $CF_3$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl,  $C_4$ - $C_{11}$  cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-,  $C_2$ - $C_7$  alkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl or
- alternatively, when substituents on adjacent atoms,

  R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> can be taken together with the carbon
  atoms to which they are attached to form a 5-7
  membered carbocyclic or 5-7 membered heterocyclic
  aromatic or non-aromatic ring system, said
  carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring being optionally
  substituted with 0-2 groups selected from: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>
  alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, halo, cyano, amino, CF<sub>3</sub>, or
  NO<sub>2</sub>;

#### U is selected from:

- $-(CH_2)_{n}$ -,
  - $-(CH_2)_{n}(CR^7=CR^8)(CH_2)_{m}-$
  - $-(CH_2)_EQ(CH_2)_{m^+}$
  - $-(CH_2)_{n}O(CH_2)_{m^-}$
  - $-(CH<sub>2</sub>)_{n}N(R<sup>6</sup>)(CH<sub>2</sub>)_{m}-,$
- 30  $(CH_2)_nC(=0)(CH_2)_{m^-}$ , or
  - $-(CH_2)_{n}S(O)_{p}(CH_2)_{m}-;$

wherein one of the methylene groups is optionally substituted with  $R^7$ ;

```
Q is selected from 1,2-phenylene, 1,3-phenylene, 2,3-pyridinylene, 3,4-pyridinylene, or 2,4-pyridinylene;
```

- 5 R<sup>6</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or benzyl;
  - R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are independently selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, or heteroaryl(C<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;
- $R^9 \text{ is selected from: H, } CO_2R^{17}, \ C(=0)R^{17}, \ CONR^{17}R^{20}, \\ -SO_2R^{17}, \ -SO_2NR^{17}R^{20}, \ C_1-C_6 \ \text{alkyl substituted with } 0-1 \\ 1 \ R^{15} \text{ or } 0-1 \ R^{21}, \ C_3-C_6 \ \text{alkenyl substituted with } 0-1 \\ R^{15} \text{ or } 0-1 \ R^{21}, \ C_3-C_7 \ \text{cycloalkyl substituted with } 0-1 \\ 1 \ R^{15} \text{ or } 0-1 \ R^{21}, \ C_4-C_{11} \ \text{cycloalkylalkyl substituted } \\ \text{with } 0-1 \ R^{15} \text{ or } 0-1 \ R^{21}, \ \text{aryl substituted with } 0-1 \\ R^{15} \text{ or } 0-2 \ R^{11} \text{ or } 0-1 \ R^{21}, \ \text{or } \text{aryl} \ (C_1-C_6 \ \text{alkyl}) \\ \text{substituted with } 0-1 \ R^{15} \text{ or } 0-2 \ R^{21} \text{ or } 0-1 \ R^{21}; \\ \end{aligned}$
- R<sup>11</sup> is selected from: H, halogen, CF<sub>3</sub>, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, hydroxy, NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylaminosulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>;
- 30 W is  $-C(=0)-N(R^{13})-(C(R^{12})_2)_q$ ; X is  $-C(R^{12})(R^{14})-C(R^{12})(R^{15})$ ;

10

alternatively, W and X can be taken together to be

R12 is H or C1-C6 alkyl;

5 R<sup>13</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkylmethyl, or aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;

R14 is selected from:

H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthioalkyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>

alkylthioalkyl)-, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl)-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>

alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> hydroxyalkyl,

C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl,

C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-,

heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, aryl, heteroaryl, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>,

C(=0)R<sup>17</sup>, or CONR<sup>17</sup>R<sup>20</sup>, provided that any of the

above alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl groups may be unsubstituted or substituted independently with 0-1 R<sup>16</sup> or 0-2 R<sup>11</sup>;

20 R<sup>15</sup> is selected from:

H, R<sup>16</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkylaminoalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> dialkylaminoalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkylcarbonyl, aryl(C<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)carbonyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl,

C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-,
heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, aryl, heteroaryl, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>,
C(=O)R<sup>17</sup>, CONR<sup>17</sup>R<sup>20</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>, or SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>17</sup>R<sup>20</sup>, provided
that any of the above alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl or
heteroaryl groups may be unsubstituted or
substituted independently with 0-2 R<sup>11</sup>;

Y is selected from: -COR<sup>19</sup>, -SO<sub>3</sub>H,

R<sup>16</sup> is selected from:

$$-N(R^{20})-C(=0)-O-R^{17}$$
,

$$-N(R^{20})-C(=0)-R^{17}$$
,

$$-N(R^{20})-C(=0)-NH-R^{17}$$
,

$$-N(R^{20})SO_2-R^{17}$$
, or

 $-N(R^{20})SO_2-NR^{20}R^{17}$ ;

10

R<sup>17</sup> is selected from:

 $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{11}$  cycloalkyl, aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-, ( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)aryl, heteroaryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-, ( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)heteroaryl, biaryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-, heteroaryl, or aryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with 0-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of:  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy, aryl, heteroaryl, halo,cyano, amino,  $C_{11}$ - $C_{11}$  and  $N_{11}$ 0.

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R<sup>18</sup> is selected from:

Η,

$$-C(=0)-0-R^{17}$$

$$-C(=0)-R^{17}$$
,

 $-C(=0)-NH-R^{17}$ 

$$-SO_2-R^{17}$$
, or

 $-SO_2-NR^{20}R^{17}$ ;

 $R^{19}$  is selected from hydroxy,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyloxy,

 $C_3-C_{11}$  cycloalkyloxy,  $C_6-C_{10}$  aryloxy,

 $C_7$ - $C_{11}$  aralkyloxy,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  alkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,

 $C_3-C_{10}$  alkoxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,

 $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkoxycarbonylalkyloxy,

```
C5-C10 cycloalkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
C5-C10 cycloalkoxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
C5-C10 cycloalkoxycarbonylalkyloxy,
C7-C11 aryloxycarbonylalkyloxy,
C8-C12 aryloxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
C8-C12 arylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
C5-C10 alkoxyalkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
C5-C10 (5-alkyl-1,3-dioxa-cyclopenten-2-one-yl)methyloxy, C10-C14 (5-aryl-1,3-dioxa-cyclopenten-2-one-yl)methyloxy, or (R11)(R12)N-(C1-C10 alkoxy)-;

R20 selected from: H, C1-C6 alkyl, C3-C7 cycloalkyl, C4-C11 cycloalkylalkyl, aryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-, or
```

heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;

R<sup>21</sup> is selected from COOH or NR<sup>6</sup>2;

m is 0-4;

n is 0-4; 20 t is 0-4;

15

0 t is 0-4; p is 0-2;

q is 0-2; and

r is 0-2.

25 [8] Further preferred compounds of the invention as described above are compounds of the Formula IIc or IId:

including stereoisomeric forms thereof, or mixtures of stereoisomeric forms thereof, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug forms thereof, wherein:

5 X<sub>1</sub> and X<sub>3</sub> are independently selected from nitrogen or carbon;

R1 is selected from:

10

wherein the above heterocycles are optionally substituted with 0-2 substituents selected from the group consisting of:  $NH_2$ , halogen,  $NO_2$ , CN,  $CF_3$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl, and  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl;

15

U is  $-(CH_2)_{n-}$ ,  $-(CH_2)_tQ(CH_2)_{m-}$  or  $-C(=0)(CH_2)_{n-1}$ , wherein one of the methylene groups is optionally substituted with  $R^7$ ;

Q is selected from 1,2-phenylene, 1,3-phenylene, 2,3-pyridinylene, 3,4-pyridinylene, or 2,4-pyridinylene;

- 5  $R^6$  is selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl, or benzyl;
  - R7 is selected from:  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl,  $C_4$ - $C_{11}$  cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl), heteroaryl, or heteroaryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl);

10  $R^9 \text{ is selected from: H, } -SO_2R^{17}, -SO_2NR^{17}R^{20}, C_1\text{-}C_6 \text{ alkyl}$  substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_3\text{-}C_7$  cycloalkyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_4\text{-}C_{11}$  cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ , aryl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-2  $R^{11}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ , or aryl( $C_1\text{-}C_6$  alkyl)- substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-2  $R^{11}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ ;

R<sup>11</sup> is selected from: H, halogen, CF<sub>3</sub>, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, hydroxy,

NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>

alkoxy substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) - substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>,

C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, or

C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylaminosulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>;

W is  $-C(=0)-N(R^{13})-;$ 

30 X is  $-CH(R^{14})-CH(R^{15})-;$ 

 $R^{13}$  is H or  $CH_3$ :

R<sup>14</sup> is selected from:

35 H,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl, aryl, or heteroaryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are optionally

substituted with 0-3 substituents selected from the

group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy,

aryl, halo, cyano, amino, CF3, and NO2; 5  $R^{15}$  is H or  $R^{16}$ : Y is  $-COR^{19}$ ; R<sup>16</sup> is selected from:  $-NH(R^{20})-C(=0)-O-R^{17}$ . 10  $-N(R^{20})-C(=0)-R^{17}$  $-N(R^{20})-C(=0)-NH-R^{17}$ ,  $-N(R^{20})SO_2-R^{17}$ , or  $-N(R^{20})SO_2-N(R^{20})R^{17}$ ; 15 R<sup>17</sup> is selected from:  $C_1-C_{10}$  alkyl,  $C_3-C_{11}$  cycloalkyl, aryl( $C_1-C_6$  alkyl)-,  $(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$  aryl, heteroaryl $(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$ -,  $(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$ alkyl)heteroaryl, biaryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-, heteroaryl, 20 or aryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with 0-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of:  $C_1-C_4$  alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, aryl, heteroaryl, halo, cyano, amino,  $CF_3$ , and  $NO_2$ ; 25 R<sup>19</sup> is selected from: hydroxy,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkoxy, methylcarbonyloxymethoxy-, ethylcarbonyloxymethoxy-, 30 t-butylcarbonyloxymethoxy-, cyclohexylcarbonyloxymethoxy-, 1- (methylcarbonyloxy) ethoxy-, 1-(ethylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-, 1-(t-butylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,

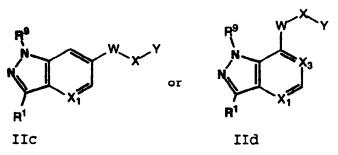
1-(cyclohexylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
i-propyloxycarbonyloxymethoxy-,

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t-butyloxycarbonyloxymethoxy-,
           1-(i-propyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
           1-(cyclohexyloxycarbonyloxy) ethoxy-,
           1-(t-butyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
          dimethylaminoethoxy-,
 5
          diethylaminoethoxy-,
           (5-methyl-1,3-dioxacyclopenten-2-on-4-yl)methoxy-,
           (5-(t-butyl)-1,3-dioxacyclopenten-2-on-4-
                yl)methoxy-,
10
           (1,3-dioxa-5-phenyl-cyclopenten-2-on-4-yl)methoxy-,
          1-(2-(2-methoxypropyl) carbonyloxy) ethoxy-;
     R<sup>20</sup> is H or CH<sub>3</sub>;
15
     R<sup>21</sup> is selected from COOH or NR<sup>6</sup>2; and
          is 0 or 1;
     n
          is 1-4; and
20
          is 0 or 1.
     t
```

[9] Still further preferred compounds of the above invention are compounds of the Formula IIc or IId:

25



including stereoisomeric forms thereof, or mixtures of stereoisomeric forms thereof, or pharmaceutically 30 acceptable salt or prodrug forms thereof, wherein:

 $X_1$  and  $X_3$  are independently selected from nitrogen or carbon, provided that at least one of  $X_1$  and  $X_3$  is carbon;

5  $R^1$  is selected from:

43

10

15

20

wherein the above heterocycles are optionally substituted with 0-2 substituents selected from the group consisting of:  $NH_2$ , halogen,  $NO_2$ , CN,  $CF_3$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl, and  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl:

U is  $-(CH_2)_{n^-}$ ,  $-(CH_2)_{t}Q(CH_2)_{m^-}$  or  $-C(=0)(CH_2)_{n-1^-}$ , wherein one of the methylene groups is optionally substituted with  $\mathbb{R}^7$ ;

Q is selected from 1.3-phenylene, 1.3-phenylene, 3.3-pyridinylene, 3.4-pyridinylene, or 2.4-pyridinylene;

R<sup>6</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or benzyl;

R7 is selected from:  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl,  $C_4$ - $C_{11}$  cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl), heteroaryl, or heteroaryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl);

- 5 R<sup>9</sup> is selected from: H, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>17</sup>R<sup>20</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-2 R<sup>11</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, or aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)- substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-2 R<sup>11</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>:
- R<sup>11</sup> is selected from H, halogen, CF<sub>3</sub>, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, hydroxy, NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy) carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl) carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylaminosulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>; w is -C(=0)-N(R<sup>13</sup>)-;

W is  $-C(=0)-N(R^{13})-$ ;

25 X is  $-CH(R^{14})-CH(R^{15})-$ ;

 $R^{13}$  is H or  $CH_3$ :

R<sup>14</sup> is selected from:

30 H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, aryl, or heteroaryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with 0-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, aryl, halo, cyano, amino, CF<sub>3</sub>, and NO<sub>2</sub>;

 $R^{15}$  is H or  $R^{16}$ ;

35

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Y is -COR^{19};
     R<sup>16</sup> is selected from:
           -N(R^{20})-C(=0)-O-R^{17}
5
           -N(R^{20})-C(=0)-R^{17}
           -N(R^{20})-C(=0)-NH-R^{17},
           -N(R^{20})SO_2-R^{17}, or
           -N(R^{20})SO_2-NR^{20}R^{17};
10
     R<sup>17</sup> is selected from:
           C_1-C_{10} alkyl, C_3-C_{11} cycloalkyl, aryl(C_1-C_6 alkyl)-,
           (C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl}) aryl, heteroaryl(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-,
           (C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl}) heteroaryl, biaryl (C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-,
           heteroaryl, or aryl, wherein said aryl or
15
           heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with
           0-3 substituents selected from the group consisting
           of: C_1-C_4 alkyl, C_1-C_4 alkoxy, aryl, heteroaryl,
           halo, cyano, amino, CF3, and NO2;
20
     R<sup>19</sup> is selected from:
           hydroxy, C_1-C_{10} alkoxy,
           methylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
           ethylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
25
           t-butylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
           cyclohexylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
           1-(methylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
           1-(ethylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
           1-(t-butylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
30
           1-(cyclohexylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
           i-propyloxycarbonyloxymethoxy-,
           t-butyloxycarbonyloxymethoxy-,
           1-(i-propyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
           1-(cyclohexyloxycarbonyloxy) ethoxy-,
           1-(t-butyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
35
           dimethylaminoethoxy-,
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diethylaminoethoxy-,
           (5-methyl-1,3-dioxacyclopenten-2-on-4-yl)methoxy-,
           (5-(t-butyl)-1,3-dioxacyclopenten-2-on-4-
                yl)methoxy-,
  5
           (1,3-dioxa-5-phenyl-cyclopenten-2-on-4-yl)methoxy-,
           1-(2-(2-methoxypropyl)carbonyloxy)ethoxy-;
     R<sup>20</sup> is H or CH<sub>3</sub>;
10
     R^{21} is selected from COOH or NR^{6}_{2}; and
          is 0 or 1;
     m
          is 1-4; and
     n
15
     t
          is 0 or 1.
     [10] Specifically preferred compounds of the invention
     as described above are compounds of Formula Ib,
     including enantiomeric or diasteriomeric forms thereof,
20
     or mixtures of enantiomeric or diasteriomeric forms
     thereof, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug
     forms thereof, selected from the group consisting of:
          3-[3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-6-
25
               ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-
               propionic acid,
          3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]-
               indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-
               benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
          3-[3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-6-
30
               ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzenesulfonylamino)
               propionic acid,
          3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]-
               indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dichloro-
35
               benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
```

	3-[3-[3-(1mldazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-6-
	ylcarbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-
	ylsulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]-
5	indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-6-
	ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-phenyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
10	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(4-phenylbenzene
	sulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxy-
15	carbonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)-
	<pre>propyl]indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-</pre>
	trimethylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
20	indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzenesulfonyl
	amino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)-
	<pre>propyl]indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-</pre>
	dichlorobenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
25	3-[3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethyl-
	isoxazol-4-ylsulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)-
	<pre>propyl]indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-</pre>
30	dimethylbenzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino}-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-
	phenylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)-
35	<pre>propyl]-indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(4-</pre>
	phenylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,

	3-[3-[3-(1mldazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-6-yl-
	carbonylamino}-2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-
	propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]-
5	indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-6-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(benzenesulfonylamino)-
	propionic acid,
10	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dichloro-
	benzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-6-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-
15	ylsulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-6-yl-
20	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-phenyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(4-phenylbenzene-
•	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
25	3-[3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-6-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-
	propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-
	6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-trimethylbenzene-
30	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-6-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(benzenesulfonylamino)-
	propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-
35	6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dichlorobenzene-
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,

	3-[3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-6-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-
	ylsulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-
5	6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethylbenzene-
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-6-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-phenyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
10	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-
	6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(4-phenylbenzenesulfonyl-
	amino) propionic acid,
	3-{3-(3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl}indazol-7-
	<pre>ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-</pre>
15	propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-
	trimethylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-7-
20	<pre>ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzenesulfonylamino)</pre>
	propionic acid,
	3-{1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl}-
	indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dichloro-
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
25	3-[3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-7-
	ylcarbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-
	ylsulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-
30	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
e '.	3-[3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-7-
	ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-phenyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]-
35	indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(4-phenylbenzene-
	sulfonvlamino) propionic acid,

	3-[3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxy-
	carbonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)-
5	<pre>propyl]indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-</pre>
	trimethylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzenesulfonyl
	amino)propionic acid,
10	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)-
	propyl]indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-
	dichlorobenzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethyl-
15	isoxazol-4-ylsulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)-
	<pre>propyl]indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-</pre>
	dimethylbenzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
20	indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-
	phenylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)-
	<pre>propy1]indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(4-</pre>
	phenylbenzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
25	3-[3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-7-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-
	propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-
30	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-7-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(benzenesulfonylamino)-
	propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]-
35	indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dichloro-
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,

	3-[3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-7-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-
	ylsulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]-
5	indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-7-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-phenyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
10	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(4-phenylbenzene-
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-7-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-
15	propionic acid,
	3-{1-methyl-3-{3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl}indazol-
	7-ylcarbonylamino}-2-(2,4,6-trimethylbenzene-
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-7-yl-
20	<pre>carbonylamino) - 2 - (benzenesulfonylamino) -</pre>
	propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-
	7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dichlorobenzene-
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
25	3-[3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-7-yl-
	<pre>carbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-</pre>
	ylsulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-
	7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethylbenzene-
30	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-7-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-phenyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid, and
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-
35	7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(4-phenylbenzenesulfonyl-
	aminol propionic acid

[11] Also specifically preferred are ester prodrugs of the specifically preferred compounds of Formula Ib, said esters being chosen from the group consisting of:

5 methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, 10 isobutyl, benzyl, methylcarbonyloxymethyl, ethylcarbonyloxymethyl, tert-butylcarbonyloxymethyl, 15 cyclohexylcarbonyloxymethyl, tert-butyloxycarbonyloxymethyl, dimethylaminoethyl, and diethylaminoethyl, morpholinoethyl, 20 pyrrolidinoethyl, and trimethylammonioethyl.

[12] Yet another aspect of the present invention comprises compounds of Formula Ic:

25

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & X^4 & R^{11} \\
 & X^3 & X^2 \\
 & X^2 & X^3
\end{array}$$

IC

including stereoisomeric forms thereof, or mixtures of stereoisomeric forms thereof, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug forms, thereof wherein:

 $X^1$ ,  $X^2$ ,  $X^3$ , and  $X^4$  are independently selected from nitrogen or carbon provided that at least two of  $X^1$ ,  $X^2$ ,  $X^3$  and  $X^4$  are carbon;

5

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from:

10 A and B are independently  $-CH_2-$ , -O-,  $-N(R^2)-$ , or -C(=O)-;

 $A^1$  and  $B^1$  are independently -CH<sub>2</sub>- or -N(R<sup>3</sup>)-;

D is 
$$-N(R^2)$$
-,  $-O$ -,  $-S$ -,  $-C(=O)$ - or  $-SO_2$ -;

15

E-F is  $-C(R^4)=C(R^5)-$ ,  $-N=C(R^4)-$ ,  $-C(R^4)=N-$ , or  $-C(R^4)_2C(R^5)_2-$ ;

J, K, L and M are independently selected from  $-C(R^4)$ -,

- $C(R^5)$ - or -N-, provided that at least one of J, K,

L and M is not -N-;

 $R^2$  is selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $(C_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl)carbonyl,  $(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkoxy}) \text{ carbonyl}; (C_1-C_6)$ alkyl)aminocarbonyl, C3-C6 alkenyl, C3-C7 cycloalkyl, C4-C11 cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, 5 heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)carbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl, aryl C1-C6 alkyl, (C1-C6 alkyl) carbonyl, or arylcarbonyl, C1-C6 alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aryl(C1-C6 alkyl)sulfonyl, heteroarylsulfonyl, 10 heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)sulfonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, or  $aryl(C_1-C_6 \ alkoxy)$  carbonyl, wherein said arylgroups are substituted with 0-2 substituents selected from the group consisting of C1-C4 alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, halo, CF<sub>3</sub>, and nitro; 15  $R^3$  is selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl,  $C_4-C_{11}$  cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl( $C_1-C_6$  alkyl)-, or heteroaryl  $(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$ -; R4 and R5 are independently selected from: H, C1-C4 20 alkoxy,  $NR^2R^3$ , halogen,  $NO_2$ , CN,  $CF_3$ ,  $C_1-C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3-C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_3-C_7$  cycloalkyl,  $C_4-C_{11}$ cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-, (C1-C6 alkyl)carbonyl, (C1-C6 alkoxy)carbonyl, 25 arylcarbonyl, or alternatively, when substituents on adjacent atoms,  $R^4$  and  $R^5$  can be taken together with the carbon

R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> can be taken together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached to form a 5-7 membered carbocyclic or 5-7 membered heterocyclic aromatic or non-aromatic ring system, said carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring being optionally substituted with 0-2 groups selected from: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, halo, cyano, amino, CF<sub>3</sub>, or NO<sub>2</sub>;

30

35

```
U
            is selected from:
            -(CH_2)_{n-1}
            -(CH_2)_n(CR^7=CR^8)(CH_2)_m-
            -(CH_2)_n(C\equiv C)(CH_2)_m-
 5
            -(CH_2) + Q(CH_2)_{m}
            -(CH_2)_nO(CH_2)_{m^-}
            -(CH_2)_{n}N(R^6)(CH_2)_{m}-
            -(CH_2)_nC(=0)(CH_2)_m-
            -(CH_2)_n(C=0)N(R^6)(CH_2)_{m}-
10
            -(CH_2)_nN(R^6)(C=0)(CH_2)_{m-}, or
            -(CH_2)_nS(O)_p(CH_2)_{m-};
            wherein one of the methylene groups is optionally
            substituted with R^7:
15
     Q is selected from 1,2-cycloalkylene, 1,2-phenylene,
            1,3-phenylene, 1,4-phenylene, 2,3-pyridinylene,
            3,4-pyridinylene, 2,4-pyridinylene, or 3,4-
            pyridazinylene;
20
     R^6 is selected from: H, C_1-C_4 alkyl, or benzyl;
     R^7 and R^8 are independently selected from: H, C_1-C_6
            alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl,
            aryl, aryl(C_1-C_6 alkyl)-, or heteroaryl(C_0-C_6
25
            alkyl)-;
     R^9 is selected from: H, CO_2R^{17}, C(=0)R^{17}, CONR^{17}R^{20},
            -SO_2R^{17}, -SO_2NR^{17}R^{20}, C_1-C_6 alkyl substituted with 0-
            1 R^{15} or 0-1 R^{21}, C_3-C_6 alkenyl substituted with 0-1
            R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl substituted with 0-
30
            1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl substituted
            with 0-1 R^{15} or 0-1 R^{21}, aryl substituted with 0-1
            R^{15} or 0-2 R^{11} or 0-1 R^{21}, or ary1(C_1-C_6 alky1)-
            substituted with 0-1 R^{15} or 0-2 R^{11} or 0-1 R^{21};
```

35

 $R^{11}$  is selected from H, halogen,  $CF_3$ , CN,  $NO_2$ , hydroxy,  $NR^2R^3$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , aryl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl) - substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , ( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy) carbonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , ( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl) carbonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkylsulfonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , or  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkylaminosulfonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ ;

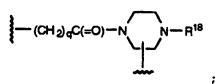
10 W is selected from:  $-(C(R^{12})_2)_{q}C(=0)N(R^{13})-, \text{ or } \\ -C(=0)-N(R^{13})-(C(R^{12})_2)_{q}-;$ 

5

15

X is  $-C(R^{12})(R^{14})-C(R^{12})(R^{15})$ ; or

alternatively, W and X can be taken together to be



- 20 R<sup>12</sup> is selected from: H, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)carbonyl, aryl, or aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;
- 25  $R^{13}$  is selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkylmethyl, or aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-
  - R14 is selected from:

H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthio(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>

alkylthioalkyl)-, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl)-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>

alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> hydroxyalkyl,

C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl,

C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-,

heteroaryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-, aryl, heteroaryl,  $CO_2R^{17}$ ,  $C(=0)R^{17}$ , or  $CONR^{17}R^{20}$ , provided that any of the above alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl groups may be unsubstituted or substituted independently with 0-1  $R^{16}$  or 0-2  $R^{11}$ ;

R<sup>15</sup> is selected from:

5

H, R<sup>16</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl,

C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkylaminoalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> dialkylaminoalkyl,

(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl)carbonyl, aryl(C<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)carbonyl,

C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl,

C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-,

heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, aryl, heteroaryl, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>,

C(=0)R<sup>17</sup>, CONR<sup>17</sup>R<sup>20</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>, or SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>17</sup>R<sup>20</sup>, provided

that any of the above alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl or

heteroaryl groups may be unsubstituted or

substituted independently with 0-2 R<sup>11</sup>;

Y is selected from:

R<sup>16</sup> is selected from:

25

$$-N(R^{20})-C(=0)-R^{17}$$
,

30 
$$-N(R^{20})-C(=0)-NH-R^{17}$$
,  $-N(R^{20})SO_2-R^{17}$ , or

-N(R20) SO2-NR20R17;

```
{\bf R}^{17} is selected from:
                     C_1-C_{10} alkyl, C_3-C_{11} cycloalkyl, aryl(C_1-C_6 alkyl)-,
                      (C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl}) aryl, heteroaryl(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-, (C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-
                     alkyl)heteroaryl, biaryl(C_1-C_6 alkyl)-, heteroaryl,
      5
                     or aryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are
                     optionally substituted with 0-3 substituents
                     selected from the group consisting of: C_1-C_4 alkyl,
                    C_1-C_4 alkoxy, aryl, heteroaryl, halo, cyano, amino,
                    CF<sub>3</sub>, and NO<sub>2</sub>;
   10
           {\sf R}^{18} is selected from:
                    H.
                    -C(=0)-O-R^{17},
                   -C(=0)-R^{17}
  15
                   -C(=0)-NH-R17
                   -SO_2-R^{17}, or
                   -SO2-NR20R17;
         R19
                  is selected from hydroxy, C_1-C_{10} alkyloxy,
 20
                  C_3-C_{11} cycloalkyloxy, aryloxy, aryl(C_1-C_6 alkoxy)-,
                  C_3-C_{10} alkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy, C_3-C_{10}
                  alkoxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
                 C_2-C_{10} alkoxycarbonylalkyloxy,
                 C_5-C_{10} cycloalkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
25
                 C_5-C_{10} cycloalkoxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
                 C_5-C_{10} cycloalkoxycarbonylalkyloxy,
                 C_7-C_{11} aryloxycarbonylalkyloxy,
                C_8-C_{12} aryloxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
                C_8-C_{12} arylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
30
                C_5-C_{10} alkoxyalkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy.
                C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> (5-alkyl-1,3-dioxa-cyclopenten-2-one-
                yl) methyloxy, C_{10}-C_{14} (5-aryl-1,3-dioxa-cyclopenten-
                2-one-yl)methyloxy, or (R^{11})(R^{12})N-(C_1-C_{10} \text{ alkoxy})-;
```

 $R^{20}$  is selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl,  $C_4$ - $C_{11}$  cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-, or heteroaryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-;

5  $\mathbb{R}^{21}$  is selected from COOH or  $\mathbb{NR}^{6}_{2}$ ;

m is 0-4;

n is 0-4;

p is 0-2;

10 q is 0-2; and

r is 0-2;

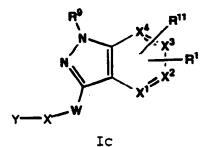
with the following provisos:

(1) t, n, m and q are chosen such that the number of atoms connecting R<sup>1</sup> and Y is in the range of 10-14; and

(2) n and m are chosen such that the value of n plus m is greater than one unless U is  $-(CH_0) {}_tQ(CH_2)_{m}$ .

20

[13] Preferred compounds of the invention as described above are compounds of the Formula Ic:



25

including stereoisomeric forms thereof, or mixtures of stereoisomeric forms thereof, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug forms thereof wherein:

30

 $X^1$ ,  $X^2$ ,  $X^3$ , and  $X^4$  are independently selected from nitrogen or carbon provided that at least two of  $X^1$ ,  $X^2$ ,  $X^3$  and  $X^4$  are carbon;

5 R1 is selected from:

A and B are independently -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -O-, -N( $\mathbb{R}^2$ )-, or -C(=O)-;

10

 $A^1$  and  $B^1$  are independently -CH<sub>2</sub>- or -N(R<sup>3</sup>)-;

D is  $-N(R^2)$ -, -O-, -S-, -C(=0)- or -SO<sub>2</sub>-;

- 15 E-F is  $-C(R^4)=C(R^5)-$ ,  $-N=C(R^4)-$ ,  $-C(R^4)=N-$ , or  $-C(R^4)_2C(R^5)_2-$ ;
- J, K, L and M are independently selected from:  $-C(R^4)$ -,  $-C(R^5)$  or -N-, provided that at least one of J, K, L and M is not -N-;
- R<sup>2</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  alkyl)carbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  alkylaminocarbonyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl,
  C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  alkyl)carbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  alkyl)-, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)carbonyl, arylcarbonyl,
  alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>

alkyl)sulfonyl, heteroarylsulfonyl, heteroaryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)sulfonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy)carbonyl, wherein said aryl groups are substituted with 0-2 substituents selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy, halo,  $CF_3$ , and nitro;

 $R^3$  is selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl,  $C_4$ - $C_{11}$  cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-, or heteroaryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-;

 $R^4$  and  $R^5$  are independently selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy,  $NR^2R^3$ , halogen,  $NO_2$ , CN,  $CF_3$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl,  $C_4$ - $C_{11}$  cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-,  $C_2$ - $C_7$  alkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl or

alternatively, when substituents on adjacent atoms, R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> can be taken together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached to form a 5-7 membered carbocyclic or 5-7 membered heterocyclic aromatic or non-aromatic ring system, said carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring being optionally substituted with 0-2 groups selected from: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, halo, cyano, amino, CF<sub>3</sub>, or NO<sub>2</sub>;

## U is selected from:

5

15

- $-(CH_2)_n-$
- $-(CH_2)_n(CR^7=CR^8)(CH_2)_m$ 
  - -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>E</sub>Q(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-,
  - -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-,
  - $-(CH_2)_nN(R^6)(CH_2)_{m^-}$
  - $-(CH_2)_nC(=0)(CH_2)_m-$ , or
- 35  $-(CH_2)_nS(O)_p(CH_2)_{m-};$

wherein one of the methylene groups is optionally substituted with  $R^7$ :

- Q is selected from 1,2-phenylene, 1,3-phenylene, 2,3pyridinylene, 3,4-pyridinylene, or 2,4pyridinylene;
  - $R^6$  is selected from: H,  $C_1-C_4$  alkyl, or benzyl;
- 10 R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are independently selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, or heteroaryl(C<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;
- 15 R<sup>9</sup> is selected from: H,  $CO_2R^{17}$ ,  $C(=0)R^{17}$ ,  $CONR^{17}R^{20}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{17}$ ,  $-SO_2NR^{17}R^{20}$ ,  $C_1-C_6$  alkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>,  $C_3-C_6$  alkenyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>,  $C_3-C_7$  cycloalkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>,  $C_4-C_{11}$  cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-2 R<sup>11</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-2 R<sup>11</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, or aryl  $(C_1-C_6$  alkyl)-substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-2 R<sup>11</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>;
- NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylaminosulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>;
  - W is  $-C(=0)-N(R^{13})-(C(R^{12})_2)_{q}$ ;
- 35 X is  $-C(R^{12})(R^{14})-C(R^{12})(R^{15})-$ ;

alternatively, W and X can be taken together to be

5  $R^{12}$  is H or  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl;

 $R^{13}$  is selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkylmethyl, or aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-;

10 R<sup>14</sup> is selected from:

H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthioalkyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>

alkylthioalkyl)-, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl)-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>

alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> hydroxyalkyl,

 $C_2-C_{10}$  alkenyl,  $C_2-C_{10}$  alkynyl,  $C_3-C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,

15  $C_3-C_{10}$  cycloalkylalkyl, aryl( $C_1-C_6$  alkyl)-, heteroaryl( $C_1-C_6$  alkyl)-, aryl, heteroaryl,  $C_2R^{17}$ ,  $C(=0)R^{17}$ , or  $CONR^{17}R^{20}$ , provided that any of the above alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl groups may be unsubstituted or substituted independently

20 with  $0-1 R^{16}$  or  $0-2 R^{11}$ ;

R<sup>15</sup> is selected from:

H, R<sup>16</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl,

 $C_1-C_{10}$  alkylaminoalkyl,  $C_1-C_{10}$  dialkylaminoalkyl,

25  $C_1-C_{10}$  alkylcarbonyl, aryl( $C_0-C_6$  alkyl)carbonyl,  $C_2-C_{10}$  alkenyl,  $C_2-C_{10}$  alkynyl,  $C_3-C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,

 $C_3-C_{10}$  cycloalkylalkyl, aryl( $C_1-C_6$  alkyl)-,

heteroaryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-, aryl, heteroaryl,  $CO_2R^{17}$ ,

 $C(=0)R^{17}$ ,  $CONR^{17}R^{20}$ ,  $SO_2R^{17}$ , or  $SO_2NR^{17}R^{20}$ , provided

that any of the above alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl groups may be unsubstituted or

substituted independently with 0-2 R<sup>11</sup>;

Y is selected from: -COR<sup>19</sup>, -SO<sub>3</sub>H,

5

R16 is selected from:

 $-N(R^{20})-C(=0)-O-R^{17}$ ,

 $-N(R^{20})-C(=0)-R^{17}$ ,

 $-N(R^{20})-C(=0)-NH-R^{17}$ ,

10  $-N(R^{20})SO_2-R^{17}$ , or

 $-N(R^{20})SO_2-NR^{20}R^{17};$ 

R<sup>17</sup> is selected from:

C1-C10 alkyl, C3-C11 cycloalkyl, aryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-,

(C1-C6 alkyl)aryl, heteroaryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-, (C1-C6 alkyl)heteroaryl, biaryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-, heteroaryl, or aryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with 0-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of: C1-C4 alkyl,

C1-C4 alkoxy, aryl, heteroaryl, halo, cyano, amino,

CF3, and NO2;

R<sup>18</sup> is selected from:

Н,

25  $-C(=0)-0-R^{17}$ ,

 $-C(=0)-R^{17}$ 

 $-C(=0)-NH-R^{17}$ 

 $-SO_2-R^{17}$ , or

 $-SO_2-NR^{20}R^{17}$ ;

30

R<sup>19</sup> is selected from: hydroxy,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyloxy,  $C_3$ - $C_{11}$  cycloalkyloxy,  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$  aryloxy,  $C_7$ - $C_{11}$  aralkyloxy,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  alkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,

 $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  alkoxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,

C2-C10 alkoxycarbonylalkyloxy,

C5-C10 cycloalkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy.

C5-C10 cycloalkoxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,

5 C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkoxycarbonylalkyloxy,

C7-C11 aryloxycarbonylalkyloxy,

 $C_8-C_{12}$  aryloxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,

C8-C12 arylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy.

 $C_5-C_{10}$  alkoxyalkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,

10  $C_5-C_{10}$  (5-alkyl-1,3-dioxa-cyclopenten-2-one-yl)methyloxy,  $C_{10}-C_{14}$  (5-aryl-1,3-dioxa-cyclopenten-2-one-yl)methyloxy, or  $(R^{11})(R^{12})N-(C_1-C_{10})$  alkoxy)-;

R<sup>20</sup> selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>
C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, or

heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;

 $R^{21}$  is selected from COOH or  $NR^{6}_{2}$ ;

20 m is 0-4; n is 0-4; t is 0-4; p is 0-2; q is 0-2; and 25 r is 0-2.

[14] Further preferred compounds of the invention as described above are compounds of the Formula IIe or IIf:

including stereoisomeric forms thereof, or mixtures of stereoisomeric forms thereof, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug forms thereof, wherein:

5

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from:

10

wherein the above heterocycles are optionally substituted with 0-2 substituents selected from the group consisting of: NH<sub>2</sub>, halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, and C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl;

U is  $-(CH_2)_n$ -,  $-(CH_2)_tQ(CH_2)_m$ - or  $-C(=0)(CH_2)_{n-1}$ -, wherein one of the methylene groups is optionally substituted with  $R^7$ ;

Q is selected from 1,2-phenylene, 1,3-phenylene, 2,3-pyridinylene, 3,4-pyridinylene, or 2,4-pyridinylene;

- 5  $R^6$  is selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl, or benzyl;
  - R7 is selected from:  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl,  $C_4$ - $C_{11}$  cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl), heteroaryl, or heteroaryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl);
- R9 is selected from: H,  $-SO_2R^{17}$ ,  $-SO_2NR^{17}R^{20}$ ,  $C_1-C_6$  alkyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_3-C_7$  cycloalkyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_4-C_{11}$  cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ , aryl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-2  $R^{11}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ , or aryl( $C_1-C_6$  alkyl)- substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-2  $R^{11}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ ;
- NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy) carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl) carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylaminosulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>;

W is  $-C(=0)-N(R^{13})-;$ 

30 X is  $-CH(R^{14})-CH(R^{15})-$ ;

 $R^{13}$  is H or  $CH_3$ :

R<sup>14</sup> is selected from:

H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, aryl, or heteroaryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are optionally

substituted with 0-3 substituents selected from the

group consisting of:  $C_1-C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1-C_4$  alkoxy,

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aryl, halo, cyano, amino, CF3, and NO2;
     215 is H or R16;
        Y is -COR^{19}:
        R<sup>16</sup> is selected from:
                   -NH(R^{20})-C(=0)-O-R^{17}.
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                   -N(R^{20})-C(=0)-R^{17}
                   -N(R^{20})-C(=0)-NH-R^{17}.
                   -N(R^{20})SO_2-R^{17}, or
                   -N(R^{20})SO_2-N(R^{20})R^{17};
15
        R<sup>17</sup> is selected from:
                  C_1-C_{10} alkyl, C_3-C_{11} cycloalkyl, aryl(C_1-C_6 alkyl)-,
                   (C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl}) aryl, heteroaryl(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-, (C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-
                   alkyl) heteroaryl, biaryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-, heteroaryl,
20
                  or aryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are
                  optionally substituted with 0-3 substituents
                   selected from the group consisting of: C1-C4 alkyl,
                  C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, aryl, heteroaryl, halo, cyano, amino,
                  CF_3, and NO_2;
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        R19
                   is selected from:
                  hydroxy, C_1-C_{10} alkoxy,
                   methylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                   ethylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
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                   t-butylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                   cyclohexylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                   1-(methylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                   1-(ethylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                   1-(t-butylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                   1-(cyclohexylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
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i-propyloxycarbonyloxymethoxy-,

t-butyloxycarbonyloxymethoxy-,
1-(i-propyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
1-(cyclohexyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
1-(t-butyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
dimethylaminoethoxy-,
diethylaminoethoxy-,
(5-methyl-1.3-dioxacyclopenten-2-on-4-yl)methoxy-,
(5-(t-butyl)-1.3-dioxacyclopenten-2-on-4yl)methoxy-,
(1,3-dioxa-5-phenyl-cyclopenten-2-on-4-yl)methoxy-,
or

1-(2-(2-methoxypropyl)carbonyloxy)ethoxy-;

R<sup>20</sup> is H or CH<sub>3</sub>;

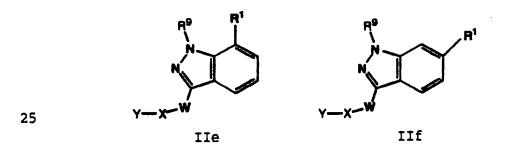
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 $R^{21}$  is selected from COOH or  $NR^{6}_{2}$ ; and

m is 0 or 1;
n is 1-4; and
20 t is 0 or 1.

[15] Still further preferred compounds of the above described are compounds of the Formula IIe or IIf:



including stereoisomeric forms thereof, or mixtures of stereoisomeric forms thereof, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug forms thereof, wherein:

R1 is selected from:

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- wherein the above heterocycles are optionally substituted with 0-2 substituents selected from the group consisting of: NH<sub>2</sub>, halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, and C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl:
- 10 U is  $-(CH_2)_{n^+}$ ,  $-(CH_2)_tQ(CH_3)_{m^+}$  or  $-C(=0)(CH_2)_{n-1}$ , wherein one of the methylene groups is optionally substituted with  $\mathbb{R}^7$ ;
- Q is selected from 1,2-phenylene, 1,3-phenylene, 2,3pyridinylene, 3,4-pyridinylene, or 2,4pyridinylene;
  - R<sup>6</sup> selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or benzyl;
- 20 R7 is selected from C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl), heteroaryl, or heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl);

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R<sup>9</sup> is selected from: H, -SO_2R^{17}, -SO_2NR^{17}R^{20}, C_1-C_6 alkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C_3-C_7 cycloalkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C_4-C_{11} cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-2 R<sup>11</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, or aryl(C_1-C_6 alkyl) - substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-2 R<sup>11</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>;
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R<sup>11</sup> is selected from H, halogen, CF<sub>3</sub>, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, hydroxy, NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) - substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylaminosulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>; W is -C(=0)-N(R<sup>13</sup>)-;

W is  $-C(=0)-N(R^{13})-$ ;

 $X \text{ is } -CH(R^{14})-CH(R^{15})-;$ 

R13 is H or CH3:

25 R<sup>14</sup> is selected from:
H. C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, aryl, or heteroaryl, wherein said
aryl or heteroaryl groups are optionally
substituted with 0-3 substituents selected from the
group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy,
aryl, halo, cyano, amino, CF<sub>3</sub>, and NO<sub>2</sub>;

 $R^{15}$  is H or  $R^{16}$ ;

Y is  $-COR^{19}$ ;

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R16 is selected from:

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-NH(R^{20})-C(=0)-O-R^{17}
                 -N(R^{20})-C(=0)-R^{17}
                 -N(R^{20})-C(=0)-NH-R^{17}.
                 -N(R^{20})SO_2-R^{17}, or
                 -N(R^{20})SO_2-NR^{20}R^{17};
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        R<sup>17</sup> is selected from:
                 C_1-C_{10} alkyl, C_3-C_{11} cycloalkyl, aryl(C_1-C_6 alkyl)-,
                 (C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl}) aryl, heteroaryl(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-, (C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-
                 alkyl)heteroaryl, biaryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-, heteroaryl,
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                 or aryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are
                 optionally substituted with 0-3 substituents
                 selected from the group consisting of: C_1-C_4 alkyl,
                 C1-C4 alkoxy, aryl, heteroaryl, halo, cyano, amino,
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                CF<sub>3</sub>, and NO<sub>2</sub>;
        R<sup>19</sup> is selected from:
                 hydroxy, C_1-C_{10} alkoxy,
                 methylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
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                 ethylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                 t-butylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                cyclohexylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                 1-(methylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                 1-(ethylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
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                1-(t-butylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                1-(cyclohexylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                i-propyloxycarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                 t-butyloxycarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                1-(i-propyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
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                1-(cyclohexyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                1-(t-butyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                dimethylaminoethoxy-,
                diethylaminoethoxy-,
                 (5-methyl-1,3-dioxacyclopenten-2-on-4-yl)methoxy-,
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                 (5-(t-butyl)-1,3-dioxacyclopenten-2-on-4-
                         yl) methoxy-,
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5  $R^{20}$  is H or  $CH_3$ ;

 $R^{21}$  is selected from COOH or  $NR^{6}_{2}$ ; and

m is 0 or 1; 10 n is 1-4; and t is 0 or 1.

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In the present invention it has been discovered that the compounds of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic above are useful as inhibitors of cell-matrix and cell-cell adhesion processes. The present invention includes novel compounds of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic and methods for using such compounds for the prevention or treatment of diseases resulting from abnormal cell adhesion to the extracellular matrix which comprises administering to a host in need of such treatment a therapeutically effective amount of such compound of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic.

In the present invention it has also been discovered that the compounds of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic above are useful as inhibitors of  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$ . The compounds of the present invention inhibit the binding of vitronectin to  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$  and inhibit cell adhesion.

The present invention also provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising a compound of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

The compounds of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic of the present invention are useful for the treatment (including prevention) of angiogenic disorders,

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comprising administering to a mammal in need of such treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic described above. The term "angiogenic disorders" as used herein includes conditions involving abnormal neovascularization, such as tumor metastasis and ocular neovascularization, including, for example, diabetic retinopathy, neovascular glaucoma, age-related macular degeneration, and retinal vein occlusion.

The compounds of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic of the 10 present invention are also useful for the treatment (including prevention) of thromboembolic disorders, comprising administering to a mammal in need of such treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic described above. The 15 term "thromboembolic disorders" as used herein includes conditions involving platelet activation and aggregation, such as arterial or venous cardiovascular or cerebrovascular thromboembolic disorders, including, for example, thrombosis, unstable angina, first or 20 recurrent myocardial infarction, ischemic sudden death, transient ischemic attack, stroke, atherosclerosis, venous thrombosis, deep vein thrombosis, thrombophlebitis, arterial embolism, coronary and cerebral arterial thrombosis, myocardial infarction, 25 cerebral embolisms, kidney embolisms, pulmonary embolisms, or such disorders associated with diabetes.

The compounds of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic of the present invention may also be useful for the treatment or prevention of other diseases which involve cell adhesion processes, including, but not limited to, inflammation, bone degradation, restenosis, rheumatoid arthritis, asthma, allergies, adult respiratory distress syndrome, graft versus host disease, organ 35 transplantation rejection, septic shock, psoriasis, eczema, contact dermatitis, osteoporosis,

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osteoarthritis, atherosclerosis, inflammatory bowel disease and other autoimmune diseases. The compounds of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic of the present invention may also be useful for wound healing.

The compounds of the present invention may be used for other *ex vivo* applications to prevent cellular adhesion in biological samples.

The compounds of the present invention can also be administered in combination with one or more additional therapeutic agents selected from: anti-coagulant or coagulation inhibitory agents, such as heparin or warfarin; anti-platelet or platelet inhibitory agents, such as aspirin, piroxicam, or ticlopidine; thrombin inhibitors such as boropeptides, hirudin or argatroban; or thrombolytic or fibrinolytic agents, such as plasminogen activators, anistreplase, urokinase, or streptokinase.

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The compounds of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic of the present invention can be administered in combination with one or more of the foregoing additional therapeutic agents, thereby to reduce the doses of each drug required to achieve the desired therapeutic effect.

Thus, the combination treatment of the present invention permits the use of lower doses of each component, with reduced adverse, toxic effects of each component. A lower dosage minimizes the potential of side effects of the compounds, thereby providing an increased margin of safety relative to the margin of safety for each component when used as a single agent. Such combination therapies may be employed to achieve synergistic or additive therapeutic effects for the treatment of thromboembolic or other disorders.

By "therapeutically effective amount" is meant an amount of a compound of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic that when administered alone or in combination with an additional

therapeutic agent to a cell or mammal is effective to prevent or ameliorate the disease condition or the progression of the disease.

By "administered in combination" or "combination therapy" it is meant that the compound of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic and one or more additional therapeutic agents are administered concurrently to the mammal being treated. When administered in combination each component may be administered at the same time or sequentially in any order at different points in time. Thus, each component may be administered separately but sufficiently closely in time so as to provide the desired therapeutic effect.

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The term anti-coagulant agents (or coagulation inhibitory agents), as used herein, denotes agents that inhibit blood coagulation. Such agents include warfarin sodium crystalline clathrate and heparin.

The term anti-platelet agents (or platelet inhibitory agents), as used herein, denotes agents that inhibit platelet function such as by inhibiting the aggregation, adhesion or granular secretion of platelets. Such agents include the various known non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDS) such as aspirin, ibuprofen, naproxen, sulindac, indomethacin, mefenamate, droxicam, diclofenac, sulfinpyrazone, and piroxicam, including pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrugs thereof. Other suitable anti-platelet agents include ticlopidine, including pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrugs thereof. Ticlopidine is also a preferred compound since it is known to be gentle on the gastro-intestinal tract in use. Still other suitable platelet inhibitory agents include thromboxane-A2-receptor antagonists and thromboxane-A2-synthetase inhibitors, as well as pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrugs thereof.

The phrase thrombin inhibitors (or anti-thrombin agents), as used herein, denotes inhibitors of the

serine protease thrombin. By inhibiting thrombin, various thrombin-mediated processes, such as thrombin-mediated platelet activation (that is, for example, the aggregation of platelets, and/or the granular secretion of plasminogen activator inhibitor-1 and/or serotonin) and/or fibrin formation are disrupted. Such inhibitors include boroarginine derivatives and boropeptides, hirudin and argatroban, including pharmaceutically acceptable salts and prodrugs thereof. Boroarginine derivatives and boropeptides include 10 N-acetyl and peptide derivatives of boronic acid, such as C-terminal α-aminoboronic acid derivatives of lysine, ornithine, arginine, homoarginine and corresponding isothiouronium analogs thereof. The term hirudin, as used herein, includes suitable derivatives or analogs of 15 hirudin, referred to herein as hirulogs, such as disulfatohirudin. Boropeptide thrombin inhibitors include compounds described in Kettner et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,187,157 and European Patent Application Publication Number 293 881 A2, the disclosures of which 20 are hereby incorporated herein by reference. Other suitable boroarginine derivatives and boropeptide thrombin inhibitors include those disclosed in PCT Application Publication Number 92/07869 and European Patent Application Publication Number 471 651 A2, the 25 disclosures of which are hereby incorporated herein by reference, in their entirety.

The phrase thrombolytics (or fibrinolytic) agents (or thrombolytics or fibrinolytics), as used herein, denotes agents that lyse blood clots (thrombi). Such agents include tissue plasminogen activator, anistreplase, urokinase, retivase or streptokinase, including pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrugs thereof. Tissue plasminogen activator (tPA) is commercially available from Genentech Inc., South San Francisco, California. The term anistreplase, as used

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herein, refers to anisoylated plasminogen streptokinase activator complex, as described, for example, in European Patent Application No. 028,489, the disclosures of which are hereby incorporated herein by reference herein, in their entirety. The term urokinase, as used herein, is intended to denote both dual and single chain urokinase, the latter also being referred to herein as prourokinase.

The compounds of the present invention are also useful as standard or reference compounds, for example as a quality standard or control, in tests or assays involving the binding of vitronectin or fibrinogen to  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$ . Such compounds may be provided in a commercial kit, for example, for use in pharmaceutical research involving  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$ . The compounds of the present invention may also be used in diagnostic assays involving  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$ .

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The compounds herein described may have asymmetric centers. Unless otherwise indicated, all chiral, diastereomeric and racemic forms are included in the 20 present invention. Many geometric isomers of olefins, C=N double bonds, and the like can also be present in the compounds described herein, and all such stable isomers are contemplated in the present invention. will be appreciated that compounds of the present invention that contain asymmetrically substituted carbon atoms may be isolated in optically active or racemic forms. It is well known in the art how to prepare optically active forms, such as by resolution of racemic forms or by synthesis, from optically active starting 30 materials. All chiral, diastereomeric, racemic forms and all geometric isomeric forms of a structure are intended, unless the specific stereochemistry or isomer form is specifically indicated.

than one time in any constituent or in any formula, its definition on each occurrence is independent of its definition at every other occurrence. Thus, for example, if a group is shown to be substituted with 0-3  $R^4$ , then said group may optionally be substituted with up to three  $R^4$  and  $R^4$  at each occurrence is selected independently from the defined list of possible  $R^4$ . Also, by way of example, for the group  $-N(R^{5a})_2$ , each of the two  $R^{5a}$  substituents on N is independently selected from the defined list of possible  $R^{5a}$ . Similarly, by way of example, for the group  $-C(R^7)_2$ , each of the two  $R^7$  substituents on C is independently selected from the defined list of possible  $R^7$ .

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When a bond to a substituent is shown to cross the bond connecting two atoms in a ring, then such substituent may be bonded to any atom on the ring. When a bond joining a substituent to another group is not specifically shown or the atom in such other group to which the bond joins is not specifically shown, then such substituent may form a bond with any atom on such other group.

When a substituent is listed without indicating the atom via which such substituent is bonded to the rest of the compound of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic, then such substituent may be bonded via any atom in such substituent. For example, when the substituent is piperazinyl, piperidinyl, or tetrazolyl, unless specified otherwise, said piperazinyl, piperidinyl, tetrazolyl group may be bonded to the rest of the compound of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic via any atom in such piperazinyl, piperidinyl, tetrazolyl group.

Combinations of substituents and/or variables are permissible only if such combinations result in stable compounds. By stable compound or stable structure it is meant herein a compound that is sufficiently robust to survive isolation to a useful degree of purity from a

reaction mixture, and formulation into an efficacious therapeutic agent.

The term "substituted", as used herein, means that any one or more hydrogen on the designated atom is replaced with a selection from the indicated group, provided that the designated atom's normal valency is not exceeded, and that the substitution results in a stable compound. When a substitution is keto (i.e., =0), then 2 hydrogens on the atom are replaced

then 2 hydrogens on the atom are replaced. 10 As used herein, "alkyl" is intended to include both branched and straight-chain saturated aliphatic hydrocarbon groups having the specified number of carbon atoms (for example,  ${}^{*}C_{0}-C_{10}{}^{*}$  denotes alkyl having 0 to 10 carbon atoms;  $C_0$  denotes a direct bond between the groups linked by the  $C_0$  group; also by way of example, 15 "C1 to C4" denotes methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, 2-methylpropyl, 1-methylpropyl, 1,1-dimethyl ethyl); "haloalkyl" is intended to include both branched and straight-chain saturated aliphatic 20 hydrocarbon groups having the specified number of carbon atoms, substituted with 1 or more halogen (for example  $-C_vF_w$  where v = 1 to 3 and w = 1 to (2v+1); "alkoxy" represents an alkyl group of indicated number of carbon atoms attached through an oxygen bridge; "cycloalkyl" is 25 intended to include saturated ring groups, including mono-, bi- or poly-cyclic ring systems, such as cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, cyclooctyl, and adamantyl; and "biycloalkyl" is intended to include saturated bicyclic 30 ring groups such as [3.3.0]bicyclooctane,

[4.3.0]bicyclononane, [4.4.0]bicyclodecane (decalin),
[2.2.2]bicyclooctane, and so forth. "Alkenyl" is
intended to include hydrocarbon chains of either a
straight or branched configuration and one or more
unsaturated carbon-carbon bonds which may occur in any
stable point along the chain, such as ethenyl, propenyl

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and the like; and "alkynyl" is intended to include hydrocarbon chains of either a straight or branched configuration and one or more triple carbon-carbon bonds which may occur in any stable point along the chain, such as ethynyl, propynyl and the like.

The terms "alkylene", "alkenylene", "phenylene", and the like, refer to alkyl, alkenyl, and phenyl groups, respectively, which are connected by two bonds to the rest of the structure of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic. Such "alkylene", "alkenylene", "phenylene", and the like, may alternatively and equivalently be denoted herein as "-(alkyl)-", "-(alkyenyl)-" and "-(phenyl)-", and the like.

"Halo" or "halogen" as used herein refers to fluoro, chloro, bromo and iodo; and "counterion" is used to represent a small, negatively charged species such as chloride, bromide, hydroxide, acetate, sulfate and the like.

As used herein, "aryl" or "aromatic residue" is intended to mean phenyl or naphthyl; the term "arylalkyl" represents an aryl group attached through an alkyl bridge.

As used herein, "carbocycle" or "carbocyclic residue" is intended to mean any stable 3- to 7-membered monocyclic or bicyclic or 7- to 14-membered bicyclic or tricyclic or an up to 26-membered polycyclic carbon ring, any of which may be saturated, partially unsaturated, or aromatic. Examples of such carbocyles include, but are not limited to, cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl, biphenyl, naphthyl, indanyl, adamantyl, or tetrahydronaphthyl (tetralin).

As used herein, the term "heterocycle" or "heterocyclic" is intended to mean a stable 5- to 7-membered monocyclic or bicyclic or 7- to 10-membered bicyclic heterocyclic ring which may be saturated, partially unsaturated, or aromatic, and which consists

of carbon atoms and from 1 to 4 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of N, O and S and wherein the nitrogen and sulfur heteroatoms may optionally be oxidized, and the nitrogen may

- optionally be quaternized, and including any bicyclic group in which any of the above-defined heterocyclic rings is fused to a benzene ring. The heterocyclic ring may be attached to its pendant group at any heteroatom or carbon atom which results in a stable structure. The
- heterocyclic rings described herein may be substituted on carbon or on a nitrogen atom if the resulting compound is stable. Examples of such heterocycles include, but are not limited to, pyridyl (pyridinyl), pyrimidinyl, furanyl (furyl), thiazolyl, thienyl,
- pyrroly1, pyrazoly1, imidazoly1, tetrazoly1,
  benzofurany1, benzothiopheny1, indoly1, indoleny1,
  isoxazoliny1, isoxazoly1, quinoliny1, isoquinoliny1,
  benzimidazoly1, piperidiny1, 4-piperidony1,
  pyrrolidiny1, 2-pyrrolidony1, pyrroliny1,
- tetrahydrofuranyl, tetrahydroquinolinyl, tetrahydroisoquinolinyl, decahydroquinolinyl or octahydroisoquinolinyl, azocinyl, triazinyl, 6H-1,2,5-thiadiazinyl, 2H,6H-1,5,2-dithiazinyl, thianthrenyl, pyranyl, isobenzofuranyl, chromenyl, xanthenyl,
- phenoxathiinyl, 2H-pyrrolyl, pyrrolyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, isothiazolyl, isoxazolinyl, isoxazolyl, oxazolyl, pyridinyl, pyrazinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyridazinyl, indolizinyl, isoindolyl, 3H-indolyl, indolyl, 1H-indazolyl, purinyl, 4H-quinolizinyl,
- isoquinolinyl, quinolinyl, phthalazinyl, naphthyridinyl, quinoxalinyl, quinazolinyl, cinnolinyl, pteridinyl, 4aH-carbazole, carbazole, ß-carbolinyl, phenanthridinyl, acridinyl, perimidinyl, phenanthrolinyl, phenazinyl, phenazinyl, phenazinyl, phenoxazinyl, phenoxazinyl,
- isochromanyl, chromanyl, pyrrolidinyl, pyrrolinyl, imidazolidinyl, imidazolinyl, pyrazolidinyl,

pyrazolinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, indolinyl, isoindolinyl, quinuclidinyl, morpholinyl or oxazolidinyl. Also included are fused ring and spiro compounds containing, for example, the above heterocycles.

As used herein, the term "heteroaryl" refers to aromatic heterocyclic groups. Such heteroaryl groups are preferably 5-6 membered monocyclic groups or 8-10 membered fused bicyclic groups. Examples of such heteroaryl groups include, but are not limited to pyridyl (pyridinyl), pyrimidinyl, furanyl (furyl), thiazolyl, thienyl, pyrrolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, isoxazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrazinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyridazinyl, benzofuranyl, benzothienyl, benzimidazolyl, quinolinyl, or isoquinolinyl.

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As used herein, "pharmaceutically acceptable salts" refer to derivatives of the disclosed compounds wherein the parent compound of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic is modified by making acid or base salts of the compound of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic. Examples of pharmaceutically acceptable salts include, but are not limited to, mineral or organic acid salts of basic residues such as amines; alkali or organic salts of acidic residues such as carboxylic acids; and the like.

\*Prodrugs\* are considered to be any covalently bonded carriers which release the active parent drug according to Formula Ia, Ib or Ic in vivo when such prodrug is administered to a mammalian subject. Prodrugs of the compounds of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic are prepared by modifying functional groups present in the compounds in such a way that the modifications are cleaved, either in routine manipulation or in vivo, to the parent compounds. Prodrugs include compounds of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic wherein hydroxyl, amino, sulfhydryl, or carboxyl groups are bonded to any group that, when administered to a mammalian subject, cleaves

to form a free hydroxyl, amino, sulfhydryl, or carboxyl group respectively. Examples of prodrugs include, but are not limited to, acetate, formate and benzoate derivatives of alcohol and amine functional groups in the compounds of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic, and the like. Examples of representative carboxyl and amino prodrugs are included under the definition of R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, and Y.

The pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the compounds of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic include the conventional non-toxic salts or the quaternary ammonium 10 salts of the compounds of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic formed, for example, from non-toxic inorganic or organic acids. For example, such conventional non-toxic salts include those derived from inorganic acids such as hydrochloric, hydrobromic, sulfuric, sulfamic, phosphoric, nitric and 15 the like; and the salts prepared from organic acids such as acetic, propionic, succinic, glycolic, stearic, lactic, malic, tartaric, citric, ascorbic, pamoic, maleic, hydroxymaleic, phenylacetic, glutamic, benzoic, salicylic, sulfamilic, 2-acetoxybenzoic, fumaric, 20 toluenesulfonic, methanesulfonic, ethanesulfonic, ethanedisulfonic, oxalic, isethionic, and the like.

The pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the present invention can be synthesized from the compounds of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic which contain a basic or acidic moiety by conventional chemical methods. Generally, the salts are prepared by reacting the free base or acid with stoichiometric amounts or with an excess of the desired salt-forming inorganic or organic acid or base in a suitable solvent or various combinations of solvents.

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The pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the acids of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic may be prepared by reacting the acid with an appropriate amount of a base, such as an alkali or alkaline earth metal hydroxide e.g. sodium, potassium, lithium, calcium, or magnesium, or an organic

base such as an amine, e.g., dibenzylethylenediamine, trimethylamine, piperidine, pyrrolidine, benzylamine and the like, or a quaternary ammonium hydroxide such as tetramethylammonium hydroxide and the like.

As discussed above, pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the compounds of the invention can be prepared by reacting the free acid or base forms of these compounds with a stoichiometric amount of the appropriate base or acid, respectively, in water or in an organic solvent, or in a mixture of the two; generally, nonaqueous media like ether, ethyl acetate, methanol, ethanol, isopropanol, or acetonitrile are preferred. Lists of suitable salts are found in Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, 17th ed., Mack Publishing Company, Easton, PA, 1985, p. 1418, the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference.

The disclosures of all of the references cited herein are hereby incorporated herein by reference in their entirety.

## <u>Synthesis</u>

25 The compounds of the present invention can be prepared in a number of ways well known to one skilled in the art of organic synthesis. The compounds of the present invention can be synthesized using the methods described below, together with synthetic methods known in the art of synthetic organic chemistry, or variations thereon as appreciated by those skilled in the art. Preferred methods include, but are not limited to, those described below. All references cited herein are hereby incorporated in their entirety herein by reference.

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Compounds of Formula Ia. Ib or Ic wherein  $X^1$ ,  $X^2$ ,  $X^3$  and  $X^4$  are all carbon and W is C(=0)NH can be prepared from appropriately substituted 4-, 5-, 6-, or 7- alkoxycarbonyl indazoles, IIIa, wherein R is an alkyl group such as methyl, ethyl or tert-butyl.

IIIa

10 The requisite indazoles can be conveniently prepared from the commercially available nitrotoluic acids according to the example shown in Scheme 1. Conversion of the acid 1a to a suitable ester, such as the ethyl ester 1b, may be carried out by one of many methods well-known to one skilled in the art of organic 15 synthesis, for example treatment with a suitable base, such as sodium bicarbonate, in a suitable solvent, such as N, N-dimethylformamide, followed by treatment with an alkyl halide, such as iodoethane. Reduction of the nitro group of 1b can be effected in a number of ways 20 known to one skilled in the art of organic synthesis, including treatment with tin(II) chloride in ethanol. The resulting aniline derivative can be converted to the desired substituted indazole IIIa according to the method of Bartsch and Yang (J. Heterocycl. Chem. 1984, 25 21(4): 1063-1064). A variation of the conversion of the aniline 1c to the indazole IIIa proceeds through an Nacylated intermediate 1d, followed by cyclization and deacetylation, according to the method reported by Ruchardt and Hassmann (Liebigs Ann. Chem. 1980, 908-9271.

The order of the esterification and reduction steps may be reversed, such that the nitrotoluic acid is first

converted to an aminotoluic acid, which is then esterified. In some cases other intermediates related to those shown in Scheme 1 are commercially available or may be prepared using methods described in the literature of organic chemistry; in these cases transformations similar to those shown in Scheme 1 may be used to prepare the desired compounds IIIa. For example, commercially available methyl 3-amino-4-methylbenzoate may be directly transformed into 6-methoxycarbonylindazole.

## Scheme 1

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Compounds of Formula Ia or Ib wherein one or more of  $X^1$ ,  $X^2$ ,  $X^3$  or  $X^4$  are nitrogen may be prepared from the

corresponding alkoxycarbonylindazoles IIIb in which the appropriate carbon atom or atoms have been replaced by nitrogen. These may in turn be prepared by substitution of the appropriately substituted heterocycle for the nitrotoluic acids, nitrotoluic acid esters, or aminotoluic acid esters in Scheme 1 above. The starting heterocycles could be obtained by following the procedures and methods in references outlined below, along with implementation of standard functional group transformations well known to one skilled in the art.

15 Functionalized pyrazines could be prepared according to procedures outlined in The Chemistry of Heterocyclic Compounds: The Pyrazines, Vol. 41 (Arnold Weissberger and Edward C. Taylor, Eds.), John Wiley and Sons (New York: 1982). Preparation of appropriately functionalized pyridazines could be achieved using the 20 methods described in The Chemistry of Heterocyclic Compounds: Condensed Pyridazines Including Cinnolines and Phthalazines, Vol. 27 (Arnold Weissberger and Edward C. Taylor, Eds.), John Wiley and Sons (New York: 1973) 25 and The Chemistry of Heterocyclic Compounds: Pyridazines, Vol. 28 (Arnold Weissberger and Edward C. Taylor, Eds.), John Wiley and Sons (New York: 1973). For the synthesis of functionalized pyrimidines one could follow procedures in The Chemistry of Heterocyclic 30 Compounds: The Pyrimidines, (Arnold Weissberger, Consulting Ed.) John Wiley and Sons (New York: The Chemistry of Heterocyclic Compounds: Pyrimidines, Supplement I, (Arnold Weissberger and Edward C. Taylor, Consulting Eds.) John Wiley and Sons

(New York: 1970), and The Chemistry of Heterocyclic Compounds: The Pyrimidines, Supplement II, Vol. 16 (Arnold Weissberger and Edward C. Taylor, Consulting Eds.) John Wiley and Sons (New York: 1985).

Functionalized pyridines which can serve as starting materials in Scheme 1 could be made by the methods described in The Chemistry of Heterocyclic Compounds:

Pyridine and Its Derivatives, Part Four, (Arnold Weissberger, Consulting Ed.) John Wiley and Sons (New York: 1964). The Chemistry of Heterocyclic Compounds:

York: 1964), The Chemistry of Heterocyclic Compounds:
Pyridine and Its Derivatives, Supplement Part Two,
(Arnold Weissberger and Edward C. Taylor, Consulting
Eds.) John Wiley and Sons (New York: 1974), The
Chemistry of Heterocyclic Compounds: Pyridine and Its

Derivatives, Supplement Part Three, Vol. 14 (Arnold Weissberger and Edward C. Taylor, Consulting Eds.) John Wiley and Sons (New York: 1974), The Chemistry of Heterocyclic Compounds: Pyridine and Its Derivatives, Supplement Part Four, Vol. 14 (Arnold Weissberger and

20 Edward C. Taylor, Consulting Eds.) John Wiley and Sons (New York: 1975), and The Chemistry of Heterocyclic Compounds: Pyridine and Its Derivatives, Part Five, Vol. 14 (Arnold Weissberger and Edward C. Taylor, Consulting Eds.) John Wiley and Sons (New York: 1984).

One example of the preparation of an appropriately substituted pyridine starting material is the preparation of 2-methyl-3-aminopyridine-5-carboxylic acid half-sulfate salt, as described by Argoudelis and Kummerow (J. Org. Chem. 1961, 26: 3420-3422).

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Compounds of Formula Ia wherein R<sup>10</sup> is not hydrogen may be prepared from appropriately substituted alkoxycarbonylindazoles. Some such substituted alkoxycarbonylindazoles may be prepared using the method outlined in Scheme 1. For example, methyl 4-amino-3-ethylbenzoate may be prepared as described by Witte and

Boekelheide (*J. Org. Chem.* 1972. <u>37</u> (18): 2849-2853). This compound may be converted to the diazonium fluoroborate and cyclized to 3-methyl-5-methoxycarbonylindazole using the method outlined in Scheme 1. This compound may be used as a starting material for preparation of the corresponding compounds of Formula Ia wherein R<sup>10</sup> is methyl.

Other substituted alkoxycarbonylindazoles may be prepared from unsubstituted alkoxycarbonylindazoles 10 using the methods outlined in Scheme 2. For example, an ethoxycarbonylindazole may be brominated by treatment with bromine in a suitable solvent, such as acetic acid, to provide the corresponding 3-bromo-ethoxycarbonylindazole IIIc. This compound may be coupled with a 15 suitable reagent, alternatively followed by additional synthetic manipulations, to provide the desired 3substituted-ethoxycarbonylindazole. For example, coupling with phenylboronic acid in the presence of 20 tetrakis-(triphenylphosphine)palladium and triethylamine in N,N-dimethylformamide, using the method of Miyaura, Suginome and Suzuki (Tetrahedron 1983, 39: 3271) provides the corresponding 3-phenyl-ethoxycarbonylindazole IIId. Similar methods, starting from compounds of Formula IIIb, may be used to prepare the 25 corresponding compounds wherein one or more of the ring carbons (corresponding to those designated  $X^1$ ,  $X^2$ ,  $X^3$  and X4 in Formula Ia) are replaced by nitrogen.

## Scheme 2

5 As another example, also shown in Scheme 2, coupling of IIIc with phenylacetylene in the presence of bis-(triphenylphosphine)palladium(II) chloride, copper(I) chloride, and triethylamine in pyridine according to the method of Melissaris and Litt (J. Org. 10 Chem. 1992, <u>57</u>: 6998-6999) provides the corresponding 3-(2-phenylethynyl)-ethoxycarbonylindazole IIIe, which may be reduced using hydrogen in the presence of palladium on charcoal to provide the corresponding 3-(2-phenylethyl)ethoxycarbonylindazole IIIf. Similar methods, starting from compounds of Formula IIIb, may be used to 15 prepare the corresponding compounds wherein one or more of the ring carbons (corresponding to those designated

 $X^1$ ,  $X^2$ ,  $X^3$  and  $X^4$  in Formula Ia) are replaced by nitrogen.

Compounds IIIc, IIId, IIIe and IIIf may be used in the preparation of compounds of Formula Ia in which R<sup>10</sup> is phenyl, 2-phenylethynyl, or 2-phenylethyl, respectively. Alternatively, further manipulations of the substituent may be accomplished at a later stage in the synthesis of the compound of Formula Ia. For example, the 2-phenylethynyl indazoles IIIe may be used in a synthetic sequence during the course of which the acetylene will be reduced, providing ultimately compounds of Formula Ia in which R<sup>10</sup> is 2-phenylethyl.

Other appropriately substituted alkoxycarbonylindazoles, for use in the preparation of compounds of
Formula Ia wherein R<sup>10</sup> is not hydrogen, may be prepared
using other methods known in the art of organic
synthesis, such as those outlined in The Chemistry of
Heterocyclic Compounds: Pyrazoles, Pyrazolines,
Pyrazolidines, Indazoles and Condensed Rings, Vol. 22
(Arnold Weissberger, Ed.), John Wiley and Sons (New
York: 1967), Chapter 10.

Hereinafter, unless otherwise specified, phrases such as "indazoles III" and "indazoles of Formula III" are meant to include simple indazoles IIIa, mono- or diazaindazoles IIIb, and substituted indazoles such as but not restricted to IIIc, IIId, IIIe and IIIf.

Substituted mono- and diazaindazoles such as but not restricted to mono- and diaza analogs of IIIc, IIId, IIIe and IIIf are also included.

Compounds of Formula Ia may be prepared from 35 indazoles III as outlined in Scheme 3. Alkylation of the indazoles of Formula III with a suitably

functionalized alkyl halide can be effected in a variety of ways known to one skilled in the art. For example, using a method similar to that described by Granger et al. (Chim. Ther. 1970, 5: 24 ), an indazole of Formula III is treated with a suitable base, such as potassium bis(trimethylsilyl) amide, followed by addition of the alkyl halide, for example, 3-bromopropylphthalimide. Alternately, the alkylation can be carried out utilizing Mitsunobu conditions (Mitsunobu, Synthesis, 1981, 1-28) by addition of the corresponding alcohol, 3-10 hydroxypropylphthalimide, to a mixture of diethyl azodicarboxylate and triphenylphosphine in a suitable solvent, usually dry tetrahydrofuran, followed by addition of the indazole III. Separation, if necessary, 15 of the mixture of 1- and 2-substituted isomers by chromatography provides the desired 1-alkylated product Removal of the phthalimide may be achieved by treatment with anhydrous hydrazine to give the primary amine 3b.

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Scheme 3

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As further shown in Scheme 3, 2-imidazolinyl-aminoalkylindazoles may be prepared by treatment of the amine 3b with a suitable reagent such as 2-methylthio-4,5-dihydroimidazolium iodide. Hydrolysis of the ester, using conventional methods known to one skilled in the art of organic synthesis, may be followed by coupling of the resulting acid to an appropriately substituted  $\alpha$ - or  $\beta$ -amino ester such as a compound of Formula IV, to provide an intermediate which, after deprotection, affords compounds of Formula Ia wherein R<sup>1</sup> is 2-imidazolinylaminoalkyl. The coupling may be carried out

using any of the many methods for the formation of amide bonds known to one skilled in the art of organic synthesis. Those methods include, but are not limited to, use of standard coupling procedures such as the azide method, mixed carbonic acid anhydride (isobutyl chloroformate) method, carbodiimide (dicyclohexyl-carbodiimide, diisopropylcarbodiimide, or water-soluble carbodiimides (WSCDI)) method, active ester (p-nitrophenyl ester, N-hydroxysuccinic imido ester) method, or by the use of one of many other known coupling reagent such as BOP-Cl. Some of these methods (especially the carbodiimide method) can be enhanced by the addition of 1-hydroxybenzotriazole to the reaction mixture.

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An alternative method for preparing amines 3b wherein n=3 is outlined in Scheme 4. Alkylation of the indazole III may be achieved by treatment with an optionally substituted acrylonitrile in the presence of a catalytic amount of a base such as sodium ethoxide or sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, in a suitable solvent such as ethanol, to provide the intermediate nitrile 4a. This may be converted to the amine 3b by reduction using any of a number of methods known to one skilled in the art of organic synthesis, such as by treatment with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst such as palladium on charcoal. An acid such as aqueous hydrochloric acid may be added to the reaction mixture to minimize side reactions during the reduction.

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#### Scheme 4

5 Appropriately substituted racemic  $\beta$ -amino acids IV (used in Scheme 3) may be purchased commercially or, as is shown in Scheme 5, Method 1, prepared from the appropriate aldehyde, malonic acid and ammonium acetate according to the procedure of Johnson and Livak (J. Am. Chem. Soc., 1936, 58, 299 ). Racemic  $\beta$ -substituted- $\beta$ -10 amino esters may be prepared through the reaction of dialkylcuprates or alkyllithiums with 4-benzoyloxy-2azetidinone followed by treatment with anhydrous ethanol (Scheme 5, Method 2) or by reductive amination of  $\beta$ -keto 15 esters as is described in WO93/16038 (also see Rico et al., J. Org. Chem., 1993, 58, 7948-51). Enantiomerically pure  $\beta$ -substituted- $\beta$ -amino acids can be obtained through the optical resolution of the racemic mixture or can be prepared using numerous methods, including: Arndt-20 Eistert homologation of the corresponding  $\alpha$ -amino acids as shown in Scheme 5, Method 3 (see Meier and Zeller, Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl., 1975 14, 32; Rodriguez et al., Tetrahedron Lett., 1990, (31), 5153; Greenlee, J.

Med. Chem. 1985, 28, 434 and references cited within); and through an enantioselective hydrogenation of a dehydroamino acid as is shown in Scheme 5, Method 4 (see Asymmetric Synthesis, Vol. 5, (Morrison, ed.) Academic Press, New York: 1985). A comprehensive treatise on the preparation of  $\beta$ -amino acid derivatives may be found in Patent Application WO 93/07867, the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference.

# 10 Scheme 5

#### Method 1

#### Method 2

# Method 3

### Method 4

The synthesis of N<sup>2</sup>-substituted diaminopropionic acid derivatives IV can be carried out via Hoffmann rearrangement of a wide variety of asparagine derivatives as described, for example, by Waki et al. (Synthesis 1981, 266-267) or by Moore et al. (J. Med. Chem. 1976, 19(6), 766-772). An example is shown in Scheme 6, Method 1. They may also be prepared by manipulations, which will be familiar to one skilled in the art of organic synthesis, of the commercially available 3-amino-2-benzyloxycarbonylaminopropionic acid. An example is shown in Scheme 6, Method 2.

#### Scheme 6

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#### Method 1

#### Method 2

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Compounds of Formula Ia above wherein R<sup>1</sup> is 2-pyridinylaminoalkyl may be prepared by the method outlined in Scheme 7. Treatment of the intermediate

aminoalkylindazole 3b from Scheme 3 (or the corresponding salt from Scheme 4) with 2-chloropyridine N-oxide hydrochloride, using a modification of the method described by Misra, et al. (Bioorg. and Med. Chem. Letters, 1994, 4, 2165-2170), and subsequent reduction of the resulting N-oxide derivative 7a provides a 2-pyridinylaminoalkyl intermediate 7b. reduction may be performed using a number of methods known to one skilled in the art of organic synthesis, 10 such as that using ammonium formate in the presence of 10% palladium on charcoal in refluxing ethanol, as described by Balicki (Synthesis, 1989, 645-646), or by reduction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst such as palladium on charcoal or Raney nickel, or by treatment with triphenylphosphine. The resulting 2-15 aminopyridine moiety of 7b may be optionally protected, for example by treatment with di-t-butyldicarbonate in dry tetrahydrofuran in the presence of a suitable base, such as triethylamine or N.N-dimethylaminopyridine, using the method of Iwanowicz (Synth. Commun., 1993, 20 23(10), 1443-1445), to provide intermediate 7c. Ester hydrolysis, coupling and deprotection as outlined in Scheme 3 can then provide the desired compounds of Formula Ia.

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#### Scheme 7

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An alternative route to 1-(heteroarylaminoalkyl) indazoles of Formula Ia is outlined in Scheme 8. A suitable indazole III can be alkylated with an alkyl halide bearing a protected aldehyde, such as a 1,3
10 dioxolane, using conditions described above (see Scheme 3) to provide 8a. Deprotection to the aldehyde 8b, for example by treatment with aqueous acid, may be followed by reductive amination with a heteroarylamine such as 2-aminopyridine or a suitably protected 2-aminoimidazole, such as 1-triphenylmethyl-2-aminoimidazole, in the presence of a reducing agent such as sodium triacetoxyborohydride or sodium cyanoborohydride, to provide the 1-(heteroarylaminoalkyl)indazole 8c. The

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intermediates 8c can then be elaborated to the corresponding compounds of Formula Ia, for example as described in Scheme 3.

#### Scheme 8 5

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(Het = appropriate aromatic heterocycle)

A route to 1-(heteroarylaminocarbonylethyl) indazoles of Formula Ia is outlined in Scheme 9. A suitable indazole III can be alkylated by treatment with an acrylic acid ester such as tert-butyl acrylate, using a method such as that described in Scheme 4. Removal of the ester of 9a may be followed by conversion to a heteroaryl amide by treatment with a heteroaryl amine 15 using any of a number of methods well known to one skilled in the art of organic synthesis. The resulting 1-(heteroarylaminocarbonylethyl) indazole 9b can then be

elaborated to the corresponding compounds of Formula Ia, for example as described in Scheme 3.

#### Scheme 9

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(Het = appropriate aromatic heterocycle)

Compounds of Formula Ib may be prepared according to the method outlined in Scheme 10. Thus, the appropriate indazole III may be alkylated by treatment with a suitable base, for example sodium hydride, followed by addition of a suitable alkylating agent such as an alkyl halide R9-Br or R9-I. Bromination of the intermediate 10a using, for example, bromine in acetic acid, provides the corresponding 3-bromo derivative 10b. (The order of these two synthetic steps may also be reversed. That is, the indazole III may be brominated, and resulting bromoindazole may be alkylated, to provide similar products 10b.) Coupling of 10b with, for example, 3,3-diethoxy-1-propyne, under conditions

similar to those described by Sakamoto et al. (Synthesis 1992, 746-748) provides a functionalized alkynyl derivative 10c. Reduction of the acetylenic bond of 10c using, for example, hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst such as palladium on charcoal, followed by hydrolysis of the acetal with aqueous acid provides an aldehyde intermediate 10d which, using methods analogous to those outlined in Scheme 8, may be elaborated to an intermediate 10e containing a heteroarylaminoalkyl substituent at the 3-position. This intermediate may then in turn be elaborated to the desired compounds of Formula Ib, for example using methods described in Scheme 3.

# Scheme 10

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(Het = heteroaromatic group)

Compounds of Formula Ib may alternatively be prepared from the intermediate 10b according to the method described in Scheme 11. Thus, coupling of 10b under conditions similar to those described by Murakami et al. (Heterocycles, 1990, 31(8), 1505-11) can provide a 3-allyl derivative 11a. Hydroboration as described by Brown and Subba Rao (J. Am. Chem. Soc. 81, 6428-6433) can provide the alcohol 11b, which may be subjected to the Mitsunobu reaction (vide supra) with phthalimide

followed by deprotection to provide an amine intermediate 11c which, analogously to the method shown in Schemes 10 and 3, can be elaborated to the desired compounds of Formula Ib. Alternatively, the intermediate 11b may be prepared by reduction of the aldehyde 10d shown in Scheme 10. Other methods can be used for the conversion of intermediates 10d and 11b to the primary amine 11c which are known to those skilled in the art of organic synthesis.

Scheme 11

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Compounds of Formula Ic may be prepared according to methods outlined in Scheme 12. Treatment of the appropriate indazole starting material 12a with zinc bromide and vinylmagnesium bromide followed by dichloro(1,1'-bis (diphenylphosphino) ferrocene) palladium (II), using a procedure similar to that described by Brown, et al. (U.S. Patent 4,898,863), can

provide the desired 3-vinyl derivative 12b. Treatment of this compound with ozone (F. J. Brown, et al. Ibid.), can provide an aldehyde 12c. Oxidation using silver(I) oxide, as described by Campaigne and LeSuer (Organic Syntheses, 1963, Coll. Vol. 4, 919), can provide the desired carboxylic acid 12d. Esterification and deprotection of the ether oxygen of 12e using boron tribromide, by a method analogous to that detailed by Manson and Musgrave (J. Chem. Soc. 1011 (1963)), can provide the hydroxy intermediate 12f. Mitsunobu coupling, (vide supra), followed by further transformations of 12g similar to those shown in Scheme 3, can provide compounds of Formula Ic.

# Scheme 12

Additional alcohols useful for the preparation of compounds of Formula Ia, Ib and Ic through the Mitsunobu reaction described in the above schemes may be prepared as described in Scheme 13.

Various compounds of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic may be prepared from a common derivative of the corresponding

compounds of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic by functional group manipulations familiar to one skilled in the art of organic synthesis. As one example, preparation of compounds of Formula Ia having different sulfonamide substituents at  $R^{16}$  may be achieved as outlined in Scheme Thus, the compound of Formula Ia having a benzyloxycarbonylamino group at R16 (14a) may be hydrogenolyzed using, for example, hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst such as palladium on charcoal to provide the primary amine derivative 14b. This may be 10 reacted with a sulfonylating agent such as R17SO2Cl in the presence of an amine such as triethylamine to provide, after deprotection of the ester, the desired compound of Formula Ia. In place of the sulfonyl chloride, use of a carboxylic acid, acid chloride or 15 acid anhydride can provide the corresponding amide derivative, use of a chloroformate can provide the corresponding carbamate derivative, use of a sulfamoyl chloride can provide the corresponding sulfamide derivative, and use of an isocyanate can provide the 20 corresponding urea derivative.

Scheme 14

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As another example, compounds of Formula Ia with different variations in R1 may be prepared from a common precursor as outlined in Scheme 15. Thus, the amine intermediate 3b may be reacted, for example, with benzyl 10 chloroformate to provide the benzyl carbamate. Hydrolysis of the ester, for example with lithium hydroxide, can provide the acid intermediate 15a. methods described earlier, 15a may be reacted with, for example, a suitable beta-amino ester, followed by 15 removal of the benzyl carbamate, for example by hydrogenolysis, to provide the amine intermediate 15b. Using, for example, steps analogous to those shown in Schemes 3 or 7, the amine may be converted to an aminoheterocyclic group. After deprotection of the

ester, the desired compound of Formula Ia may be obtained.

#### Scheme 15

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PhCH<sub>2</sub>OOCNH (CH<sub>2</sub>h,R<sup>2</sup> COOE)

1. PhCH<sub>2</sub>OCOCI
2 LiOH

1. HN R<sup>15</sup>
2 H<sub>2</sub>/Pd/C

1. Steps analogous to those shows is Scheme 3 or Scheme 7

2 CF<sub>3</sub>COOH

PhCH<sub>2</sub>OOCNH (CH<sub>2</sub>h,R<sup>2</sup> COO)

1. PhCH<sub>2</sub>OCOCI

1. PhCH<sub>2</sub>OCOCI

2 LiOH

H<sub>2</sub>N (CH<sub>2</sub>h,R<sup>2</sup> O)

N R<sup>16</sup>

1. Steps analogous to those shows is Scheme 7

The example outlined in Scheme 15 will also serve to demonstrate that the order in which the different substituents are elaborated to give the compounds of Formula Ia, Ib and Ic may be varied from that in the examples shown in Schemes 1 through 14. This example will also serve to demonstrate the use of protecting groups to temporarily protect a functional group in the course of a synthetic sequence when that functional group is not compatible with one or more of the synthetic transformations that are to be accomplished. Such use of protecting groups, while not always explicitly shown in Schemes 1 through 15, is well known to one skilled in the art of organic synthesis. Many

examples of protecting groups' may be found, for example, in Greene, "Protective Groups in Organic Syntheses", Wiley (New York), 1981.

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The detailed processes for preparing the compounds of Formula Ia, Ib or Ic are illustrated by the following Examples. It is, however, understood that this invention is not limited to the specific details of these examples. Reactions were run under an atmosphere 10 of nitrogen unless otherwise indicated. Solvent removal from reaction mixtures, extracts, and the like was performed under vacuum on a rotary evaporator. Flash chromatography refers to the medium-pressure column 15 chromatography method described by Still et al. (J. Org. Chem. 1978, 43(14), 2923-2925). Melting points (mp) are uncorrected. Proton nuclear magnetic resonance spectra (NMR) were measured in chloroform-d (CDCl3), dimethyl sulfoxide- $d_6$  (DMSO- $d_6$ ) or methanol- $d_4$  (MeOH- $d_4$ ) and the 20 peaks are reported in parts per million downfield from tetramethylsilane  $(\delta)$ . The coupling patterns are reported as follows: s, singlet; d, doublet; t, triplet; q, quartet; m, multiplet; b, broad. Mass spectra were measured using electrospray ionization 25 (ESI), ammonia chemical ionization (NH3-CI), fast-atom bombardment from a glycol matrix (FAB), or electron impact ionization (EI).

#### Example 1035b

- 30 <u>3-[1-[3-(N-imidazel-2-ylamino)propyl]-indazel-5-</u> ylcarbonyl-aminel-2(S)-(2.6-dimethyl-4-phenylbenzenesulfonylamino)-propionic acid triflucroacetate
- A. <u>tert-Butvl 3-[1-[3-(N-(1-triphenylmethylimidazol-2-</u> 35 <u>yl)-amino)propyll-indazol-5-ylcarbonylaminol-2(S)-</u> (2.4.5-trimethylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionate. A

mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1050e Part K (215 mg, 407 µmol), the product prepared according to Example 1178b Part E (140 mg, 407 umol), 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (57 mg, 407 mmol) and 5 M.M-dimethylformamide (5 mL) was treated with dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (870 mg, 407 mmol) and stirred at room temperature for 24 h. The mixture was poured into water (75 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetace (3 x 50 mL). The organic phase was dried (MgSO4) and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was flash 10 chromatographed (toluene:ethyl acetate, step gradient from 50:50 to 10:90) to provide the title product (262) mg, 75%) as a coloriess glassy foam:  $^{1}$ H NMR (CDCl3)  $\delta$ 8.17 (s, 1H), 7.97 (d, 1H), 7.73 (dd, 1H), 7.4-7.1 (15H), 6.99 (d, 1H), 6.94 (s, 2H), 6.85 (bt, 1H), 6.68 15 (d, 1H), 6.42 (d, 1H), 5.82 (bd, 1H), 4.07 (t, 2H), 3.93 (m, 1H), 3.83 (m, 1H), 3.62 (m, 1H), 3.04 (m, 1H), 2.97 (m, 2H), 2.65 (s, 6H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 1.82 (m, 2H), 1.32 (s, 9H); Mass spectrum (ESI) m/m 852.4 (100%, M+H+). Alternatively, a solution of the product prepared 20 according to Example 1050e Part K (1.108 g, 2.1 mmol) in N.N-dimethylformamide (15 mL) was treated with the product prepared according to Example 1178b Part E (719 ing, 2.1 mmol), BOP reagent (975 mg, 2.2 mmol) and diisopropylethyl-amine (543 mg, 4.2 mmol) and the 25 mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. mixture was concentrated under vacuum and the residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate (100 mL) and water (25 mL). The aqueous phase was extracted with additional ethyl acetate (3 x 25 mL) and the combined 30 organic phases were washed with hydrochloric acid (1.0 N; 10 mL), water (2  $\times$  10 mL), saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate (10 mL) and brine (2 x 10 mL), then were dried (MgSO4) and concentrated under vacuum. material was combined with the crude product from 35 another run, starting from 10.8 g of the product

prepared according to Example 1050e Part K (10.5 mmol), to provide the title product as a crude material (23.0 g) which was used in the next step without purification.

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- Text-Butyl 3-11-13-(N-imidazol-2-ylamino)propyllindazol-5-vlcarbonvlaminol-2(S)-(2.6-dimerhyl-4phenylbenzene-sulfonylaminolpropionata. The product prepared according to Example 1035b Part A (3.3 g. 3.9 mmol) was combined with methanol (100 mL) and acetic 10 acid (10 mL) and the mixture was heated at reflux overnight. The mixture was concentrated under vacuum. and the residue was flash chromatographed (chloroform: methanol:aqueous ammonia 100:10:1) to provide the 15 product as a glassy foam. This was combined with the product from another run, starting from 19.0 g of the product prepared according to Example 1035b Part A (22.3) mmol), to provide the title product (4.5 g). Impure material from the column was re-chromatographed 20 (chloroform: methanol:aqueous ammonia 100:5:0.5) to provide additional pure title product (6.5 g; total combined yield 81%):  ${}^{1}$ H NMR (MeOH-d4)  $\delta$  8.17 (d, 1H), 8.13 (d, 1H), 7.76 (dd, 1H), 7.57 (d, 1H), 6.85 (s, 2H), 6.51 (s, 2H), 4.53 (t, 2H), 4.06 (dd, 1H), 3.70 (dd, 25 1H), 3.50 (dd, 1H), 3.17 (t, 2H), 2.59 (s, 6H), 2.16 (m,
  - C. 3-[1-[3-(N-imidazol-2-vlamino)propyll-indazol-5-yl-carbonylaminol-2(S)-(2.6-dimethyl-4-
- phenylbenzenesulfonyl-amino) propionic acid triflucroacetate. A solution of the product prepared according to Example 1035b Part B (480 mg, 788 µmol) in dichloromethane (30 mL) was treated with trifluoroacetic acid (5 mL) and stirred for 1 h at room temperature.

2H), 2.10 (s, 3H), 1.22 (s, 9H).

35 The solution was concentrated under vacuum, and the residue was dissolved in methanol (3 mL) and purified by

preparative reverse-phase HPLC to provide, after lyophilization, the title product (432 mg, 82%) as an amorphous white solid: HPLC TR 12.33 min (95%); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (MeOH-d4) & 8.12 (s. 2H), 7.72 (dd, 1H), 7.54 (d, 1H),

5 6.76 (s, 2H), 6.73 (s, 2H), 4.53 (t, 2H), 4.16 (dd, 1H), 3.76 (dd, 1H), 3.49 (dd, 1H), 3.23 (t, 2H), 2.56 (s, 6H), 2.22 (m, 2H), 1.98 (s, 3H); High resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated (M+H+) 554.2186, found 554.2196.

Alternatively, a solution of the product prepared according to Example 1035b Part A (249 mg, 291 µmol) in trifluoroacetic acid (2.5 mL) was heated at reflux for 60 min. The mixture was cooled and concentrated, and the residue was purified by preparative reverse-phase HPLC to provide, after hypphilization, the title product (153 mg, 78%) as a white powder.

#### Example 1050e

3-[1-[3-(N-imidazol-2-ylamino) propyllindazol-5ylcarbonylaminol-2(S)-(2.6-dimethyl-4-phenylbenzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid trifluoroacetate

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A. Ethyl 3-methyl-4-nitrobenzoate. A mixture of 3-methyl-4-nitrobenzoic acid (1) (362.3 g, 2.0 mol), N,N-dimethylformamide (2000 mL), sodium bicarbonate (200 g, 2.38 mol) and iodoethane (623.9 g, 4.0 mol) was stirred at 70 °C for 18 h. The mixture was allowed to cool to room temperature and poured into water (2000 mL). The resulting solid was collected by filtration, washed with water and dried. The solid was washed further with hexane and dried to provide the title product (382.1 g, 91%) as an off-white solid: mp 51-52.5 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & 8.04-7.98 (m, 3H), 4.42 (q, 2H), 2.63 (s, 3H), 1.42 (t, 3H); Mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) m/z 210 (100%, M+H<sup>+</sup>).

B. Ethyl 3-methyl-4-aminobenzoate. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1050e Part A (183.96 g, 880 mmol), tin (II) chloride hydrate (1025 g, 4.54 mol) and ethanol (3500 mL) was heated at reflux for 2 h. The mixture was cooled and diluted with water (3500 mL) and the pH was adjusted to 8.5. The mixture was diluted further with additional water, and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic extracts were dried (MgSO4), filtered and concentrated to provide the title product (136.62 g, 87%) as an off-white solid: mp 76-78 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & 7.78 (s, 1H), 7.76 (d, 1H), 6.63 (d, 1H), 4.31 (q, 2H), 3.99 (bs, 2H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 1.38 (t, 3H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H+) 180.1025, found 180.1023.

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C. <u>5-Ethoxycarbonylindazole</u>. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1050e Part B (250.55 g, 1.4 mol), potassium acetate (143.3 g, 1.46 mol), acetic anhydride (285.9 g, 2.8 mol) and chloroform (ethanol-20 free; 2700 mL) was stirred at room temperature. The temperature rose to 40 °C, then started to decline, at which time no starting material was detected by TLC. A mixture of 18-crown-6 (75 g, 280 mmol) and n-amyl nitrice (364.5 g, 3.1 mol) was added and the mixture was 25 heated at reflux overnight. The cooled mixture was washed with saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate, then with water, and was dried (MgSO4), filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was combined with that from another batch (711.3 g) and distilled 30 through a 10 cm vigreaux column under vacuum to provide 1-Acety1-5-ethoxycarbonyl-indazole (576 g, 82%), bp 115-165 °C (1.0 Torr). This intermediate was combined with hydrochloric acid (6N; 2000 mL) and ethanol (2000 mL), and the mixture was stirred overnight at room 35 temperature. The mixture was concentrated under vacuum, and the solid was combined with water. The pH of the

mixture was adjusted to 8 with aqueous ammonia, and the mixture was extracted with dichloromethane. The organic phase was concentrated to provide a solid (460 g). This was recrystallized from acetonitrile (1000 mL), and the crystals were washed with ethanol, then hexane, and dried to provide 5 (281 g, 60%) as a tan solid: mp 122-124 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & 10.23 (bs, 1H), 8.57 (s, 1H), 8.20 (s, 1H), 8.10 (d, 1H), 7.53 (d, 1H), 4.42 (q, 2H), 1.42 (t, 3H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H+); 191.0821, found 191.0838.

- D. 1-(2-(1.3-dioxolan-2-v1)ethvl)-5-ethoxycarbonvlindazole. A solution of the product prepared according to Example 1050e Part C (74.5 g, 397 mmol) in anhydrous 15 tetrahydrofuran (1000 mL) was treated sequentially with sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide (1.0 M in tetrahydrofuran; 430 mL, 430 mmol), 18-crown-6 (1.5 g) and 2-(2-bromoethyl)-1,3-dioxolane (90 g, 496 mmol).The solution was heated at reflux for 20 h, then was 20 cocled to room temperature. The solvent was removed under vacuum, and the residue partitioned between toluene (2000 mL) and water (1000 mL). The aqueous phase was further extracted with toluene (3 x 200 mL), and the combined organic phases were washed with water 25  $(3 \times 200 \text{ mL})$  and brine (2 :: 200 mL). The organic phase was dried (MgSO4) and concentrated under vacuum. The resulting oil was chromatographed with toluene, then with 185:15 toluene-ethyl acetate, to provide the title product (71.0 g, 55%):  ${}^{1}H$  NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.49 (s, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 8.06 (d, 1H), 7.46 (d, 1H), 4.84 (t, 1H), 30 4.55 (t, 2H), 4.41 (q, 2H), 3.90 (m, 4H), 2.31 (m, 2H), 1.42 (t, 3H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH3-CI) calculated (M+H+) 291.1345, found 291.1328.
- 35 E. 1-(3-exopropyl)-5-ethoxycarbonylindazole. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1050e Part

D (73.0 g, 256 mmol), acetic acid (365 g) and water (1020 mL) was heated at 70 °C for 20 h. The mixture was cooled to room temperature, extracted with dichloromethane (5 x 550 mL), and the combined organic layers were washed cautiously with saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate (until no more gases were evolved), then with water (2 x 250 mL) and brine (2 x 250 mL). The organic layer was dried (MgSO4), filtered and concentrated under vacuum to provide the title product (60.9 g, 98%) as a light yellow solid: ¹H NMR (CDCl3) & 9.87 (s. 1H), 8.50 (s. 1H), 8.10 (s+d. 2H), 7.51 (d. 1H), 4.70 (t. 2H), 4.41 (q. 2H), 3.19 (t. 2H), 1.42 (t. 3H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH3-CI) calculated (M+H+) 247.1083, found 247.1068.

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F. 2-Aminoimidazole. 2-Aminoimidazole sulfate (50 g, 378 mmol) was dissolved in methanol (1500 mL) and cooled to -78°C. Sodium methoxide (20.44 g, 378 mmol) was added portionwise over 60 min. The mixture stirred at -78°C for 30 min, then at room temperature for 2.5 h. The solution was filtered through Celite<sup>®</sup> and concentrated under vacuum to provide 2-aminoimidazole as a semi-solid (32.5 g) which was used directly without further purification: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ 6.32 (s, 2H), 5.0 (bs, 2H).

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G. 2-Phthalimidoimidazole. A mixture of phthalic anhydride (57.3 g, 387.mmol) and the product prepared according to Example 1050e Part F (32.5 g, 387 mmol) was heated with mechanical stirring to 190-200 °C for 20 min, then was placed under vacuum for 10 min. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and dried under vacuum for 24 h. This material (80 g, 99%) was used without further purification. It could be purified by flash chromatography (chloroform:methanol gradient from 95:5 to 90:20): ¹H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) & 12.35 (bs, 1H), 7.94-8.06 (m, 4H), 7.16 (bs, 2H); Mass spectrum (ESI) m/z 214.2 (100%, M+H+).

H. 1-Triphenvlmethyl-2-phthalimidoimidazole. A solution of the product prepared according to Example 1050e Part G (80 g, 375 mmol) in dichloromethane (2000 mL) was treated with triphenylmethyl chloride (314 g. 1.126 mol) and triethylamine (151.8g, 1.5 mol). The mixture was heated at reflux for 5.5 h, then cooled to room temperature and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was extracted several times with hexane/ethyl acetate (70:30). The residual solid was dissolved in dichloromethane and washed several times with 10 water, dried (MgSO4) and concentrated. The residual solid was boiled in hexane, filtered, and the solid was washed several times with hot hexane until no trityl chloride was present by TLC. This provided the title product (119 g. 70%): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.64 (s, 4H), 7.28 (d, 6H), 7.17 (m, 15 7H), 7.06 (t, 3H),6.80 (d, 1H); Mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) m/z456 (100%, M+H+).

- I. 1-Triphenvlmethvl-2-aminoimidazole. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1050e Part H (114 g. 20 250 mmol), hydrazine (78. mL, 2.50 mol) and ethanol (3500 mL) was heated at reflux for 2 h. The mixture was cooled and the solvent was removed under vacuum. The solid residue was partitioned between water (500 mL) and chloroform (500 mL) and the aqueous phase was extracted further with chloroform 25 (3 x 200 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with water (2 x 200 mL), dried (MgSO4) and concentrated to provide a sticky solid. This was heated with hexane and filtered to provide the title product (65 g. 80%) as a granular solid: 1H NMR (DMSO-d6) & 7.33-7.44 (m, 9H), 7.13 (d, 6H), 6.51 (d, 30 1H), 6.26 (d, 1H); Mass spectrum (NH3-CI) 326 (100%, M+H+).
- J. 1-[3-[N-(1-Triphenylmethylimidazol-2-yllaminolpropyll-5-ethoxycarbonylindazole. A mixture of the

  product prepared according to Example 1050e Part E (10.0
  g, 40.6 mmol), the product prepared according to Example

1050e Part I (13.2 g, 40.6 mmol) and toluene (500 mL) was heated at reflux under a Dean-Stark trap. Toluene  $(3 \times 100 \text{ mL})$  was removed while adding fresh dry toluene. The mixture was then heated further for 20 h, when MMR analysis of an aliquot showed the absence of aldehyde. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and sodium triacetoxyborohydride (34.42 g, 152.4 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 20-h, then was poured into water (500 mL). The layers were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl 10 acetate (3 x 100 mL). The combined organics were washed with saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate (2 x 100 mL). water (2 x 100 mL) and brine (2 x 100 mL), then were dried (MgSO4), filtered and concentrated under vacuum to provide a crude product (25.0 g). This was combined 15 with the crude product from another run (starting from 7.77 g of the product prepared according to Example 1950e Part E and 19.28 g of the product prepared according to Example 1050e Part I) and was purified by 20 flash chromatography (toluene:ethyl acetate, step gradient from 90:10 to 50:50) to provide the title product (21.0 g, 52%) as an oil which slowly solidified: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.45 (s, 1H), 7.97 (s, 1H), 7.93 (d, 1H), 7.33 (m, 9H), 7.21 (m, 6H), 6.99 (d, 1H), 6.67 (d, 25 1H), 6.41 (d, 1H), 4.41 (q, 2H), 4.06 (t, 2H), 2.98 (m, 3H), 1.81 (m, 2H), 1.42 (t, 3H); High resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated (M+H+) 556.2713, found 556.2725.

- 30 K. 1-[3-[N-(1-Triphenylmethylimidazol-2-yl)aminol-propyll-5-carboxyindazole. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1050e Part J (21.0 g, 37.8 mmol), ethanol (600 mL) and aqueous sodium hydroxide (1.0 M; 209 mL, 209 mmol) was heated at reflux for 4 h.

  35 The mixture was cooled to room temperature and
- The mixture was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under vacuum to remove the ethanol. The pH

of the residue was adjusted to 4, and the mixture was extracted with dichloromethane and the combined organic phases were dried (NajSO4). The mixture was filtered and the solids were washed with N.N-dimethylformamide to recover precipitated product. The combined filtrates were concentrated under vacuum and the residue was washed with ethanol and dried to provide the title product (16.9 g, 25%) as a white solid: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d6) & 8.39 (s, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 7.87 (d, 1H), 7.36 (m, 10H), 7.12 (d, 6H), 6.51 (d, 1H), 6.28 (d, 1H), 4.05 (t, 2H), 2.84 (m, 2H), 1.63 (m, 2H); High resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated (M+H+) 528.2400, found 528.2418.

Merty: 3-[1-[3-(N-(1-triphenvlmethylimidazol-2-15 yl)amino)propyllindazol-5-ylcarbonylaminol-2(S)-(2.6dimethyl-4-phenylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionate. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1050e Part K (293 mg, 556 µmol), methyl 3-amino-2-(S)-(2,6-dimethy-4-phenylbenzenesulfonyl)aminopropionate 20 hydrochloride (prepared according to the method of Example 3093 Parts J and K described below; 290 mg, 727 umol), N,N-dimethylformamide (7 mL), dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (115 mg, 557 µmol), 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (76 mg, 562  $\mu$ mol) and triethylamine (230  $\mu$ L, 25 1.65 mmol) was stirred at room temperature for 42 h. The mixture was concentrated under vacuum and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (ethyl acetate) to provide the title product (507 mg) contaminated with dicyclohexylurea, which was used in 30 the subsequent reaction without further purification:  $^{1}\text{H}$  NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & 8.13 (s, 1H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.70 (d, 1H), 7.60-7.15 (22H), 6.98 (d, 1H), 6.87 (t, 1H), 6.67 (d, 1H), 6.41 (d, 1H), 6.08 (bs, 1H), 4.05 (t, 2H), 3.95 (m, 1H), 3.75 (m, 1H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 3.47 (m, 1H), 2.95 35 (m, 2H), 2.75 (s, 6H), 1.79 (m, 2H); High resolution

mass spectrum (FAB) calculated  $(M+H^+)$  872.3594, found 872.3593.

3-[1-[3-(N-imidazol-2-vlamino)propyl]-indazol-5ylcarbonvlaminol-2(S)-(2.6-dimethyl-4-phenylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid trifluoroacetate. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1050e Part L (469 mg, 540 µmol), ethanol (13 mL) and aqueous sodium hydroxide (1.0 M; 2.7 mL, 2.7 mmol) was heated at reflux for 90 min. The mixture was cooled to 10 room temperature and concentrated, and the residue was taken up in trifluoroacetic acid (6 mL) and heated at reflux for 90 min. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and concentrated. The residue was purified 15 by preparative reverse phase high pressure liquid chromatography (acetonitrile:water containing 0.05% trifluoroacetic acid; gradient from 10:90 to 90:10) to provide the title product (218 mg, 55%) as a white solid:  ${}^{1}H$  NMR (MeOH-d<sub>4</sub>)  $\delta$  8.06 (s, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.63 (d, 1H), 7.34 (d, 1H), 7.28 (m, 5H), 7.09 (s, 2H), 6.75 (s, 2H), 4.34 (t, 2H), 4.27 (dd, 2H); 3.77 (dd, 1H), 3.47 (dd, 1H), 3.17 (t, 2H), 2.66 (s, 6H), 2.12 (m, 2H); High resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated (M+H+) 616.2342, found 616.2324.

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#### Example 1081

3-[1-[3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino)propyllindazol-5ylcarbonylamino]-2(S)-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)propionic acid trifluoroacetate

A. 1-[3-(N-phthalimido)propyll-5-ethoxycarbonyl-indazole. A mixture of tetrahydrofuran (50 mL) and 18-crown-6 (100 mg) was stirred at room temperature.

Potassium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide (0.5 M in toluene; 46.6 mL, 23.3 mmol) was added, followed by the product

prepared according to Example 1050e Part C (4.43 g, 23.3 mmol) dissolved in dry tetrahydrofuran (50 mL). Then N-(3-bromopropyl)phthalimide (6.24 g, 23.3 mmol) dissolved in dry tetrahydrofuran (50 mL) was added. The mixture was heated at reflux for 16 h. The mixture was allowed to cool to room temperature and poured into water (200 mL). The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layers were combined, dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was 10 purified by flash chromatography (hexanes:ethyl acetate 50:50) to provide the title product (4.25 g, 48%) as a yellow solid: mp 122-124 °C;  $^{1}$ H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.48 (s, 1H), 8.06 (s, 1H), 8.04 (d, 1H), 7.82 (m, 2H), 7.71 (m, 2H), 7.42 (d, 1H), 4.44 (t, 2H), 4.40 (q, 2H), 3.80 (t, 15 2H), 2.40 (m, 2H), 1.42 (t, 3H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH3-CI) calculated (M+H+) 378.1454, found 378.1430. Also obtained (as a more polar fraction) was 2-[3-(N-phthalimido)propyl]-5-ethoxycarbonylindazole (2,75 g, 31%) as a yellow solid: mp 133-135 °C; ¹H NMR 20  $(CDCl_3)$   $\delta$  8.48 (s, 1H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 7.85 (d, 1H), 7.81 (m, 2H), 7.70 (m, 2H), 7.61 (d, 1H), 4.50 (t, 2H), 4.40 (g, 2H), 3.78 (t, 2H), 2.47 (m, 2H), 1.43 (t, 3H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH3-CI) calculated (M+H+) 378.1454, found 378.1430. 25

B. 1-(3-aminopropyl)-5-ethoxycarbonylindazole. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1081 Part A (2.10 g, 5.6 mmol), ethanol (35 mL), anhydrous tetrahydrofuran (35 mL) and anhydrous hydrazine (0.75 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 16 h. Dry tetrahydrofuran (100 mL) was added and the mixture was filtered. The filtrate was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (dichloromethane:methanol 90:10 containing 1% triethylamine) to provide the title

product (1.25 g, 91%) as an orange syrup:  $^{1}H$  NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.51 (s, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 8.06 (d, 1H), 7.46 (d, 1H), 4.52 (t, 2H), 4.41 (q, 2H), 2.68 (t, 2H), 2.06 (m, 2H), 1.47 (bs, 2H), 1.43 (t, 3H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H+) 248.1399, found 248.1392.

1-[3-[N-(1-oxido)pyridin-2-ylamino|propyl]-5ethoxycarbonylindazole. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1081 Part B (600 mg, 2.4 10 mmol), 2-chloropyridine-N-oxide hydrochloride (806 mg, 4.9 mmol), sodium bicarbonate (816 mg, 9.7 mmol) and nbutanol (7 mL) was stirred at 100 °C for 21 h. The mixture was allowed to cool to room temperature and was filtered. The filtrate was concentrated under vacuum. 15 The residue was purified by flash chromatography (dichloromethane:methanol 95:5) to provide the title product (675 mg, 81%) as a pale yellow solid, mp 87-89  $^{1}$ H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.52 (s, 1H), 8.15 (s, 1H), 8.13 (d, 1H), 8.03 (d, 1H), 7.39 (d, 1H), 7.10 (t, 1H), 6.93 20 (bt, 1H), 6.56 (t, 1H), 6.41 (d, 1H), 4.57 (t, 2H), 4.40 (q, 2H), 3.24 (q, 2H), 2.38 (m, 2H), 1.40 (t, 3H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH3-CI) calculated (M+H+) 341.1614, found 341.1622.

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D. 1-[3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino)propyll-5-ethoxycarbonylindazole. A mixture of the product prepared according
to Example 1081 Part C (62 mg, 182 μmol), 10% palladium
on charcoal (8 mg) and ethanol (0.5 mL) was stirred at
room temperature. Ammonium formate (63 mg, 1.0 mmol)
was added and the mixture heated to reflux for 30 min.
Additional 10% palladium on charcoal (8 mg) and
6ammonium formate (63 mg, 1.0 mmol) were added and the
reaction was continued at reflux for 4 h. The mixture
was allowed to cool to room temperature, filtered
through Celite® and the solids were rinsed with ethanol.

The solvent was evaporated from the filtrate under vacuum. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (dichloromethane:methanol 95:5) to provide the title product (31 mg, 52%) as a glass:  $^{1}\text{H}$  NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.52 (s, 1H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 8.06 (m, 2H), 7.38 (m, 2H), 6.55 (dd, 1H), 6.32 (d, 1H), 4.70 (bm, 1H), 4.53 (t, 2H), 4.40 (q, 2H), 3.30 (q, 2H), 2.24 (m, 2H), 1.42 (t, 3H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H<sup>+</sup>); 325.1665, found 325.1659.

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- E. 1-[3-(N-tert-butvloxycarbonvl-N-pyridin-2ylamino)propyll-5-ethoxycarbonylindazole. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1081 Part D (80 mg, 246 µmol), dry tetrahydrofuran (4 mL),
- triethylamine (0.3 mL) and N,N-dimethylaminopyridine (5 mg) was stirred at 0 °C. Di-tert-butyldicarbonate (130 mg, 2.4 equiv.) was added and the mixture was stirred for 30 min. The ice bath was removed and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 h. Additional
- di-tert-butyldicarbonate (130 mg, 2.4 equiv.) and N,N-dimethylaminopyridine (5 mg) were added and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 72 h. The solvent was evaporated under vacuum and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexanes:ethyl acetate 65:35) to
- - 1H), 4.46 (t, 2H), 4.41 (q, 2H), 4.02 (t, 2H), 2.34 (m, 2H), 1.42 (t+s, 12H); High resolution mass spectrum
- 30 (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H+); 425.2189, found 425.2193.
- F. 1-[3-(N-tert-butyloxycarbonyl-N-pyridin-2-ylamino)propyll-5-carboxyindazole. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1081 Part E (7.9 g, 18.6 mmol), water (100 mL), ethanol (100 mL) and aqueous sodium hydroxide (1.0 M; 40 ml, 40 mmol) was

stirred at reflux for 16 h. The mixture was allowed to cool to room temperature and aqueous hydrochloric acid (1.0 M; 43 mL, 43 mmol) was added. The solvent was decanted and the resulting gum was triturated several times with hexane to provide the title product (5.56 g, 75%) as a solid: mp 129-131 'C; lh NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & 8.59 (s, 1H), 8.30 (m, 1H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 8.07 (d, 1H), 7.61 (m, 2H), 7.41 (d, 1H), 7.00 (m, 1H), 4.46 (t, 2H), 4.01 (t, 2H), 2.34 (m, 2H), 1.42 (s, 9H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H+); 397.1876, found 397.1878.

- G. <u>rert-Butyl 3-[1-[3-(N-(tert-butyloxycarbonyl-N-pyridin-2-ylamino)propyllindazol-5-ylcarbonylamino)-</u>
- 2(S)-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)propionate. A mixture of the product prepared according to the procedure of Example 1081 Part F (1.19 g, 3.0 mmol), tert-butyl 3-amino-2(S)-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)propionate (prepared according to Mokotoff and Logue, J. Med. Chem. 1981, 24,
- 554; 880 mg, 3.0 mmol), 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (410 mg, 3.0 mmol), and anhydrous tetrahydrofuran (20 mL) was stirred at room temperature. The mixture was treated with dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (660 mg, 3.2 mmol) and stirred for 24 h. The mixture was filtered and
- solvent was removed under vacuum. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexanes:ethyl acetate 50:50) to provide the title product (1.81 g, 89%) as a glass: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.28 (d, 1H), 8.17 (s, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.77 (d, 1H), 7.60 (d, 2H), 7.4-7.25 (m, 6H),
- 30 6.98 (m, 2H), 5.88 (bd, 1H), 5.13 (s, 2H), 4.47 (bm, 1H), 4.46 (t, 2H), 4.01 (t, 2H), 3.87 (m, 2H), 2.31 (m, 2H), 1.48 (s, 9H), 1.43 (s, 9H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H<sup>+</sup>) 673.3350, found 673.3324.

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3-[1-[3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino)propyllindazol-5ylcarbonylamino] -2(S) - (benzyloxycarbonylamino) propionic acid trifluoroacetate. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1081 Part G (32 mg. 47 umol), dichloromethane (5 mL) and trifluoroacetic acid (300 μL) was stirred at room temperature for 16 h. mixture was concentrated under vacuum and toluene was added. The solvent was evaporated and the residue was triturated with ether. The solvent was removed by decantation, and the residue was dried to constant weight under vacuum to provide the desired product (25 mq, 83%) as a hygroscopic white solid: 1H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  8.57 (bm, 1H), 8.53 (bt, 1H), 8.26 (s, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 7.82 (m, 3H), 7.69 (d, 1H), 7.59 (d, 1H), 7.28 (m, 5H), 6.93 (d, 1H), 6.78 (t, 1H), 4.99 (s, 2H), 4.52 (t, 2H), 4.23 (m, 1H), 3.60 (m, 2H), 3.24 (m, 2H), 2.15 (m, 2H); High resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated (M+H+) 517.2199, found 517.2213.

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#### Example 1094

# 3-[1-[3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino)propyllindazol-5-yl-carbonylamino]-2(S)-(isobutyloxycarbonylamino)propionic acid trifluoroacetate

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A. tert-Butyl 3-[1-[3-(N-tert-butyloxycarbonyl-N-pyridin-2-ylamino)propyllindazol-5-ylcarbonylaminol-2(S)-aminopropionate. A mixture of the product prepared according to the procedure of Example 1081 Part G (1.60 g, 2.33 mmol), 10% palladium on charcoal (160 mg) and ethanol (30 mL) was placed in a pressure bottle and stirred at room temperature under an atmosphere of hydrogen (1 atmosphere pressure). After 5 h, the mixture was filtered through Celite®, the solids were rinsed with ethanol, and the filtrate was concentrated under vacuum to provide the title product (1.24 g, 97%)

as a glass:  $^{1}H$  NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.28 (d, 1H), 8.20 (s, 1H), 7.82 (d, 1H), 7.50 (m, 2H), 7.38 (d, 1H), 6.98 (m, 1H), 6.93 (bt, 1H), 4.45 (t, 2H), 4.00 (t, 2H), 3.88 (m, 1H), 3.66 (m, 1H), 3.56 (m, 1H), 2.51 (m, 2H), 2.05 (bs, ca. 2H), 1.48 (s, 9H), 1.42 (s, 9H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H+) 539.2982, found 539.2998.

- tert-Butyl 3-[1-[3-(N-tert-butyloxycarbonyl-N-10 pvridin-2-vlamino)propvllindazol-5-vlcarbonvlaminol-2(S)-(isobutyloxycarbonylamino)propionate. A solution of the product prepared according to Example 1094 Part A (100 mg, 186 µmol) in N,N-dimethylformamide (5 mL) was treated with isobutyl chloroformate (27 µL, 205 µmol), 15 4-(N,N-dimethylamino)pyridine (10 mg) and pyridine (15 μL, 205 μmol). The solution was stirred at room temperature for 16 h, then was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (dichloromethane:ethyl acetate 97:3) to provide the title product (106 mg, 89%) as a gum: 1H 20 NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  8.51 (m, 1H), 8.28 (m, 2H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.90-7.50 (m, 3H), 7.53 (d, 1H), 7.11 (m, 1H), 4.46 (t, 2H), 4.21 (m, 1H), 3.84 (m, 2H), 3.75 (d, 2H), 3.69 (m, 1H), 3.56 (m, 1H), 2.13 (m, 2H), 1.83 (m, 1H), 1.33 (s, 9H), 1.30 (s, 9H), 0.88 (d, 6H); High 25 resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated (M+H+) calculated 639.3480, found 639.3506.
- C. 3-[1-[3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino) propyllindazol-5-ylcarbonylaminol-2(S)-(isobutyloxycarbonylamino) propionic
  acid trifluoroacetate Using the procedure of Example
  1081 Part H, the product prepared according to Example
  1094 Part B (106 mg, 166 µmol) was converted to the
  title product (76 mg, 76%) as a solid: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>)

  8 8.56 (m, 2H), 8.30 (s, 1H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 7.90-7.75
  (m, 3H), 7.72 (d, 1H), 7.44 (d, 1H), 6.96 (d, 1H), 6.80

(t, 1H), 4.56 (t, 2H), 4.24 (m, 1H), 3.73 (d, 2H), 3.62 (m, 2H), 3.28 (m, 2H), 2.17 (m, 2H), 1.82 (m, 1H), 0.85 (d, 6H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H<sup>+</sup>) calculated 483.2348, found 483.2356.

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# Example 1099b

3-!1-[3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino)propyllindazol-5-yl-carbonylamino]-2-(S)-(E-[phenylethenyl]carbonylamino)-propionic acid trifluoroacetate

- tert-Butyl 3-[1-[3-(N-tert-butyloxycarbonyl-Npyridin-2-ylamino) propyllindazol-5-ylcarbonylaminol-2(S)-(E-[phenylethenyl]carbonylamino)propionate. A solution of the product prepared according to Example 15 1094 Part A (100 mg, 186 µmol) in tetrahydrofuran (3 mL) was treated with trans-cinnamic acid (28 mg, 186 µmol), 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (25 mg, 186 µmol) and dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (39 mg, 186 µmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 18 h, then was 20 concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexanes:ethyl acetate 70:30) to provide the title product (108 mg, 87%) as a gummy white solid:  ${}^{1}H$  NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.27 (d, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 8.06 (s, 1H), 7.83 (d, 1H), 7.67 (d, J=17 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (m, 1H)25 1H), 7.55-7.35 (m, 6H), 6.97 (m, 1H), 6.88 (d, 1H), 6.70 (d, J=17 Hz, 1H), 4.85 (m, 1H), 4.44 (t, 2H), 4.02 (m, 3H), 3.47 (m, 2H), 2.31 (m, 2H), 1.52 (s, 9H), 1.40 (s, 9H); High resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated  $(M+H^+)$  669.3401, found 669.3389. 30
  - B. 3-[1-[3-(N-pyridin-2-vlamino) propyllindazol-5-vl-carbonylamino]-2(S)-(E-[phenylethenyl]carbonylamino)-propionic acid trifluoroacetate Using the procedure of Example 1081 Part H, the product prepared according to Example 1099b Part A (100 mg, 150 μmol) was converted to

the title product (90 mg, 96%) as a white solid:  $^{1}H$  NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) & 8.64 (t, 1H), 8.47 (d, 1H), 8.31 (s, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.90-7.80 (m, 3H), 7.73 (d, 1H), 7.58 (d, 1H), 7.50-7.35 (m, 6H), 6.98 (d, 1H), 6.82 (t, 1H), 6.74 (d, J=17 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (m, 1H), 4.55 (t, 2H), 3.75-3.55 (m, 2H), 3.27 (m, 2H), 2.18 (m, 2H); High resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated (M+H+) 513.2250, found 513.2239.

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# Example 1108b

# 3-[1-[3-[N-pyridin-2-ylamino]propyl]indazol-5-ylcarbonylamino]-2(S)-(cyclohexylcarbonylamino)propionic acid trifluoroacetate

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- A. 1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyll-5-carboxyindazole.

  A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1081 Part D (1.04 g, 3.19 mmol), ethanol (16 mL) and aqueous sodium hydroxide (1.0 M; 16 ml, 16 mmol) was 20 stirred at reflux for 20 h. The mixture was allowed to cool to room temperature and aqueous hydrochloric acid (1.0 M; 16 mL, 16 mmol) was added. The resulting solid was collected by filtration, washed with water and dried to provide the title product: 1H NMR (DMSO-d6) & 8.42

  25 (s, 1H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 7.90 (m, 2H), 7.76 (d, 1H), 7.38 (m, 1H), 6.58 (t, 1H), 6.42 (m, 2H), 4.52 (t, 2H), 3.20 (q, 2H), 2.08 (m, 2H); Mass spectrum (ESI) m/z 297.3 (100%, M+H+).
- B. <u>tert-Butyl 3-[1-[3-(pvridin-2-ylamino)propyll-indazol-5-ylcarbonvlaminol-2(S)-(benzyloxycarbonvl-amino)propionate</u>. Using the procedure of 1081 Part G, the product prepared according to the procedure of Example 1108b Part A (740 mg, 2.5 mmol) was converted to the title product (700 mg, 56%): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.19 (s, 1H), 8.08 (s, 1H), 8.06 (m, 1H), 7.79 (d, 1H), 7.45-

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7.25 (m, 7H), 7.92 (bm, 1H), 6.56 (m, 1H), 6.32 (d, 1H), 5.90 (bm, 1H), 5.13 (s, 2H), 4.52 (t, 2H), 4.05 (bm, 1H), 3.87 (m, 2H), 3.47 (m, 1H), 3.28 (m, 2H), 2.26 (m, 2H), 1.48 (s, 9H); Mass spectrum (ESI) m/z 573.4 (22%, M+H+).

- C. tert-Butyl 3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-ylcarbonylaminol-2(S)-aminopropionate. Using
  the procedure of 1094 Part A, the product prepared

  10 according to the procedure of Example 1108b Part B (700 mg, 1.22 mmol) was converted to the title product (500 mg, 93%) as a gummy solid: 1H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & 8.24 (s,
  1H), 8.09 (s, 1H), 8.01 (d, 1H), 7.84 (d, 1H), 7.47 (d,
  1H), 7.40 (t, 1H), 7.10 (bm, 1H), 6.56 (t, 1H), 6.33 (d,
  15 1H), 4.54 (t, 2H), 4.11 (m, 1H), 3.86 (m, 1H), 3.59 (m,
  1H), 3.25 (m, 2H), 2.27 (m, 2H), 1.49 (s, 9H); Mass
  spectrum (ESI) m/z 439.3 (100%, M+H+).
- tert-Butyl 3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-vlcarbonvlaminol-2(S)-(cvclohexvlcarbonvl-20 amino)-propionate. Using the procedure of 1094 Part B, the product prepared according to the procedure of Example 1108b Part C (100 mg, 230 µmol) and cyclohexylcarbonyl chloride (31 µL, 230 µmol) were converted to the title product (60 mg, 50%):  $^{1}\text{H}$  NMR (CDCl3)  $\delta$  8.22 25 (s, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 7.91 (d, 1H), 7.80 (d, 1H), 7.54 (d, 1H), 7.45 (m, 2H), 6.72 (d, 1H), 6.57 (t, 1H), 6.32 (d, 1H), 4.72 (m, 1H), 4.58 (t, 2H), 3.89 (m, 1H), 3.76 (m, 1H), 3.19 (t, 2H), 2.30 (m, 3H), 2.19 (m, 1H), 2.0-1.2 (m, 10H); Mass spectrum (ESI) m/z 549.5 (100%, 30  $M+H^+)$ .
- E. 3-[1-[3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino)propyllindazol-5-yl-carbonylamino]-2(S)-(cyclohexylcarbonylamino)propionic

  acid trifluoroacetate. Using the procedure of Example

  1081 Part H, the product prepared according to Example

1108b Part D (60 mg, 110  $\mu$ mol) was converted to the title product:  $^1H$  NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  8.54 (m, 1H), 8.28 (s, 1H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 8.02 (d, 1H), 7.9-7.7 (m, 4H), 6.90 (m, 1H), 6.77 (m, 1H), 4.55 (t, 2H), 4.44 (m, 1H), 3.61 (m, 2H), 3.26 (m, 2H), 2.16 (m, 3H), 2.0-1.0 (m, 10H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H<sup>+</sup>) 493.2563, found 493.2559.

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#### Example 1110a

3-[1-[3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5ylcarbonylamino]-2(S)-(phenylaminocarbonylamino)propionic acid trifluoroacetate

- A. tert-Butyl 3-[1-[3-(N-tert-butyloxycarbonyl-N-15 pyridin-2-ylamino)propyllindazol-5-ylcarbonylaminol-2(S)-(phenylaminocarbonylamino)propionate. A solution of the product prepared according to Example 1094 Part A (105 mg, 195  $\mu$ mol) in dichloromethane (5 mL) was treated sequentially with diisopropylethylamine (69 µL, 385 20 umol) and phenyl isocyanate (49 µl, 448 µmol). The solution was stirred at room temperature for 1 h, then was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexanes:ethyl acetate, 50:50) to provide the title product (72 mg, 56%): 1H NMR 25  $(CDC1_3)$  & 8.25 (d, 1H), 8.18 (s, 1H), 7.95 (m, 1H), 7.86 (s, 1H), 7.75 (d, 1H), 7.70 (bm, 1H), 7.57 (m, 2H), 7.17 (m, 3H), 7.10 (m, 2H), 6.95 (m, 1H), 6.92 (m, 1H), 6.63 (m, 1H), 4.79 (m, 1H), 4.34 (t, 2H), 3.96 (m, 2H), 3.86 (m. 2H), 2.25 (m. 2H), 1.46 (s. 9H), 1.41 (s. 9H); High 30 resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated (M+H+) 658.3353, found 658.3342.
- B. 3-[1-[3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino)propyllindazol-5-ylcarbonylaminol-2(S)-(phenylaminocarbonylamino)propionic
  acid trifluoroacetate Using the procedure of Example

1081 Part H, the product prepared according to Example 1110a Part A (68 mg, 104 μmol) was converted to the title product (44 mg, 68%) as a white solid after preparative reverse phase high pressure liquid chromatography (acetonitrile:water containing 0.05% trifluoroacetic acid, gradient from 1:9 to 9:1): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (MeOH-d<sub>4</sub>) δ 8.24 (s, 1H), 8.09 (s, 1H), 7.85-7.70 (m, 2H), 7.68 (d, 1H), 7.55 (d, 1H), 7.29 (m, 2H), 7.17 (t, 2H), 6.91 (m, 2H), 6.79 (t, 1H), 4.66 (m, 1H), 4.54 (t, 10 2H), 3.88 (dd, 1H), 3.77 (dd, 1H), 3.27 (m, 2H), 2.28 (m, 2H); High resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated (M+H<sup>+</sup>) 502.2203, found 502.2196.

# 15 <u>Example 1129</u>

# 3-[1-[3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino)propyllindazol-5-yl-carbonylamino]-2(S)-(1-naphthalene-sulfonylamino)-propionic acid trifluoroacetate

20 A. 1-(2-cyanoethyl)-5-ethoxycarbonylindazole. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1050e Part C (3.80 g, 20 mmol), acrylonitrile (7.9 mL, 120 mmol), sodium bis-(trimethylsilyl)amide (1.0 M in tetrahydrofuran: 1.0 mL, 1.0 mmol) and ethanol (40 mL) was heated to reflux. After 2 h, the solution was 25 cooled to room temperature and treated with aqueous hydrochloric acid (1.0 M; 1.5 mL, 1.5 mmol). After the mixture was partially concentrated under vacuum, a solid formed. Water (100 mL) was added and the mixture was stirred briefly. The resulting solid was collected by 30 filtration, rinsed with water and dried to provide the title product (4.38 g, 90%) as a pale yellow fluffy solid: mp 106-109 °C;  $^{1}$ H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.54 (s, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 8.13 (d, 1H), 7.48 (d, 1H), 4.70 (t, 2H),

35 4.42 (q, 2H), 3.03 (t, 2H), 1.43 (t, 3H); High

resolution mass spectrum  $(NH_3-CI)$  calculated  $(M+H^+)$  244.1086, found 244.1070.

- B. 1-(3-aminopropyl)-5-ethoxycarbonylindazole 5 hydrochloride. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1129 Part A (60 g, 260 mmol), platinum oxide (5.0 g), ethanol (1600 mL) and chloroform (200 mL) was placed in a pressure bottle and agitated under an atmosphere of hydrogen (40 psig) for 19 h. The mixture was filtered through Celite® and the solids were 10 washed with ethanol. The filtrate was concentrated under vacuum and the residue was dissolved in aqueous sodium bicarbonate and washed with ethyl acetate. The aqueous phase was acidified with hydrochloric acid and 15 concentrated to a solid. This was dissolved in hot ethanol, filtered, and the filtrate cooled. The resulting crystals were collected by filtration to provide the title product. Repeating the reaction twice more starting with 57 g of the nitrile provided a total of 115 g (57%) of the title product as a white solid: mp 20 198-200 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  8.49 (s, 1H), 8.32 (s, 1H), 8.07 (bs, 3H), 7.98 (d, 1H), 7.85 (d, 1H), 4.58 (t, 2H), 4.34 (q, 2H), 2.80 (bm, 2H), 2.14 (m, 2H), 1.34 (t, 3H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH3-CI) calculated
- C. 1-[3-[N-(1-oxido) pyridin-2-ylaminolpropyl]-5ethoxycarbonylindazole. Using the procedure of Example 1081 Part C, the product prepared according to Example 30 1129 Part B (566 mg, 2.0 mmol) was converted to the title product (470 mg, 69%). This product is the same as the product of Example 1081 Part C.

(M+H+) 248.1399, found 248.1396.

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D. 1-[3-[N-(1-oxido)pyridin-2-ylaminolpropyl]-5
35 carboxyindazole. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1129 Part C (470 mg, 1.3 mmol),

aqueous sodium hydroxide (1.0 M; 4.0 mL, 4.0 mmol). water (10 mL) and ethanol (10 mL) was heated to reflux. After 30 h, additional aqueous sodium hydroxide (1.0 M; 2.0 mL) was added and heating was continued. After 48 h more, the mixture was cooled to room temperature and treated with aqueous hydrochloric acid (1.0 M; 6.0 mL) to give a precipitate. The solid was collected by filtration, rinsed with water and dried to provide the title product (369 mg, 91%) as a white solid: 1H NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  12.70 (bs, 1H), 8.45 (s, 1H), 8.27 (s, 1H), 10 8.11 (d, 1H), 7.92 (d, 1H), 7.73 (d, 1H), 7.32 (bt, 1H), 7.15 (t, 1H), 6.70 (d, 1H), 6.59 (t, 1H), 4.53 (t, 2H), 3.24 (g, 2H), 2.14 (m, 2H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H+) 313.1301, found 313.1299. 15

tert-Butyl 3-[1-[3-(N-(1-oxido)pyridin-2-ylamino)propvllindazol-5-vlcarbonvlaminol-2-(S)-(benzvloxvcarbonvlamino)propionate. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1129 Part D (312 mg, 1.0 20 mmol), tert-butyl 3-amino-2(S)-benzyloxycarbonylaminopropionate (prepared according to Mokitoff and Logue, J. Med. Chem. 1981, 24, 554; 294 mg, 1.0 mmol), 1hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (135 mg, 1.0 mmol), tetrahydrofuran (4 mL) and dry N, N-dimethylformamide (1 25 mL) was stirred on an ice bath. Dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (227 mg, 1.1 mmol) was added, and the mixture was stirred for 1 h. The ice bath was removed and stirring was continued for 3.5 h more. The mixture was filtered, and the solid was rinsed with tetrahydrofuran. 30 The filtrate was concentrated under vacuum, and the residue was taken up in ethyl acetate. The solution was washed with water, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by flash chromatography 35 (dichloromethane/methanol; 96:4, then 94:6) to provide

the title product (304 mg, 52%) as an off-white glass:

1H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & 8.00 (s, 1H), 8.11 (d, 1H), 8.07 (s,

1H), 7.76 (d, 1H), 7.4-7.2 (m, 6H), 7.18 (bt, 1H), 7.12
(t, 1H), 6.95 (bt, 1H), 6.53 (t, 1H), 6.39 (d, 1H), 6.10

(d, 1H), 5.11 (s, 2H), 4.50 (t, 3H), 3.88 (m, 2H), 3.21
(q, 2H), 2.31 (m, 2H), 1.48 (s, 9H); High resolution

mass spectrum (FAB) calculated (M+H+) 589.2775, found
589.2804.

- F. tert-Butyl 3-[1-[3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino)-propyl]-indazol-5-ylcarbonylaminol-2-(S)-aminopropionate. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1129 Part E (266 mg, 452 μmol) and 10% palladium on charcoal (65 mg) in ethanol (20 mL) was placed in a
- pressure bottle and agitated under an atmosphere of hydrogen (55 psig) for 100 h. The mixture was filtered through Celite® and the solids were rinsed with ethanol. The filtrate was concentrated under vacuum, and the residue was purified by flash chromatography
- 20 (dichloromethane:methanol, step gradient from 96:4, to 92.5:7.5) to provide the title product (100 mg, 50%) as a colorless glass:  $^{1}$ H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.21 (s, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 8.07 (d, 1H), 7.80 (d, 1H), 7.42 (d, 1H), 7.39 (t, 1H), 6.88 (bt, 1H), 6.56 (t, 1H), 6.33 (d, 1H), 4.90
- 25 (bt, 1H), 4.53 (t, 2H), 3.86 (m, 1H), 3.63 (m,1H), 3.52 (m, 1H), 3.28 (q, 2H), 2.26 (m, 2H), 1.90 (b, 2H), 1.48 (s, 9H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI)calculated (M+H<sup>+</sup>) 439.2458, found 439.2457.
- 30 G. tert-Butyl 3-[1-[3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino)-propyll-indazol-5-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(S)-(1-naphthalenesulfonyl-amino)propionate. A solution of the product prepared according to Example 1129 Part F (77 mg, 176 µmol) in dry tetrahydrofuran (2 mL) was treated with 4-(N,N-dimethylamino)pyridine (24 mg, 193 µmol), 1-naphthalene-
- dimethylamino)pyridine (24 mg, 193  $\mu$ mol), 1-naphthalenesulfonyl chloride (44 mg, 193  $\mu$ mol) and pyridine (16  $\mu$ L,

193 μmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 20 h, then was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (dichloromethane-methanol, 96:4) and rotary thin-layer chromatography (dichloromethane-methanol, 96:4) to provide the title product (90 mg, 82%) as a colorless glass: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.67 (d, 1H), 8.26 (d, 1H), 8.1-8.0 (m, 4H), 7.88 (d, 1H), 7.70 (m, 2H), 7.56 (m, 2H), 7.20 (m, 2H), 6.60 (m, 2H), 6.34 (d, 1H), 6.10 (bs. 1H), 3.63 (m, 1H), 4.53 (t, 2H), 3.95 (b, 1H), 3.80 (m, 1H), 3.63 (m, 1H), 3.28 (q, 2H), 2.28 (m, 2H), 1.12 (s, 9H); High resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated (M+H<sup>+</sup>) 629.2546, found 629.2526.

15 H. 3-[1-[3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino)-propyllindazol-5vlcarbonvlaminol-2-(S)-(1-naphthalenesulfonvlamino)propionic acid trifluoroacetate. A solution of the product prepared according to Example 1129 Part G (77 mg, 122 µmol) in dichloromethane (2 mL) was treated with trifluoroacetic acid (1 mL) and stirred at room 20 temperature for 3 h. The solution was concentrated under vacuum, toluene was added, and the solvent was again removed under vacuum. The residue was triturated in ether, and the resulting solid was collected by filtration to provide the title product (81 mg, 96%) as 25 a white powder:  ${}^{1}$ H NMR (DMSO- ${}^{4}$ 6)  $\delta$  8.60 (m, 3H), 8.39 (bt, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 8.09 (d, 2H), 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.90 (t, 2H), 7.83 (t, 1H), 7.67 (m, 3H), 7.55 (m, 2H), 6.97 (d, 1H), 6.81 (t, 1H), 4.56 (t, 2H), 4.08 (q, 1H), 3.53 (m, 1H), 3.30 (m, 3H), 2.18 (m, 2H); High resolution 30 mass spectrum (FAB) calculated (M+H+) 573.1947, found 573.1928.

Example 1129a

# 3-[1-[3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-ylcarbonylaminol-2(S)-(4-phenylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid trifluoroacetate

- A. tert-Butvl 3-[1-[3-(N-tert-butvloxycarbonvl-N-5 pyridin-2-ylamino)propyllindazol-5-ylcarbonylaminol-2(S)-(4-phenylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionate. Using the procedure of Example 1129 Part G, the product prepared according to Example 1094 Part A (86 mg, 159 10 µmol) and 4-phenylbenzenesulfonyl chloride were converted to the title product (116 mg, 97%): 1H NMR  $(CDC1_3)$   $\delta$  8.28 (m, 1H), 8.23 (2, 1H), 8.06 (s, 1H), 7.92 (d, 2H), 7.81 (d, 1H), 7.68 (d, 2H), 7.60 (m, 2H), 7.53 (m, 2H), 7.45 (m, 3H), 7.37 (d, 1H), 6.99 (m, 1H), 6.88 (bt, 1H), 5.75 (d, 1H), 4.45 (t, 2H), 4.01 (m, 4H), 3.62 15 (m, 1H), 2.31 (m, 2H), 1.43 (s, 9H), 1.30 (s, 9H): resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated (M+H+)
- B. 3-[1-[3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino) propyllindazol-5-yl-carbonylaminol-2(S)-(4-phenylbenzenesulfonylamino)-propionic acid trifluoroacetate Using the procedure of Example 1129 Part H, the product prepared according to Example 1129a Part A (108 mg, 143 μmol) was converted to the title product: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (MeOH-d<sub>4</sub>) δ 8.16 (s, 1H), 8.08 (s, 1H), 7.85 (d, 2H), 7.8-7.7 (m, 4H), 7.58 (d, 2H), 7.5-7.3 (m, 6H), 6.9-6.75 (m, 2H), 4.48 (t, 2H), 4.23 (m, 1H), 3.78 (dd, 1H), 3.50 (dd, 1H), 3.26 (m, 2H), 2.26 (m, 2H); High resolution mass spectrum (FAB)

755.3227, found 755.3200.

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# Example 1155

3-[1-[3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino)propyllindazol-5-ylcarbonylamino]-2(S)-(benzylaminosulfonylamino)propionic
acid trifluoroacetate

calculated (M+H+) 599.2077, found 599.2062.

A. rert-Butvl 3-[1-[3-(N-(tert-butvloxycarbonvl-Npvridin-2-vlamino)propvllindazol-5-vlcarbonvlaminol-2(S) - (benzylaminosulfonylamino) propionate. A solution of the product prepared according to Example 1094 Part A (131 mg, 188 µmol) in anhydrous tetrahydrofuran (5 mL) was treated with N-benzylsulfamoyl chloride (prepared according to the procedures of Audrieth and Sveda, J. Org. Chem. 1944, 9, 89-101, and Kloeck and Leschinsky, J. Org. Chem. 1976, 41, 4028-4029; 51 mg, 248 umol), 10 then with 4-(N,N-dimethylamino)pyridine (37 mg, 193  $\mu$ mol) and pyridine (19  $\mu$ L, 252  $\mu$ mol). The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 24 h, then was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexanes:ethyl acetate 45:55) to 15 provide the title product (92 mg, 70%) as a white solid:  $^{1}$ H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.27 (m, 1H), 8.18 (s, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.78 (d, 1H), 7.60 (m, 2H), 7.36 (d, 1H), 7.29 (m, 5H), 6.99 (m, 1H), 6.79 (bt, 1H), 5.62 (d, 1H), 4.75 (t, 1H), 4.44 (t, 2H), 4.23 (t, 2H), 4.15 (m, 1H), 4.00 (m, 20 2H), 3.95 (m, 1H), 3.76 (m, 1H), 2.31 (m, 2H), 1.48 (s, 9H), 1.43 (s, 9H); High resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated (M+H+) 708.3179, found 708.3205

B. 3-[1-[3-(N-pyridin-2-yl)aminopropyllindazol-5-yl]carbonylamino-2(S)-benzylaminosulfonylaminopropionic
acid trifluoroacetate. Using the procedure of Example
1129 Part H, the product prepared according to Example
1155 Part A (21 mg, 30 μmol) was converted to the title
product (19 mg, 96%): ¹H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ 8.56 (m, 2H),
8.33 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.90-7.70 (m, 4H), 7.49 (d,
1H), 7.43 (t, 1H), 7.23 (m, 5H), 6.96 (d, 1H), 6.80 (t,
1H), 4.56 (t, 2H), 4.20-3.60 (m, 5H), 3.59 (m, 2H), 2.18
(t, 2H); High resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated
35 (M+H+) 552.2029, found 552.2042.

#### Example 1178b

3-[1-[3-(N-3.4.5.6-Tetrahvdropyrimidin-2-ylamino)propyllindazol-5-ylcarbonylamino]-2(S)-(2.4.6-trimethylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid trifluoroacetate

A. 1-(3-Benzyloxycarbonylaminopropyl)-5-ethoxycarbonylindazole. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1129 Part B (5.0 g, 18 mmol) and triethylamine (7.5 mL, 19 mmol) in dichloromethane (100 10 mL) was cooled on an ice bath and treated with benzyl chloroformate (2.7 mL, 19 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 h, then was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane and washed with water several times, 15 then was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, filtered and concentrated to provide the title product (3.4 g, 49%) as a white solid. While this material was suitable for further use, it could be purified by flash chromatography (dichloromethane: methanol 95:5): 1H NMR 20 (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.50 (s, 1H), 8.06 (m, 2H), 7.38 (m, 6H), 5.20 (bm, 1H), 5.02 (s, 2H), 4.42 (m, 4H), 3.18 (m, 2H), 2.18 (m, 2H), 1.40 (m, 3H); Mass spectrum (ESI) m/z 382.5  $(100%, M+H^+).$ 

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B. 1-(3-Benzyloxycarbonylaminopropyl)-5-carboxyindazole. A mixture of the product prepared according
to Example 1178b Part A (3.08 g, 8.07 mmol), lithium
hydroxide hydrate (678 mg, 16.2 mmol), ethanol (160 mL)

30 and water (40 mL) was stirred at room temperature.
Tetrahydrofuran was added until the mixture was
homogeneous, then stirring was continued for 5 days.
The solution was concentrated, and the residue was taken
up in water. The mixture was washed with ethyl acetate,
35 and the aqueous phase was acidified to pH 4-5 with
aqueous hydrochloric acid (1.0 M). This mixture was

then extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, filtered and concentrated to provide the title product (1.6 g, 56%) as a sticky solid:  $^{1}\text{H}$  NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  8.44 (s, 1H), 8.26 (s, 1H), 7.93 (d, 1H), 7.72 (d, 1H), 7.35 (m, 5H), 5.00 (s, 2H), 4.46 (t, 2H), 3.01 (m, 2H), 1.98 (m, 2H).

- C. N2-(2.4.6 trimethylbenzenesulfonyl)-L-asparagine. L- Asparagine (20.0 g, 0.15 mol) was suspended in a mixture of tetrahydrofuran (130 mL) and water (250 mL). 10 Triethylamine (68 mL, 0.48 mol) was added, followed by mesitylenesulfonyl chloride (49.7 g, 0.23 mol) added over 20 min. The reaction mixture became slightly warmer and the solids dissolved to yield a yellow solution. The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 h at 15 room temperature, then washed twice with ether, and twice with dichloromethane. The aqueous layer was acidified to pH 1.5 with concentrated aqueous HCl. during which time a thick precipitate formed. After 20 being stirred for 30 min the solid was collected by filtration, washed with water and dried to yield the title product (34.1 g, 72%) as a white solid: m.p.193.5-195°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$ 12.58 (bs, 1H), 7.82 (d, 1H), 7.32 (bs, 1H), 6.99 (s, 2H), 6.88 (bs, 1H), 3.98 (m, 25 1H), 2.55 (s, 6H), 2.45 (dd, 1H), 2.28 (dd, 1H), 2.24 (s, 3H); Mass spectrum (ESI) m/z 315.2, (100%, M+H+).
- D. 3-Amino-2-(S)-(2.4.6-trimethylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid. Sodium hydroxide (32 g, 0.80 mol), was

  dissolved in water (200 mL) and cooled in an ice bath.

  Bromine (6.2 mL, 0.12 mol) was added dropwise over 5 min
  and the mixture was allowed to stir for 15 min. The
  product prepared according to Example 1178b Part C

  (31.44 g, 0.10 mol) was added in several portions over a

  period of ca. 10 min, during which time the yellow color
  faded. After stirring for 15 min more, the reaction

mixture was heated rapidly to an internal temperature of ca. 85°C. After 1h, the reaction mixture was allowed to cool to room temperature, then cooled in an ice bath. The reaction mixture was cautiously acidified to pH 6 with concentrated aqueous HCl, during which time a solid formed and gas was evolved. The solid was collected by filtration, washed with cold water, and allowed to dry overnight to provide the title product (23.9 g, 83%) as a white solid: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) & 7.06 (s, 2H), 3.07 (dd, 1H), 3.35 (broad), 2.94 (dd, 1H), 2.80 (dd, 1H), 2.59 (s, 6H), 2.26 (s, 3H); Mass spectrum (ESI) m/z 287.2 (100%, M+H<sup>+</sup>).

E. <u>tert-Butvl 3-amino-2-(S)-(2, 4, 6-trimethylbenzene-</u> 15 sulfonvlamino) propionate. The product prepared according to Example 1178b Part D (11.45 g, 0.04 mol) was placed in a pressure bottle and dissolved in dioxane (170 mL). Concentrated sulfuric acid (11 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was cooled in a dry ice-20 acetone bath. Liquid isobutylene (ca. 185 mL) was added, and the bottle was sealed and agitated for 114 h. The bottle was de-pressurized, then purged with nitrogen for a brief time. The reaction mixture was poured into a rapidly stirred mixture of water (225 mL) containing 25 sodium hydroxide (17 g) and ether (600 mL) which had been pre-cooled in an ice bath. The layers were separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with additional ether. These organic extracts were discarded. The pH of the aqueous layer was carefully 30 adjusted with concentrated aqueous HCl to pH 11.0 and extracted four times with ether. The organic layers from the pH 11 extraction were combined, dried with anhydrous sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated to yield the title product (8.64g, 63%) as a viscous oil which 35 gradually solidified: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  6.95 (s, 2H), 3.69 (m, 1H), 2.93 (m, 2H), 2.67 (s, 6H), 2.28 (s, 3H),

1.28 (s, 9H); Mass spectrum (ESI) m/z 343.3 (100%, M+H+).

- F. tert-Butyl 3-[1-(3-benzyloxycarbonylaminopropyl)indazol-5-vlcarbonvlaminol-2(S)+(2.4.6-trimethylbenzenesulfonvlamino)propionate. Using the procedure of Example 1129 Part E, the product prepared according to Example 1178b Part B (100 mg, 283 µmol) and the product prepared according to Example 1178b Part E (107 mg, 283 µmol) were converted to the title product (130 mg, 68%) 10 as a yellowish solid:  $^{1}H$  NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.24 (s, 1H), 8.09 (s, 1H), 7.85 (d, 1H), 7.42 (d, 1H), 7.36 (m, 5H), 6.93 (s, 2H), 6.83 (m, 1H), 5.78 (d, 1H), 5.09 (s, 2H), 4.47 (t, 2H), 4.02 (m, 1H), 3.84 (m, 1H), 3.7-3.4 (m, 2H), 3.18 (m, 2H), 2.66 (s, 6H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 2.15 (m, 15 2H), 1.21 (s, 9H); Mass spectrum (ESI) m/z 678.4 (41%,  $M+H^+)$ .
- tert-Butyl 3-[1-(3-aminopropyl)-indazol-5-vlcarbonvlaminol-2(S)-(2.4.6-trimethylbenzenesulfonyl-20 aminoloropionate. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1178b Part F (50 mg, 74 µmol), palladium hydroxide on charcoal (Pearlman's catalyst; 15 mg), 1,4-cyclohexa-diene (1 mL) and methanol (2 mL) was heated at reflux. After 4 h, the mixture was cooled and 25 filtered through Celite®, and the solids were rinsed with methanol. The filtrate was concentrated under vacuum to provide the title product (34 mg, 85%) as a solid which was used in subsequent reactions without further purification:  ${}^{1}H$  NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.03 (s, 1H), 30 7.80-7.65 (m, 3H), 7.31 (d, 1H), 6.84 (s,H), 4.40 (m, 2H), 4.02 (m, 1H), 3.78 (m, 2H), 3.06 (m, 2H), 2.63 (m, 1H), 2.59 (s, 6H), 2.27 (m, 2H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 1.23 (s, 9H); Mass spectrum (ESI) m/z 544.5 (100%, M+H+).

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H. tert-Butyl 3-[1-[3-(N-3,4,5,6-tetrahydropyrimidin-2vlamino) propyll-indazol-5-ylcarbonylaminol-2(S)-(2,4,5trimethylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionate hydriodide. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1178b Part G (100 mg, 184 µmol) and 2-methylthio-3,4,5,6-tetrahydropyrimidine hydriodide (57 mg, 221 umol) in pyridine (5 mL) was heated at 120 °C. After 16 h, the mixture was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (dichloromethane: methanol, step 10 gradient from 95:5 to 90:10) to provide the title product (37 mg, 27%):  ${}^{1}H$  NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.30 (s, 1H), 8.10 (bm, 1H), 8.08 (s, 1H), 7.92 (d, 1H), 7.85 (t, 1H), 7.51 (d, 1H), 7.10 (bt, 1H), 6.95 (s, 2H), 4.47 (m, 2H), 3.95 (m, 1H), 3.85 (m, 1H), 3.61 (m, 1H), 3.44 (m, 4H), 15 3.27 (m, 2H), 2.64 (s, 6H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 2.15 (m, 2H), 2.00 (m, 2H), 1.30 (s, 9H); Mass spectrum (ESI) m/z 626.5 (100%, M+H+).

I. 3-[1-[3-(N-3.4.5.6-Tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino)propyllindazol-5-ylcarbonylamino]-2(S)-(2.4.6-trimethylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid trifluoroacetate.
Using the procedure of Example 1129 Part H, the product
prepared according to Example 1178b Part H was converted
to the title product: ¹H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ 8.46 (bt, 1H),
8.24 (s. 1H), 8.19 (s. 1H), 8.07 (d. 1H), 7.79 (d. 1H),
7.32 (bt, 1H), 6.84 (s. 2H), 4.47 (t. 2H), 4.02 (m. 1H),
3.6-3.4 (m. 2H), 3.21 (m. 4H), 3.03 (m. 2H), 2.52 (s.
6H), 2.07 (s. 3H), 2.05 (m. 2H), 1.78 (m. 2H); Mass
spectrum (ESI) m/z 570.5 (100%, M+H+).

## Example 1198

3-[1-[3-(N-4.5-Dihydroimidazol-2-ylamino)propyllindazol-5-ylcarbonylaminol-2(S)-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)propionic acid trifluoroacetate

A. 1-(3-aminopropyl)-5-ethoxycarbonylindazole. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1081 Part A (4.20 g, 11.1 mmol), ethanol (75 mL), dry tetrahydrofuran (75 mL) and anhydrous hydrazine (1.5 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 16 h. Dry tetrahydrofuran (100 mL) was added, the mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated to provide the title product, which was used directly in the subsequent reaction without purification: ¹H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.51 (s, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 8.06 (d, 1H), 7.46 (d, 1H), 4.52 (t, 2H), 4.41 (q, 2H), 2.68 (t, 2H), 2.06 (m, 2H), 1.72 (bs, 2H), 1.43 (t, 3H).

- B. 1-[3-(N-4.5-Dihydroimidazol-2-vlamino) propyll-5ethoxycarbonylindazole hydriodide. The crude product of Example 1198 Part A was combined with 2-methylthio-4,5dihydroimidazole hydriodide (2.71 g, 11.1 mmol) and pyridine (125 mL), and the mixture was heated at 80°C
- for 5 h. The mixture was allowed to cool to room temperature and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (dichloromethane: methanol 80:20) to provide the title product (3.73 g, 75%) as a gum: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) & 8.50 (s, 1H), 8.30 (s,
- 25 1H), 8.24 (bs, 1H), 7.98 (d, 1H), 7.75 (d, 1H), 4.49 (t, 2H), 4.34 (q, 2H), 3.57 (s, 4H), 3.13 (m, 2H), 2.05 (m, 2H), 1.35 (t, 3H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H+) 316.1774, found 316.1765.
- 30 C. rert-Butyl 3-[1-[3-(N-4.5-Dihydroimidazol-2-yl-amino)propyllindazol-5-ylcarbonylaminol-2(S)(benzyloxycarbonylamino)propionate hydrochloride. A
  mixture of the product prepared according to Example
  1198 Part B (3.39 g, 7.64 mmol), aqueous sodium

  35 hydroxide (1.0 M; 16 mL, 16 mmol) and ethanol (35 mL)
  was stirred at reflux for 16 h. The mixture was allowed

to cool to room temperature and was treated with aqueous hydrochloric acid (1.0 M; 16 mL, 16 mmol). The solvent was evaporated under vacuum, benzene was added and solvent was again evaporated. A portion of the resulting residue (77 mg, 240 µmol) was combined with tert-butyl 3-amino-2(S)-benzyloxycarbonylaminopropionate (prepared according to Mokotoff and Logue, J. Med. Chem. 1981, 24, 554; 70 mg, 240 μmol), 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (60 mg, 313 µmol), 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (10 mg), 10 dry N, N-dimethylformamide (5 mL) and triethylamine (0.1 mL), and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 h. The mixture was concentrated under vacuum and benzene (20 mL) was added. The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by flash 15 chromatography (dichloromethane: methanol 90:10) to provide the title product (122 mg, 85%) as a yellow gum: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  8.53 (bt, 1H), 8.30 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s+m, 2H), 7.88 (d, 1H), 7.71 (d, 1H), 7.70 (m, 1H), 7.34 (m, 5H), 5.04 (s, 2H), 4.47 (t, 2H), 4.23 (m, 1H), 20 3.75-3.50 (m, 2H), 3.55 (s, 4H), 3.12 (q, 2H), 2.06 (m, 2H), 1.33 (s, 9H); High resolution mass spectrum ( $NH_3$ -CI) calculated (M+H+) 564.2934, found 564.2959.

D. 3-(1-[3-(N-4.5-Dihydroimidazol-2-vlamino) propyllindazol-5-vlcarbonylamino) -2(S)-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-propionic acid trifluoroacetate. Using the
procedure of Example 1081 Part H, the product prepared
according to Example 1198 Part C (108 mg, 180 μmol) was
converted to the title product (74 mg, 75%) as a
hygroscopic, off-white solid: ¹H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ 8.57
(bt, 1H), 8.31 (s, 1H), 8.28 (m, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.88
(d, 1H), 7.72 (d, 1H), 7.62 (m, 1H), 7.32 (m, 5H), 5.02
(s, 2H), 4.47 (t, 2H), 4.29 (m, 1H), 3.65 (m, 2H), 3.55
(s, 4H), 3.11 (q, 2H), 2.06 (m, 2H); High resolution

mass spectrum (FAB) calculated (M+H+) 508.2308, found 508.2323.

### Example 1213

3-:1-:3-(N-4.5-Dihydroimidazol-2-ylamino)propyllindazol-5-ylcarbonylaminol-2(S)-(benzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid trifluoroacetate

10 tert-Butyl 3-[1-[3-(N-4.5-dihydroimidazol-2-ylamino)propyllindazol-5-ylcarbonylaminol-2(S)-(benzenesulfonvlamino) propionate hydrochloride. A mixture of tert-butyl 3-benzyloxycarbonylamino-2-(S)-benzenesulfonylaminopropionate (200 mg, 460 µmol), methanol (15 15 mL) and 10% palladium on charcoal (25 mg) was stirred at room temperature. Hydrogen gas was bubbled through the solution for 5 minutes, and a hydrogen-filled balloon was then placed on the reaction flask. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 h, then was filtered through Celite. The solids were washed with methanol 20 and the filtrate was concentrated. The residue was mixed with a portion of the intermediate residue obtained in Example 1198 Part C (149 mg, 460 µmol), 1ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (120 mg, 626 µmol), 1-hydroxybenzotriazole 25 hydrate (20 mg), dry N, N-dimethylformamide (10 mL) and triethylamine (0.2 mL). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 h. The solvent was removed under vacuum and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (dichloromethane:ethanol 75:25) to 30 provide the title product (220 mg, 78%) as a gum: 1H NMR (CDC1<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.66-7.04 (m, 13H), 5.99 (bs, 1H), 4.52-1.98 (m, 15H), 1.30 (s. 9H); High resolution mass spectrum calculated (M+H+) 570.2499, found 570.2503.

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B.  $3-(1-(3-(N-4.5-Dihydroimidazol-2-ylamino) propyl)-indazol-5-ylcarbonylaminol-2(S)-(benzenesulfonylamino)-propionic acid trifluoroacetate. Using the procedure of Example 1081 Part H, the product prepared according to Example 1213 Part A (202 mg, 333 <math>\mu$ mol) was converted to the title product (151 mg, 82%) as a hygroscopic solid: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  8.56-7.08 (m, 15H), 4.54-2.01 (m, 13H); High resolution mass spectrum calculated (M+H+) 514.1873, found 514.1879.

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### Example 1216b

3-[1-[3-(N-4.5-Dihydroimidazol-2-vlamino)propyl]indazol-5-vlcarbonylamino]-2(S)-(2.4.6-trimethylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid trifluoroacetate

- A. tert-Butyl 3-[1-[3-(N-4.5-dihydroimidazol-2-ylamino)propvllindazol-5-vlcarbonvlamino-2(S)-(2,4,6trimethylbenzenesulfonylamino) propionate hydriodide. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 20 1178b Part G (60 mg, 110 µmol), 2-methylthioimidazoline hydriodide (32 mg, 130 µmol) and pyridine (5 mL) was heated on an oil bath at 120 °C. After 16 h, the mixture was cooled to room temperature and concentrated 25 under vacuum. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (dichloromethane: methanol, step gradient from 98:2 to 90:10) to provide the title product (30 mg, 37%): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.03 (s, 1H), 7.82 (s, 1H), 7.73 (d, 1H), 7.70 (bm, 1H), 7.31 (d, 1H), 6.84 (s, 1H), 4.39 30 (m, 2H), 3.99 (m, 1H), 3.78 (m, 2H), 3.48 (s, 4H), 3.01 (m, 2H), 2.60 (s, 6H), 2.21 (m, 2H), 2.17 (s, 3H), 1.24 (s, 9H); High resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated  $(M+H^+)$  612.2968, found 612.2975.
- 35 B. 3-[1-[3-(N-4.5-Dihydroimidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-ylcarbonylaminol-2(S)-(2.4.6-trimethylbenzene-

sulfonylamino) propionic acid trifluoroacetate. Using the procedure of Example 1129 Part H, followed by purification by preparative reverse phase high pressure liquid chromatography (acetonitrile:water containing 0.05% trifluoroacetic acid; gradient from 10:90 to 90:10), the product prepared according to Example 1216b Part A was converted to the title product (15 mg, 48%): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (MeOH-d<sub>4</sub>) & 8.16 (s, 2H), 7.79 (d, 1H), 7.59 (d, 1H), 6.76 (s, 2H), 4.52 (t, 2H), 4.16 (dd, 1H), 3.77 (dd, 1H), 3.59 (s, 4H), 3.47 (dd, 1H), 3.16 (m, 2H), 2.57 (s, 6H), 2.18 (m, 2H), 2.02 (s, 3H); High resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated (M+H+) 556.2372, found 556.2342.

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# Example 1326b

3-[1-[1-(RS)-Methyl-3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino)propyllindazol-5-ylcarbonylamino]-2(S)-(2,4,6-trimethylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid trifluoroacetate

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A. 1-(1-(RS)-methyl-2-cyanoethyl)-5-ethoxycarbonylindazole. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1050e Part C (1.90 g, 10 mmol), crotononitrile (4.9 mL, 60 mmol), sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide (1.0 M in tetrahydrofuran; 0.5 mL, 0.5 mmol) and ethanol (20 mL) was heated at reflux for 18 h. The solution was cooled to room temperature and treated with aqueous hydrochloric acid (1.0 M; 0.5 mL). was removed under vacuum, and the residue was taken up in dichloromethane and washed with water. The organic phase was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexanes:ethyl acetate 60:40) to provide the title product (2.49 g, 96%) as a viscous syrup which gradually solidified on standing:  ${}^{1}\text{H}$  NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.53 (s, 1H), 8.17 (s, 1H),

8.11 (d, 1H), 7.45 (d, 1H), 5.03 (m, 1H), 4.41 (q, 2H), 3.05 (m, 2H), 1.74 (d, 3H), 1.43 (t, 3H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H<sup>+</sup>) 258.1243, found 258.1248.

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- B. 1-(1-(RS)-methyl-3-aminopropyl)-5-ethoxycarbonyl-indazole hydrochloride. Using the procedure of Example 1129 Part B, the product prepared according to Example 1326b Part A (2.0 g, 7.8 mmol) was converted into the 10 title product (2.22 g, 96%) as a pale yellow, hygroscopic glass: ¹H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ 8.48 (s, 1H), 8.33 (s, 1H), 8.10 (bs, 3H), 7.96 (d, 1H), 7.88 (d, 1H), 5.11 (m, 1H), 4.34 (q, 2H), 2.75 (bm, 1H), 2.45 (bm, 1H), 2.30 (bm, 1H), 2.15 (bm, 1H), 1.49 (d, 3H), 1.35 (t, 3H); high resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H<sup>+</sup>) 262.1556, found 262.1561.
- C. 1-(1-(RS)-methyl-3-[N-(1-oxido)pyridin-2-ylaminol-propyl)-5-ethoxycarbonylindazole. Using the procedure of Example 1081 Part C, the product prepared according to Example 1326b Part B (596 mg, 2.0 mmol) was converted into the title product (312 mg, 44%) as a tan glass: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & 8.52 (s, 1H), 8.18 (s, 1H), 8.09 (d, 1H), 7.98 (d, 1H), 7.38 (d, 1H), 6.99 (t, 1H), 6.82 (bt, 1H), 6.51 (d, 1H), 4.90 (m, 1H), 4.41 (q, 2H), 3.12 (m, 1H), 2.95 (m, 1H), 2.61 (m, 1H), 2.22 (m, 1H), 1.62 (d, 3H), 1.42 (t, 3H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H<sup>+</sup>) 355.1770, found 355.1771.
- D. 1-(1-(RS)-methyl-3-(N-pyridin-2-ylaminolpropyl)-5ethoxycarbonylindazole. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1326b Part C (292 mg, 824 μmol), polymer-supported triphenylphosphine (550 mg, ca. 1.65 mmol) and N,N-dimethylformamide (5 mL) was heated on an oil bath at 160 °C. After 18.5 h, an additional aliquot of polymer-supported triphenylphosphine (550 mg)

was added, and the reaction was heated for 24 h more. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and filtered. The solid was washed with N, N-dimethylformamide, and the filtrate was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (dichloromethane: methanol 96:4) and rotary thin-layer chromatography (dichloromethane: methanol 97:3) to provide the title product (189 mg, 67%) as a pale yellow gum which gradually solidified on standing:  $^{1}\text{H}$  NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.52 (s, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 8.05-8.00 (m, 2H), 7.41 (d, 1H),10 7.33 (t, 1H), 6.54 (t, 1H), 6.19 (d, 1H), 4.87 (m, 1H), 4.50-4.30 (m, 3H), 3.16 (m, 1H), 3.05 (m, 1H), 2.45 (m, 1H), 2.23 (m, 1H), 1.61 (d, 3H), 1.42 (t, 3H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H+) 339.1821, found 339.1832. 15

E. 1-(1-(RS)-methyl-3-(N-pyridin-2-ylaminolpropyl)-5-carboxyindazole. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1326b Part D (180 mg, 532 μmol), aqueous sodium hydroxide (1.0 M; 2.13 mL, 2.13 mmol) and ethanol (4 mL) was heated to reflux. After 4.25 h, the solution was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was used directly in the next reaction without purification or characterization.

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F. tert-Butyl 3-[1-[1-(RS)-methyl-3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino) propyllindazol-5-ylcarbonylaminol-2-(S)-(2.4.6-trimethylbenzenesulfonylamino) propionate. The product of Example 1326b Part E was combined with the product prepared according to Example 1178b Part E (183 mg, 535 μmol), 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (72 mg, 535 μmol), N.N-dimethylformamide (8 mL), and triethylamine (1 drop), and the mixture was treated with dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (121 mg, 589 μmol) and stirred at room temperature. After 21.75 h, the mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and filtered. The filtrate

was concentrated under vacuum, and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (dichloromethane: methanol 97:3) to provide the title product (286 mg, 85%) as a colorless glass:  $^{1}H$  NMR (CDCl3)  $\delta$  8.21 (s,

- 5 1H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 8.04 (dd, 1H), 7.77 (dt, 1H), 7.40 (d, 1H), 7.33 (t, 1H), 6.93 (s, 2H), 6.87 (bt, 1H), 6.53 (dd, 1H), 6.18 (d, 1H), 6.01 (bs, 1H), 4.86 (bm, 1H), 4.51 (m, 1H), 4.0-3.8 (m, 2H), 3.65 (m, 1H), 3.15 (m, 1H), 3.03 (m, 1H), 2.66 (s, 6H), 2.44 (m, 1H), 2.26 (s,
- 10 3H), 2.22 (m, 1H) 1.61 (d, 3H), 1.30 (s, 9H); High resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated (M+H+) 635.3016, found 635.3019.
- G. 3-[1-[1-(RS)-Methyl-3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino)propyllindazol-5-ylcarbonylaminol-2(S)-(2.4.6-trimethylbenzenesulfonyl)aminopropionic acid trifluoroacetate Using the procedure of Example 1129 Part H, the product prepared according to Example 1326b Part F (109 mg, 172 μmol) was converted to the title product (92 mg, 77%) as a white powder: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ 8.43 (bt, 2H), 8.27 (s, 1H), 8.17 (s, 1H), 8.06 (d, 1H), 7.8-7.6 (m, 4H), 6.87 (d, 1H), 6.82 (d, 2H), 6.74 (t, 1H), 5.02 (m, 1H), 4.02 (q, 1H), 3.57 (m, 1H), 3.40 (m, 1H), 3.07 (m, 2H), 2.53 (s, 6H), 2.37 (m, 1H), 2.21 (m, 1H), 2.05 (s, 3H), 1.52 (d,
- 25 3H); High resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated  $(M+H^+)$  579.2390, found 579.2405.

### Example 1326f .

- 30 3-[1-[3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]-3-phenylindazol-5-ylcarbonylaminol-2(S)-(2.4.6-trimethylbenzenesulfonyl-amino)propionic acid trifluoroacetate
- A. 3-Bromo-5-ethoxycarbonvlindazole. A solution of the product prepared according to Example 1050e Part C (3.80 g, 20 mmol) in acetic acid (120 mL) was stirred at room

temperature and treated with bromine (1.55 mL, 30 mmol). The mixture was stirred in the dark for 51 h, then was poured into water (600 mL). The resulting slurry was stirred at room temperature and treated with small portions of solid sodium bisulfite, whereupon the original orange color faded to almost white. After stirring 20 min more, the solid was collected by filtration, rinsed with water and dried to provide the title product (5.14 g, 96%) as a white solid. While 10 pure enough for use in subsequent reactions, this material could be purified further by flash chromatography (hexanes:ethyl acetate 70:30): 1H NMR  $(DMSO-d_6)$   $\delta$  13.80 (bs, 1H), 8.20 (d, 1H), 8.01 (dd, 1H), 7.69 (d, 1H), 4.36 (q, 2H), 1.37 (t, 3H); Mass spectrum 15  $(NH_3-CI)$  m/z 269 (100%), 271 (95%)  $(M+H^+)$ .

B. 3-Phenyl-5-ethoxycarbonylindazole. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1326f Part A (2.69 g, 10.0 mmol), phenylboronic acid (1.71 g, 14.0 mmol), triethylamine (5.6 mL, 40.0 mmol), and N, N-20 dimethylformamide (20 mL) was purged of oxygen by bubbling with nitrogen for 20 min. Tetrakis-(triphenylphosphine)palladium (580 mg, 500 µmol) was added, and the mixture was heated on an oil bath at 110 'C under nitrogen. After 48 h, the mixture was cooled 25 to room temperature and diluted with water. The mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate, and the organic phase was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexanes:ethyl acetate 80:20) to 30 provide the title product (542 mg, 20%) as a white solid:  ${}^{1}H$  NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  11.44 (bs, 1H), 8.78 (s, 1H), 8.06 (d, 1H), 8.01 (d, 2H), 7.57 (t, 2H), 7.49 (t, 1H), 7.30 (d, 1H), 4.44 (q, 2H), 1.43 (t, 3H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H<sup>+</sup>) 35 267.1134, found 267.1132.

C. 1-(2-Cvanoethyl)-3-phenyl-5-ethoxycarbonylindazole.

Using the procedure of Example 1129 Part A, followed by purification by flash chromatography (hexanes:ethyl acetate 70:30), the product prepared according to Example 1326f Part B (266 mg, 1.0 mmol) was converted to the title product (263 mg, 82%) as a white solid: mp 99-102 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl3) & 8.77 (s, 1H), 8.16 (d, 1H), 7.96 (m, 2H), 7.60-7.40 (m, 4H), 4.73 (t, 2H), 4.43 (q, 2H), 3.10 (t, 2H), 1.44 (t, 3H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH3-CI) calculated (M+H+) 320.1399, found 320.1386.

D. 1-(3-aminopropyl)-3-phenyl-5-ethoxycarbonylindazole
hydrochloride. Using the procedure of Example 1129 Part
B, the product prepared according to Example 1326f Part
C (214 mg, 670 μmol) was converted to the title product
(260 mg, >100%) as a tan solid which was not purified,
but was used directly in subsequent reactions: <sup>1</sup>H NMR
DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ 8.64 (s, 1H), 8.05 (d, 1H), 8.0-7.9 (m), 7.60
(t, 2H), 7.49 (m, 1H), 4.63 (t, 2H), 4.37 (q, 2H), 2.90
(m, 2H), 2.18 (m, 2H), 1.36 (t, 3H); High resolution
mass spectrum (ESI) calculated (M+H+) 323.1634, found
323.1645.

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- E. 1-[3-(N-(1-oxido)pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]-3-phenyl-5-ethoxycarbonylindazole. Using the procedure of Example 1081 Part C, the crude product of Example 1326f Part D was converted into the title product (122 mg,
- 30 43%) as a tan glass: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.78 (s, 1H), 8.13 (d, 1H), 8.07 (d, 1H), 7.99 (d, 2H), 7.55 (t, 2H), 7.47 (d, 1H), 7.42 (d, 1H), 7.09 (t, 1H), 6.97 (bt, 1H), 6.56 (t, 1H), 6.47 (d, 1H), 4.59 (t, 2H), 4.43 (q, 2H), 3.32 (q, 2H), 2.41 (m, 2H), 1.43 (t, 3H); High resolution
- 35 mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H $^+$ ) 417.1927, found 417.1918.

F. 1-[3-(N-pyridin-2-vlamino)propyll-3-phenyl-5-ethoxycarbonylindazole. Using the procedure of Example 1129 Part F, the product prepared according to Example 1326f Part E (106 mg, 255 μmol) was converted to the title product (39 mg, 38%) as a glass: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.77 (s, 1H), 8.08 (m, 2H), 7.98 (d, 2H), 7.54 (t, 2H), 7.5-7.3 (m, 3H), 6.56 (t, 1H), 6.32 (d, 1H), 4.77 (bt, 1H), 4.55 (t, 2H), 4.42 (q, 2H), 3.35 (q, 2H), 2.30 (m, 2H), 1.43 (t, 3H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H+) 401.1978, found 401.1977.

Denzenesulfonylamino)propionate. Using the procedures of Example 1326b Parts E and F, the product prepared according to Example 1326f Part F (38 mg, 95 μmol) was converted to the title product (59 mg, 89%) as a glass: 1H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.57 (s, 1H), 8.08 (d, 1H), 8.01 (d, 2H), 7.85 (d, 1H), 7.53 (t, 2H), 7.5-7.4 (m, 3H), 6.97 (m, 1H), 6.92 (s, 2H), 6.57 (dd, 1H), 6.33 (d, 1H), 5.86 (d, 1H), 4.57 (t, 2H), 3.98 (m, 1H), 3.83 (m, 1H), 3.53 (m, 1H), 3.35 (q, 2H), 2.65 (s, 6H), 2.31 (m, 2H), 2.24 (s, 3H), 1.31 (s, 9H); High resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated (M+H+) 697.3172, found 692.3184.

G. <u>rert-Butyl 3-[1-[3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]-3-</u> phenylindazol-5-ylcarbonylaminol-2(S)-(2.4.6-trimethyl-

H. 3-[1-[3-(N-pyridin-2-yl)aminopropyl]-3-phenyl-indazol-5-yl]carbonylamino-2(S)-(2.4.6-trimethylbenzene-sulfonyl)aminopropionic acid trifluoroacetate. Using
 the procedure of Example 1129 Part H, the product prepared according to Example 1326f Part G (44 mg, 63 μmol) was converted to the title product (32 mg, 80%) as an off-white powder: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ 8.61 (bt, 1H), 8.38 (s, 1H), 8.08 (d, 1H), 8.01 (d, 2H), 7.88 (d, 1H), 7.82 (d, 1H), 7.75 (d, 1H), 7.71 (bm, 1H), 7.57 (t, 2H), 7.47 (t, 1H), 6.86 (bd, 1H), 6.72 (bt, 1H), 6.70 (s,

2H), 4.61 (t, 2H), 4.07 (m, 1H), 3.58 (m, 1H), 3.5-3.3 (m, 3H), 2.51 (s, 6H), 2.23 (m, 2H), 1.92 (s, 3H); High resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated (M+H+) 641.2546, found 641.2569.

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#### Example 1326q

3-[1-[3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]-3-(2-phenylethyl)indazol-5-ylcarbonylamino]-2(S)-(2.4.6-trimethylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid trifluoroacetate

- A. 3-Phenylethynyl-5-ethoxycarbonylindazole. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1326f Part A (269 mg, 1.0 mmol), triphenylphosphine (21 mg, 80 μmol), copper(I) iodide (8 mg, 40 μmol), phenylacetylene
- μmol), copper(I) iodide (8 mg, 40 μmol), phenylacetylene (165 μL, 1.5 mmol) and diethylamine (5 mL) was purged of oxygen by bubbling with nitrogen for 35 min. Bis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(II) chloride (14 mg, 20 μmol) was then added, and the mixture was heated to reflux
- under nitrogen. After 16.5 h, the mixture was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexanes:ethyl acetate 80:20) to provide the title product (227 mg, 78%) as a yellowish solid: <sup>1</sup>H NMR
- 25 (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.66 (s, 1H), 8.13 (d, 1H), 7.68 (m, 2H), 7.55 (d, 1H), 7.42 (m, 3H), 4.45 (q, 2H), 1.45 (t, 3H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H<sup>+</sup>) 291.1134, found 291.1111.
- 30 B. 1-(2-Cyanoethyl)-3-(2-phenylethynyl)-5-ethoxycarbonylindazole. Using the procedure of Example 1129
  Part A, the product prepared according to Example 1326g
  Part A (278 mg, 958 μmol) was converted to the title
  product (254 mg, 77%) as a tan solid: mp 90-94 °C; ¹H
  35 NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.63 (s, 1H), 8.17 (d, 1H), 7.67 (m, 2H),
  7.52 (d, 1H), 7.42 (m, 3H), 4.70 (t, 2H), 4.45 (g, 2H),

3.09 (t, 2H), 1.46 (t, 3H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H $^+$ ) 344.1399, found 344.1391.

- C. 1-(3-Aminopropyl)-3-(2-phenylethyl)-5-ethoxy-carbonylindazole hydrochloride. Using the procedure of Example 1129 Part B, the product prepared according to Example 1326g Part B (240 mg, 699 μmol) was converted to the title product (277 mg, >100%) as a pale yellow solid which was not purified, but was used directly in subsequent reactions: ¹H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ 4.50 (m, 2H), 3.28 (t, 2H), 3.05 (t, 2H), 2.80 (m, 2H), 2.10 (m, 2H).
- D. 1-(3-(N-(1-oxido))pyridin-2-ylaminolpropyll-3-(2phenylethyl)-5-ethoxycarbonylindazole. Using the procedure of Example 1081 Part C, the crude product of Example 1326g Part C was converted into the title product (145 mg, 46%) as a pale yellow glass which was not purified but was used in subsequent reactions: Mass spectrum (ESI) m/z 445.4 (100%, M+H+).
- E. 1-[3-[N-pyridin-2-vlaminolpropyll-3-(2-phenylethyl)5-ethoxycarbonylindazole. Using the procedure of
  Example 1326b Part D, the impure product of Example
  25 1326g Part D was converted to the title product (90 mg,
  70%) as a yellow gum, which impure but was used in
  subsequent reactions without further purification.
- F. tert-Butvl 3-[1-[3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]-3
  (2-phenylethyl)indazol-5-ylcarbonylamino]-2(S)-(2.4.6trimethylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionate. Using the
  procedures of Example 1326b Parts E and F, the impure
  product of Example 1326g Part E was converted to the
  title product (98 mg, 64%) as a glass, which was impure
  but was used without further purification in the
  subsequent reaction.

G. 3-[1-[3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]-3-(2-phenyl-ethyl)indazol-5-ylcarbonylamino]-2(S)-(2.4.6-trimethyl-benzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid trifluoroacetate.

Using the procedure of Example 1129 Part H, the impure product of Example 1326g Part F was converted to the title product. The crude material was purified by preparative reverse-phase high pressure liquid chromatography (acetonitrile-water containing 0.05% trifluoroacetic acid, gradient from 10:90 to 90:10) to provide the title product (20 mg, 20%) as an off-white powder: High resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated (M+H+) 669.2859, found 669.2881.

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#### Example 1327b

3-[1-[2-(N-Imidazol-2-vlaminocarbonyl)ethyllindazol-5ylcarbonylaminol-2(S)-(2,4,6-trimethylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid trifluoroacetate

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A. 1-(2-tert-Butyloxycarbonylethyl)-5-ethoxycarbonylindazole. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1050e Part C (2.0 g, 10.5 mmol), tert-butyl acrylate (9.3 mL, 63.5 mmol) and ethanol (21 mL) was treated with sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide (1.0 M in tetrahydrofuran; 530 uL, 530 umol). The resulting solution was heated at reflux for 3 h, then was cooled to room temperature. Aqueous hydrochloric acid (1.0 M; 550  $\mu$ L, 550  $\mu$ mol) was added, and the mixture was concentrated. The residue was partitioned between ether and water, and the aqueous phase was extracted further with ether. The combined organic phases were dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexanes:ethyl acetate 85:15) to provide the title product (830 mg, 25%): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.49

(s, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 8.07 (d, 1H), 7.50 (d, 1H), 4.64 (t, 2H), 4.41 (q, 2H), 2.91 (t, 2H), 1.42 (t, 3H), 1.33 (s, 9H); high resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H<sup>+</sup>) 319.1658, found 319.1655.

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- B. 1-(2-Carboxyethyl)-5-ethoxycarbonylindazole. A solution of the product prepared according to Example 1327b Part A (791 mg, 2.49 mmol) in dichloromethane (28 mL) was treated with trifluoroacetic acid (6 mL). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 h, then was concentrated under vacuum. Addition of ether to the residue produced, after filtering and drying, the title product (571 mg, 88%) as a white solid: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.52 (s, 1H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 8.09 (d, 1H), 7.49 (d, 1H), 4.67 (t, 2H), 4.41 (q, 2H), 3.07 (t, 2H), 1.42 (t, 3H); Mass spectrum (ESI) m/z 263.3 (100%, M+H<sup>+</sup>).
- C. 1-(2-(N-imidazol-2-vlaminocarbonyl)ethyl)-5ethoxycarbonylindazole. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 1327b Part B (352 mg, 1.34 20 mmol), 2-aminoimidazole sulfate (0.55 g, 4.15 mmol), diisopropylethylamine (1.17 mL, 6.7 mL) and N, Ndimethylformamide (7 mL) was treated with benzotriazol-1-yloxy-tris(dimethylamino)phosphonium hexafluorophosphonate (BOP Reagent; 891 mg, 2.0 mmol) and warmed 25 to 70 °C on an oil bath. The mixture was stirred at this temperature for 18 h, then was cooled to room temperature and diluted with water (75 mL). The resulting precipitate was collected by filtration to provide the title product (310 mg, 71%) which was used 30 in subsequent reactions without further purification: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.49 (s, 1H), 8.11 (s, 1H), 8.07 (d, 1H), 7.88 (b, 1H), 7.55 (d, 1H), 7.40 (b, 1H), 4.75 (t, 2H), 4.41 (g, 2H), 3.01 (t, 2H), 1.42 (t, 3H); high resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H<sup>+</sup>) 35 328.1046, found 328.1031.

D. 1-(2-(N-imidazol-2-vlaminocarbonvl)ethvl)-5carboxyindazole. A mixture of the product of Example 1327b Part C (145 mg, 443 µmol), tetrahydrofuran (2 mL) and water (2 mL) was treated with aqueous lithium hydroxide (1.0 M; 0.56 mL, 560  $\mu$ mol) and stirred at room temperature for 21 h. The reaction was incomplete by thin-layer chromatography, so additional lithium hydroxide solution (a total of 1.35 mL) was added in four portions over the next 8 h. After stirring for 16 10 h more, the reaction was acidified with aqueous hydrochloric acid (1.0 M) and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was partitioned between water and dichloromethane, and the organic phase was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, filtered and concentrated 15 to provide the title product (49 mg, 37%): 1H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  8.41 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.94 (d, 1H), 7.76 (d, 1H), 6.67 (s, 2H), 4.73 (t, 2H), 3.00 (t, 2H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH $_3$ -CI) calculated (M+H $^+$ ) 300.1097, found 300.1097. 20

- E. rert-Butyl 3-[1-[2-(N-imidazol-2-ylaminocarbonyl)-ethyllindazol-5-ylcarbonylaminol-2-(S)-(2.4.6-trimethyl-benzenesulfonylamino)propionate. Using the procedure of
   Example 1326b Part F, the product prepared according to Example 1327b Part D (48 mg, 160 μmol) was converted to the title product (32 mg, 32%): Mass spectrum (ESI) m/z 624.4 (100%, M+H+).
- F. 3-[1-[2-(N-Imidazol-2-vlaminocarbonyl)ethyllindazol-5-vlcarbonylaminol-2(S)-(2.4.6-trimethylbenzene-sulfonylamino)propionic acid trifluoroacetate. Using the procedure of Example 1081 Part H followed by purification by preparative reverse phase high pressure liquid chromatography (acetonitrile:water containing 0.05% trifluoroacetic acid, gradient from 10:90 to

90:10), the product prepared according to Example 1327b Part E (32 mg, 52 µmol) was converted to the title product (28 mg, 95%) as a white powder after lyophilization: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (MeOH-d<sub>4</sub>) & 8.11 (s, 1H), 8.09 (s, 1H), 7.77 (d, 1H), 7.68 (d, 1H), 7.10 (s, 2H), 6.73 (s, 2H), 4.81 (t, 2H), 4.14 (dd, 1H), 3.75 (dd, 1H), 3.47 (dd, 1H), 3.19 (t, 1H), 2.56 (s, 6H), 1.97 (s, 3H); high resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated (M+H<sup>+</sup>) 568.1978, found 568.1972.

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#### Example 2328

# 3-[1-[4-(N-4,5-Dihydroimidazol-2-vlamino)butyllindazol-4-vlcarbonylaminol-2(S)-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-propionic acid trifluoroacetate

- A. Methyl 2-methyl-3-aminobenzoate. A mixture of methyl 2-methyl-3-nitrobenzoate (30 g, 154 mmol), 10% palladium on charcoal (3.0 g) and ethanol (350 mL) was shaken under hydrogen at 50 psig. After 4 h, the mixture was filtered through Celite® and the solids were washed with additional ethanol. The filtrate was concentrated to provide the title product (24.4 g, 96%) as a tan oil: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & 7.18 (m, 1H), 7.06 (m, 1H), 6.78 (m, 1H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 2.34 (s, 3H); high resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H<sup>+</sup>)
- B. 4-Methoxycarbonylindazole. The product prepared according to Example 2328 Part A (24.25 g, 147 mmol) was combined with concentrated hydrochloric acid (30.1 mL) and water (170 mL). Ammonium tetrafluoroborate (20.62 g, 197 mmol) was added and the mixture was stirred at 0 °C. A solution of sodium nitrite (10.14 g, 147 mmol) in water (25 mL) was added dropwise, and the mixture was stirred for 40 min after addition was complete. The

166.0868, found 166.0866.

white precipitate was collected by filtration and washed with water  $(3\times 30~\text{mL})$ , then with methanol (80~mL) and finally with ether  $(3\times 60~\text{mL})$ . The resulting solid was added to a stirred mixture of potassium acetate (17.89)

- 5 g, 182 mmol), 18-crown-6 (1.20 g, 4.5 mmol) and chloroform (360 mL) at room temperature. The resulting mixture was stirred for 50 min, then water (250 mL) was added and the layers were separated. The organic phase was washed with water (250 mL) and brine (300 mL), and
- dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was triturated with hexanes and filtered to provide after drying the title product (16.96 g, 62%) as an orange solid: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.60 (s, 1H), 7.98 (d, 1H), 7.74
- 15 (d, 1H), 7.42 (t, 1H), 4.01 (s, 3H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H $^+$ ) 177.0664, found 177.0669.

# C. 1-[4-(N-phthalimido)butvl]-4-methoxycarbonyl-

- 20 <u>indazole</u>. Following the procedure of Example 1081 Part A, the product prepared according to Example 2328 Part B (2.97 g, 16.9 mmol) and N-(4-bromobutyl)phthalimide (4.99 g, 16.9 mmol) were converted to the title product (1.88 g, 29%) as an orange oil: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 8 8.45
- 25 (s, 1H), 7.91 (d, 1H), 7.82 (m, 2H), 7.72 (m, 2H), 7.66 (d, 1H), 7.43 (t, 1H), 4.46 (t, 2H), 4.02 (t, 3H), 3.75 (t, 2H), 1.99 (m, 2H), 1.72 (m, 2H); Mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) m/z 378.0 (100%, M+H<sup>+</sup>).
- D. 1-[4-(Aminobutyl)-4-methoxycarbonylindazole. Using the procedure of Example 1081 Part B, the product prepared according to Example 2328 Part C (1.81 g, 4.8 mmol) was converted to the title product (0.72 g, 60%) as a yellow oil: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.48 (s, 1H), 7.93 (d,
- 35 1H), 7.64 (d, 1H), 7.44 (t, 1H), 4.44 (t, 2H), 4.02 (s, 3H), 2.74 (t, 2H), 2.00 (m, 2H), 1.84 (bs, 2H), 1.47 (m,

2H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H<sup>+</sup>); 248.1399, found 248.1391.

- E. 1-[4-(N-4.5-Dihydroimidazol-2-ylamino)butyl]-4
  methoxycarbonylindazole hydriodide. Using the procedure of Example 1198 Part B, the product prepared according to Example 2328 Part D (247 mg, 1.0 mmol) was converted to the title product (223 mg, 50%) as a gum. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ 8.37 (s, 1H), 8.11 (bs, 1H), 8.01 (d, 1H),
- 10 7.82 (d, 1H), 7.51 (t, 1H), 4.46 (t, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.53 (s, 4H), 3.08 (m, 2H), 1.81 (m, 2H), 1.38 (m, 2H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H<sup>+</sup>) 316.1774, found 316.1772.
- F. tert-Butyl 3-[1-[4-(N-4.5-dihydroimidazol-2-v]-15 amino)butyllindazol-4-vlcarbonylaminol-2(S)-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)propionate hydrochloride. Using the procedure of Example 1198 Part C, the product prepared according to Example 2328 Part E (215 mg, 485 µmol) was converted to the title product (178 mg, 59%) as a clear 20 gum:  ${}^{1}H$  NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  8.52 (m, 1H), 8.32 (s, 1H), 8.13 (bm, 1H), 7.85 (d, 1H), 7.69 (d, 1H), 7.50 (t, 2H), 7.45 (m. 1H), 7.30 (m, 5H), 5.01 (s, 2H), 4.44 (t, 2H), 4.24 (m, 1H), 3.75-3.50 (m, 2H), 3.50 (s, 4H), 3.19 (m, 2H), 1.80 (m, 2H), 1.37 (m, 2H), 1.31 (s, 9H); High 25 resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated (M+H+); 578.3091, found 578.3119.
- G. 3-[1-[4-(N-4.5-Dihydroimidazol-2-ylamino) butyllindazol-4-ylcarbonylaminol-2(S)-(benzyloxycarbonylamino) propionic acid hydrochloride. Using the procedure
  of Example 1081 Part H, the product prepared according
  to Example 2328 Part F (121 mg, 197 μmol) was converted
  to the title product (88 mg, 80%) as a hygroscopic white
  solid: ¹H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ 8.57 (m, 1H), 8.31 (s, 1H),
  8.18 (bm, 1H), 7.86 (d, 1H), 7.63 (d, 1H), 7.50-7.35 (m,

3H), 7.30 (m, 5H), 5.00 (s, 2H), 4.43 (t, 2H), 4.28 (m, 1H), 3.75-3.40 (m, 6H), 3.07 (m, 2H), 1.78 (m, 2H), 1.38 (m, 2H); High resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated  $(M+H^+)$ ; 522.2465, found 522.2484.

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# Example 3093

3-(1-Methyl-3-(3-(N-imidazol-2-ylamino)propyllindazol-6ylcarbonylaminol-2(S)-(2.6-dimethylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid trifluoroacetate

A. <u>6-Methoxycarbonylindazole</u>. Using the procedure of Example 2328 Part B, methyl 3-amino-4-methylbenzoate (12.39 g, 75 mmol) was converted to the title product (8.85 g, 67%) which could be recrystallized from acetonitrile to give pale orange crystals: mp 142-144 °C;  $^{1}$ H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  11.17 (bs, 1H), 8.30 (s, 1H), 8.18 (s, 1H), 7.83 (m, 2H), 3.97 (s, 3H); Mass spectrum

 $(NH_3-CI)$  m/z 177 (100%, M+H<sup>+</sup>).

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B. 3-Bromo-6-methoxycarbonylindazole. Using the procedure of Example 1326f Part A, the product prepared according to Example 3093 Part A (3.52 g, 20 mmol) was converted to the title product (4.46 g, 87%) as a light yellow powder: mp 186-189 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.91 (d, 1H), 7.70 (d, 1H), 3.92 (s, 3H); Mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) m/z 255 (100%), 257 (96%) (M+H<sup>+</sup>); High resolution mass spectrum (EI) calculated (M<sup>+</sup>) 253.9691, found 253.9694.

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C. 1-Methyl-3-bromo-6-methoxycarbonylindazole. Sodium hydride (60% in mineral oil; 600 mg, 15 mmol) was placed in a dry flask under nitrogen and suspended in dry N,N-dimethylformamide (20 mL). The suspension was stirred on an ice bath and treated with a solution of the product prepared according to Example 3093 Part B (2.55

g, 10 mmol) in dry N,N-dimethylformamide (20 mL) over ca. 3 min. The resulting yellow solution was stirred for 10 min more, then was treated with iodomethane (0.7 mL, 11 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 22.5 h, then was poured into water (ca. 600 mL). After being stirred for 10 min, the suspension was filtered, and the solid was washed with water and dried to provide the title product (2.57 g, 95%) as a yellow solid, which could be recrystallized from ethanol: mp 122-125 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl3) & 8.16 (s, 1H), 7.87 (d, 1H), 7.65 (d, 1H), 4.13 (s, 3H), 3.99 (s, 3H); Mass spectrum (NH3-CI) m/z 269 (100%), 271 (92%) (M+H+); High resolution mass spectrum (NH3-CI) calculated 268.9926, found 268.9914.

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1-Methyl-3-(3,3-diethoxypropynyl)-6-methoxycarbonylindazole. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 3093 Part C (1.93 g, 7.2 mmol), 3,3diethoxypropyne (1.65 mL, 11.5 mmol), triphenylphosphine (190 mg, 720 μmol), copper(I) iodide (68 mg, 360 μmol) 20 and triethylamine (60 mL) was purged of oxygen by bubbling with nitrogen for 25 min. Bis(triphenylphosphine) palladium(II) chloride (126 mg, 180 µmol) was added, and the mixture was heated at 100 °C. After 14 h, the mixture was concentrated under a nitrogen stream 25 and cooled to room temperature. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexanes:ethyl acetate 85:15) to provide an orange, sticky solid. This was recrystallized (methanol) to provide the title product (1.26 g, 56%) as light yellow fibrous needles: mp 91-93 30 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.18 (s, 1H), 7.88 (d, 1H), 7.83 (d, 1H), 5.59 (s, 1H), 4.14 (s, 3H), 3.98 (s, 3H), 3.89 (m, 2H), 3.72 (m, 2H), 1.30 (t, 6H); Mass spectrum (ESI) m/z 317.4 (100%,  $M+H^+$ ).

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1-Methyl-3-(3.3-diethoxypropyl)-6-methoxycarbonylindazole. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 3093 Part D (1.24 g, 3.92 mmol), 10% palladium on charcoal (130 mg), methanol (40 mL) and tetrahydrofuran (60 mL) was placed in a pressure bottle and shaken under an atmosphere of hydrogen (60 psig). After 60 min, the bottle was vented and the mixture was filtered through Celite. The solids were rinsed with methanol and tetrahydrofuran, and the filtrate was concentrated under vacuum to provide the title product 10 (1.31 g, >100%) as a slightly cloudy oil which was not purified further:  $^{1}\text{H}$  NMR (CDCl3)  $\delta$  8.11 (s, 1H), 7.77 (d, 1H), 7.72 (d, 1H), 4.57 (t, 1H), 4.08 (s, 3H), 3.97 (s, 3H), 3.69 (m, 2H), 3.52 (m, 2H), 3.06 (t, 2H), 2.13 (m, 2H), 1.22 (t, 6H); High resolution mass spectrum 15  $(NH_3-CI)$  calculated  $(M+H^+)$  321,1814, found 321.1830.

- F. 1-Methyl-3-(3-oxopropyl)-6-methoxycarbonylindazole. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 20 3093 Part E (1.29 g, 4.0 mmol), acetic acid (20 mL) and water (30 mL) was heated on an oil bath at 80 °C. After 30 min, the solvent was removed under vacuum, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The solution was washed with saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate. 25 dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, filtered and concentrated under vacuum to provide a light brown oil. On further concentration under vacuum, a tan solid slowly formed, which was the title product (982 mg, 98%): mp 80-83 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.92 (s, 1H), 8.11 (s, 1H), 7.79 (d, 1H), 7.71 (d, 1H), 4.07 (s, 3H), 3.98 30 (s, 3H), 3.31 (t, 2H), 3.03 (t, 2H); High resolution
- 35 G. 1-Methyl-3-[3-[N-(1-triphenylmethylimidazol-2-yl-amino)propyll-6-methoxycarbonylindazole. A solution of

247.1077.

mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H+) 247.1083, found

the product prepared according to Example 3093 Part F (900 mg, 3.65 mmol) and the product prepared according to Example 1050e Part I (1.19 g, 3.65 mmol) in toluene (130 mL) was heated at reflux under an empty Dean-Stark water trap. After 22.5 h, additional toluene (ca. 40 mL; was removed by distillation, and the solution was cooled to room temperature under a nitrogen atmosphere. The solution was then cooled on an ice bath and treated with sodium triacetoxyborohydride (3.09 g, 14.5 mmol) 10 and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 21.75 h. Water (ca. 4 mL) was added cautiously and the mixture was stirred for 15 min. Additional water (75 mL) was added, and the layers were separated. aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate, and the combined organic phases were dried over anhydrous 15 magnesium sulfate, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (toluene:ethyl acetate 50:50) to provide the title product (1.56 g, 77%) as a pale tan glass: 1H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.07 (s, 1H), 7.72 (d, 1H), 7.43 (d, 1H), 20 7.30 (m, 9H), 7.20 (m, 6H), 6.68 (d, 1H), 6.38 (d, 1H), 4.01 (s, 3H), 3.97 (s, 3H), 3.13 (q, 2H), 2.96 (t, 1H),2.61 (t, 2H), 1.61 (m, 2H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H<sup>+</sup>) 556.2713, found 25 556.2732.

H. Methyl 3-amino-2-(S)-benzovloxycarbonylaminopropionate, hydrochloride salt. A suspension of 3amino-2-(S)-N-benzyloxycarbonyl-aminopropionic acid
(11.0 g, 46.2 mmol) in methanol (165 mL) was stirred on
an ice/acetone bath until the internal temperature was
below 0 °C. Thionyl chloride (3.7 mL, 50.8 mmol) was
added dropwise over 10 min. The mixture was stirred for
an additional 10 min at 0 °C, then for 17.25 h at room
temperature. The mixture was concentrated under vacuum
and the gummy residue was stirred in ether (300 mL) to

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provide a white solid. This was collected by filtration, rinsed with additional ether and dried to provide the title product (12.9 g, 97%) as a white powder: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) & 8.32 (bs, 3H), 7.94 (d, 1H), 7.37 (5H), 5.07 (s, 2H), 4.45 (m, 1H), 3.68 (s, 3H), 3.22 (m, 1H), 3.07 (m, 1H).

- Methyl 3-(tert-butyloxycarbonylamino)-2-(benzyloxycarbonvlamino)propionate. A suspension of the product 10 prepared according to Example 3093 Part H (8.00 g, 27.7 mmol) in dichloromethane (140 mL) and saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate (85 mL) was stirred at room temperature and treated with di-tert-butyldicarbonate (6.11 g, 28 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16.5 h, then filtered and the layers 15 were separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with additional dichloromethane, and the combined organics were washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, and concentrated under vacuum. The resulting viscous 20 oil was stirred in hexane (ca. 200 mL) overnight. The resulting solid was collected by filtration, washed with hexane and dried to provide the title product (7.66 g, 78%) as a white powder:  ${}^{1}H$  NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.36 (5H), 5.80 (bd, 1H), 5.12 (s, 2H), 4.84 (b, 1H), 4.41 (b, 1H), 3.77 25 (s, 3H), 3.55 (b, 2H), 1.42 (s, 9H).
- J. Methyl 3-(tert-butyloxycarbonylamino)-2-aminopropionate. A solution of the product prepared
  according to Example 3093 Part I (7.50 g, 21.3 mmol) in

  30 ethanol (200 mL) was treated with 10% palladium on
  charcoal (0.75 g) and stirred under hydrogen (1
  atmosphere) for 8.5 h. The mixture was filtered through
  Celite® and the solids were rinsed with additional
  ethanol. The filtrate was concentrated to provide the

  35 title product (4.65 g, 100%) as a viscous oil: <sup>1</sup>H NMR

(CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  5.02 (bs, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.59 (t, 1H), 3.50 (m, 1H), 3.27 (m, 1H), 1.67 (bs, 2H), 1.44 (s, 9H).

Methyl 3-(tert-butyloxycarbonylamino)-2-(S)-(2,6dimethylbenzenesulfonylaminolpropionate. A solution of the product prepared according to Example 3093 Part J (6.24 g, 24.5 mmol), and disopropylamine (6.34 g, 49)mmol) in dichloromethane (25 mL) was cooled on an ice bath. A solution of 2,6-dimethylbenzenesulfonvl chloride (prepared according to Wagenaar and Engberts, 10 J. Royal Neth. Chem. Soc. 1982, 101(5), 91-94; 5.01 g, 24.5 mmol) in dichloromethane (75 mL) was added over 15 The ice bath was removed and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 18 h. Additional 15 dichloromethane was added and the solution was washed with water. The organic phase was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexanes:ethyl acetate, step gradient 20 from 80:20 to 60:40) to provide the title product (7.25 g, 76%) as a colorless gum:  ${}^{1}H$  NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.29 (t, 1H), 7.14 (d, 2H), 5.78 (bd, 1H), 4.89 (bt, 1H), 3.92 (m, 1H), 3.55 (s, 3H), 3.47 (m, 2H), 2.68 (s, 6H), 1.42 (s, 9H).

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L. Methyl 3-amino-2-(S)-(2.6-dimethylbenzenesulfonyl-amino)propionate (+)-camphorsulfonate. The product prepared according to Example 3093, Part K (7.25 g, 18.8 mmol) was dissolved in HCl/dioxane (4.0 M; 50 mL) and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 18 h. The mixture was concentrated under vacuum to yield a hygroscopic solid (6.63 g) which was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran and treated with triethylamine (1.0 equiv.). The resulting solid was removed by filtration, and the filtrate was treated with (+)-camphorsulfonic acid (1.0 equiv.). The mixture was stirred at room

temperature for 15 min, and the resulting solid was collected by filtration, rinsed with tetrahydrofuran, and dried to provide the title product (6.63 g, 68%) as a white solid: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) & 8.30 (bs, 1H), 7.94 (bs, 3H), 7.33 (t, 1H), 7.19 (d, 2H), 4.09 (bt, 1H), 3.21 (s, 3H), 3.10 (dd, 1H), 2.93 (dd, 1H), 2.83 (d, 1H), 2.64 (t, 1H), 2.56 (s, 6H), 2.34 (d, 1H), 2.20 (dm, 1H), 1.90 (m, 2H), 1.80 (d, 1H), 1.24 (dd, 2H), 1.01 (s, 3H), 0.70 (s, 3H).

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- Methyl 3-[1-methyl-3-[3-[N-(1-triphenylmethylimidazol-2-ylamino)propyllindazol-5-ylcarbonylaminol-2/5)-(2.6-dimerhylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionate. A mixture of the product prepared according to Example 3093 Part G (1.43 g, 2.57 mmol), aqueous sodium 15 hydroxide (1.0 M; 13 mL, 13 mmol) and ethanol (32 mL) was heated at reflux. After 80 min, the mixture was cooled to room temperature and aqueous hydrochloric acid (1.0 M; 13 mL, 13 mmol) was added. The mixture was 20 concentrated under vacuum and dried. A portion of this material (which contains sodium chloride: 77 mg, 92 umol) was combined with the product prepared according to Example 3093 Part L (52 mg, 101 µmol), 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (13 mg, 92 µmol), and triethyl-25 amine (25 µL, 184 µmol) in N, N-dimethylformamide (5 mL) and treated with dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (19 mg, 92 The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2.5 days, then was concentrated under vacuum. residue was partially purified by flash chromatography 30 (dichloromethane:methanol 95:5) to provide the title product (75 mg, 100%) which was impure but was used directly in the subsequent reaction.
- N. 3-[1-Methyl-3-[3-(N-imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]
  indazol-5-ylcarbonylaminol-2(S)-(2.6-dimethylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid trifluoroacetate. Using

the procedure of Example 1050e Part M, the product prepared according to Example 3093 Part M (75 mg, 92 µmol) was converted to the title product as a white powder (after lyophilization): ¹H NMR (MeOH-d4) & 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.76 (d, 1H), 7.47 (d, 1H), 7.09 (m, 1H), 7.01 (m, 2H), 6.81 (s, 2H), 4.16 (m, 1H), 4.04 (s, 3H), 3.78 (dd, 1H), 3.52 (dd, 1H), 3.34 (t, 2H), 3.09 (t, 2H), 2.62 (s, 6H), 2.14 (m, 2H); High resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated (M+H+) 554.2186, found 554.2184.

## Example 3142

3-!1-Methyl-3-|3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino)propyllindazol-6ylcarbonylaminol-2(S)-(2.4.6-trimethylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid trifluoroacetate

A. 1-Methyl-3-[3-[N-pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]-6methoxycarbonylindazole. A solution of the product prepared according to Example 3093 Part F (201 mg, 816 20 umol) and 2-aminopyridine (154 mg, 1.63 mmol) in dichloroethane (4 mL) was stirred at room temperature and treated with sodium triacetoxyborohydride (346 mg, 1.63 mmol). After 16.5 h, the mixture was diluted with water (ca. 5 mL) and saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate (ca. 2 mL) and stirred for 15 min. The mixture was extracted three times with dichloromethane, and the combined organic phases were dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by flash 30 chromatography (dichloromethane:isopropanol 95:5) to provide the title product (214 mg, 81%) as a white solid: mp 101-104 °C;  $^{1}$ H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.13 (s, 1H), 8.07 (d, 1H), 7.76 (d, 1H), 7.67 (d, 1H), 7.39 (t, 1H), 6.56 (dd, 1H), 6.36 (d, 1H), 4.65 (bt, 1H), 4.08 (s, 35 3H), 3.98 (s, 3H), 3.38 (q, 2H), 3.10 (t, 3H), 2.16 (m,

2H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H<sup>+</sup>) 325.1665, found 325.1653.

- tert-Butvl 3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino)propvllindazol-6-vlcarbonvlaminol-2(S)-(2,4,5-trimethylrenzenesulfonyl)aminopropionate. Using the procedures of Example 1326b Parts E and F, the product prepared according to Example 3142 Part A (59 mg, 182 µmol) was converted to the title product (108 mg, 93%) as a colorless glass:  $^{1}\text{H}$  NMR (CDCl3)  $\delta$  8.08 (d, 1H), 7.95 (s, 10 1H), 7.70 (d, 1H), 7.46 (d, 1H), 7.40 (m, 1H), 6.94 (s, 2H), 6.92 (m, 1H), 6.56 (m, 1H), 6.37 (d, 1H), 5.79 (d, 1H), 4.67 (m, 1H), 4.08 (s, 3H), 3.95 (m, 1H), 3.83 (m, 1H), 3.61 (m, 1H), 3.38 (q, 2H), 3.10 (t, 2H), 2.66 (s, 6H), 2.27 (s, 3H), 2.16 (m, 2H), 1.32 (s, 9H); High 15 resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated (M+H+) 635.3016, found 635.3028.
- C. 3-[1-Methyl-3-[3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-6-vlcarbonvlaminol-2(S)-(2.4.6-trimethylbenzene-20 sulfonvlamino) propionic acid trifluoroacetate. Using the procedure of Example 1129 Part H, the product prepared according to Example 3142 Part B (100 mg, 158 µmol) was converted to the title product (84 mg, 77%) as 25 a white powder: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  8.52 (m, 2H), 8.08 (d, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.90 (d, 1H), 7.82 (t, 1H), 7.77 (d, 1H), 7.46 (d, 1H), 6.97 (d, 1H), 6.79 (s+m, 3H), 4.05 (m, 1H), 4.01 (s, 3H), 3.59 (m, 2H), 3.39 (m, 2H), 3.03 (t, 2H), 2.52 (s, 6H), 2.07 (m, 2H), 2.00 (s, 3H); 30 High resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated (M+H+) 579.2390, found 579.2400.

### Example 3339

# 3-[1-Benzyl-3-[3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino)propyllindazel-5-ylcarbonylamino]-2(S)-(2.4.6-trimethylbenzenesulfonyl-amino)propionic acid trifluoroacetate

- 3-(3.3-Diethoxypropynyl)-6-methoxycarbonylindazole.
  Using the procedure of Example 3093 Part D, the product prepared according to Example 3093 Part B (2.55 g, 10 mmol) was converted to the title product (1.49 g, 49%) as a brown gum: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.28 (s, 1H), 7.90 (d, 1H), 7.85 (d, 1H), 5.61 (s, 1H), 3.98 (s, 3H), 3.88 (m, 2H), 3.75 (m, 2H), 1.31 (t, 6H): Mass spectrum (NH2-CI)
- 10 1H), 7.85 (d, 1H), 5.61 (s, 1H), 3.98 (s, 3H), 3.88 (m, 2H), 3.75 (m, 2H), 1.31 (t, 6H); Mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) m/z 257 (100%, (M+H-EtOH)+).
- B. 3-(3.3-Diethoxypropyl)-6-methoxycarbonylindazole.
  Using the procedure of Example 3093 Part E, the product prepared according to Example 3339 Part A (263 mg, 870 μmol) was converted to the title product (106 mg, 40%) as an orange oil, which contained a contaminant but was used directly in the subsequent reaction: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)
  δ 8.20 (s, 1H), 7.81 (d, 1H), 7.76 (d, 1H), 4.60 (t,
- 20 δ 8.20 (s, 1H), 7.81 (d, 1H), 7.76 (d, 1H), 4.60 (t, 1H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 3.68 (m, 2H), 3.51 (m, 2H), 3.09 (m, 2H), 2.17 (m, 2H), 1.22 (t, 6H); High resolution mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) calculated (M+H<sup>+</sup>) 307.1658, found 307.1636.

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C. 1-Benzyl-3-(3.3-diethoxypropyl)-6-methoxycarbonylindazole. A solution of the product prepared according
to Example 3339 Part B (230 mg, 750 µmol) and benzyl
chloride (95 µL, 826 µmol) in dry N,N-dimethylformamide

(4 mL) was stirred on an ice bath and treated with
sodium hydride (60% in mineral oil; 36 mg, 900 µmol).

The mixture was stirred 10 min, then was allowed to warm
to room temperature and stirred for 23 h. The mixture
was diluted with water and extracted three times with
ethyl acetate. The combined organic phases were washed
twice with water, then dried over magnesium sulfate,

filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexanes:ethyl acetate 85:15) to provide the title product (152 mg, 51%) as an oil, which was impure but was used directly in the subsequent reaction: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & 8.08 (s, 1H), 7.75 (m, 2H), 7.25 (m, 3H), 7.17 (m, 2H), 5.59 (s, 2H), 4.56 (t, 1H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 3.67 (m, 2H), 3.50 (m, 2H), 3.08 (m, 2H), 2.2-2.05 (m, 2H), 1.22 (t, 6H); Mass spectrum (NH<sub>3</sub>-CI) m/z 397.5 (10%, M+H<sup>+</sup>), 351 (100%, (M+H-EtOH)<sup>+</sup>).

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D. 1-Benzyl-3-(3-oxopropyl)-6-methoxycarbonylindazole. Using the procedure of Example 3093 Part F, the product of Example 3339 Part C (115 mg, 567 μmol) was converted to the title product (110 mg, 60%) as an oil which solidified on standing: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 9.91 (s, 1H), 8.08 (s, 1H), 7.78 (d, 1H), 7.72 (d, 1H), 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.16 (m, 2H), 5.57 (s, 2H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.33 (t, 2H), 3.05 (t, 2H); Mass spectrum (ESI) m/z 323.4 (24%, M+H<sup>+</sup>).

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- E. 1-Benzyl-3-[3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino)propyll-6-methoxycarbonylindazole. Using the procedure of Example 3142 Part A, the product prepared according to Example 3339 Part D (91 mg, 282 µmol) was converted to the title product (90 mg, 80%) as a viscous oil which solidified on standing. This material contained a contaminant but was used directly in the subsequent reaction: ¹H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \$ 8.08 (m, 2H), 7.77 (d, 1H), 7.70 (d, 1H), 7.36 (m, 1H), 7.3-7.2 (m, 3H), 7.17 (m, 2H), 6.54 (dd, 1H), 3.37 (q, 2H), 3.13 (t, 2H), 4.65 (bt, 1H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.37 (q, 2H), 3.13 (t, 2H), 2.16 (m, 2H); High resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated (M+H+) 401.1978, found 401.1982.
- 35 F. <u>tert-Butvl 3-[1-benzvl-3-[3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino)-propyllindazol-6-ylcarbonylaminol-2(S)-(2.4.6-trimethyl-</u>

benzenesulfonvl)aminopropionate. Using the procedure of Example 1326b Parts E and F, the product prepared according to Example 3339 Part E (81 mg, 202 μmol) was converted to the title product (162 mg, >100%) as a colorless glass which contained a contaminant but was used directly in the subsequent reaction: ¹H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.07 (m, 1H), 7.94 (s, 1H), 7.71 (d, 1H), 7.47 (d, 1H), 7.38 (m, 1H), 7.26 (m, 5H), 6.92 (s+bm, 3H), 6.55 (m, 1H), 5.33 (d, 1H), 5.81 (d, 1H), 5.59 (s, 2H), 4.69 (bt, 1H), 3.94 (m, 1H), 3.81 (m, 1H), 3.56 (m, 1H), 3.38 (q, 2H), 3.13 (t, 2H), 2.63 (s, 6H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 2.17 (m, 2H), 1.29 (s, 9H); High resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated (M+H<sup>+</sup>) 711.3329, found 711.3341.

15 G. 3-(1-Benzyl-3-(3-(N-pyridin-2-ylamino)propyll-indazol-6-ylcarbonylaminol-2(S)-(2.4.6-trimethyl-benzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid trifluoroacetate.

Using the procedure of Example 1129 Part H, the product prepared according to Example 3339 Part F (136 mg, 191 μmol) was converted to the title product (110 mg, 75%) as a white powder: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ 8.49 (t, 1H), 8.07 (d, 1H), 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.92 (d, 1H), 7.81 (d, 1H), 7.72 (m, 1H), 7.45 (d, 1H), 7.35-7.20 (m, 5H), 6.88 (d, 1H), 6.73 (s+m, 3H), 5.62 (s, 2H), 4.05 (m, 1H), 3.58 (m, 2H), 3.5-3.3 (m, 3H), 3.05 (t, 2H), 2.52 (s, 6H), 2.07 (m, 2H), 1.95 (s, 3H); High resolution mass spectrum (FAB) calculated (M+H+) 655.2703, found 655.2701.

30 Using the methods described above and modifications thereof known to one skilled in the art of organic synthesis, the following additional examples in Tables 1-8 can be prepared.

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Utility

The compounds of Formula Ia. Ib or Ic of the present invention possess activity as antagonists of integrins such as, for example, the  $\alpha_V\beta_3$  or vitronectin receptor,  $\alpha_V\beta_5$  or  $\alpha_5\beta_1$ , and as such have utility in the treatment and diagnosis of cell adhesion, angiogenic disorders, inflammation, bone degradation, cancer metastases, diabetic retinopathy, thrombosis, restenosis, macular degeneration, and other conditions mediated by cell adhesion and/or cell migration and/or angiogenesis. The integrin antagonist activity of the compounds of the present invention is demonstrated using assays which measure the binding of a specific integrin to a native ligand, for example, using the ELISA assay described below for the binding of vitronectin to the  $\alpha_V\beta_3$  receptor.

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The compounds of the present invention possess selectivity for the  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$  receptor relative to the GPIIb/IIIa receptor as demonstrated by their reduced activity in standard assays of platelet aggregation, such as the platelet aggregation assay described below.

One of the major roles of integrins in vivo is to mediate cellular interactions with adjacent cells. Cell based adhesion assays can be used to mimic these interactions in vitro. A cell based assay is more representative of the in vivo situation than an ELISA since the receptor is maintained in membranes in the native state. The compounds of the present invention have activity in cell-based assays of adhesion, for example as demonstrated in using the cell adhesion assays described below.

The compounds of Formula Ia. Ib or Ic of the present invention may be useful for the treatment or prevention of other diseases which involve cell adhesion processes, including, but not limited to, osteoporosis,

rheumatoid arthritis, autcimmune disorders, bone degradation, rheumatoid arthritis, asthma, allergies, adult respiratory distress syndrome, graft versus host disease, organ transplantation, septic shock, psoriasis, eczema, contact dermatitis, osteoarthritis, atherosclerosis, metastasis, wound healing, inflammatory bowel disease and other angiogenic disorders.

The compounds of Formula Ia. Ib or Ic have the ability to suppress/inhibit angiogenesis *in vivo*, for example, as demonstrated using animal models of ocular neovascularization.

The compounds provided by this invention are also useful as standards and reagents in determining the ability of a potential pharmaceutical to inhibit integrin-ligand binding. These may be provided in a commercial kit comprising a compound of this invention.

As used herein "µg" denotes microgram, "mg" denotes milligram, "g" denotes gram, "µL" denotes microliter,

"mL" denotes milliliter, "L" denotes liter, "nM" denotes nanomolar, "µM" denotes micromolar, "mM" denotes millimolar, "M" denotes molar and "nm" denotes nanometer. "Sigma" stands for the Sigma-Aldrich Corp. of St. Louis, MO.

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The utility of the compounds of the present invention may be assessed by testing in one or more of the following assays as described in detail below: Purified  $\alpha_V\beta_3$  (human placenta) - Vitronectin ELISA,  $\alpha_V\beta_3$ -Vitronectin Binding Assay, Human Aortic Smooth Muscle Cell Migration Assay, In Vivo Angiogenesis Model, Pig Restenosis Model, Mouse Retinopathy Model. A compound of the present invention is considered to be active if it has an IC50 or  $K_i$  value of less than about 10  $\mu$ M for the inhibition of  $\alpha_V\beta_3$ -Vitronectin Binding Assay, with compounds preferably having  $K_i$  values of

less than about 0.1  $\mu M$  . Tested compounds of the present invention are active in the  $\alpha_V\beta_3-Vitronectin$  Binding Assay.

# 5 Purified gy83 (human placenta) - Vitronectin ELISA

The  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$  receptor was isolated from human placental extracts prepared using octylglucoside. The extracts were passed over an affinity column composed of anti- $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$  monoclonal antibody (LM609) bound to Affigel. The column was subsequently washed extensively at pH 7 and pH 4.5 followed by elution at pH 3. The resulting sample was concentrated by wheat germ agglutinin chromatography to provide two bands by SDS gel electrophoresis which were confirmed as  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$  by western blotting.

Affinity purified protein was diluted at different levels and plated to 96 well plates. ELISA was performed using fixed concentration of biotinylated vitronectin (approximately 80 nM/well). This receptor preparation contains the  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$  with no detectable levels of  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{5}$  according to the gel and according to effects of blocking antibodies for the  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$  or  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{5}$  integrins in the ELISA.

A submaximal concentration of biotinylated vitronectin was selected based on a concentration response curve with fixed receptor concentration and variable concentrations of biotinylated vitronectin.

## gv83-Vitronectin Binding Assay

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The purified receptor is diluted with coating buffer (20 mM Tris HCl, 150 mM NaCl, 2.0 mM CaCl<sub>2</sub>, 1.0 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O, 1.0 mM MnCl<sub>2</sub>·4H<sub>2</sub>O) and coated (100  $\mu$ L/well) on Costar (3590) high capacity binding plates overnight at 4°C. The coating solution is discarded and the plates washed once with blocking/binding buffer (B/B buffer, 50 mM Tris HCl, 100 mM NaCl, 2.0 mM CaCl<sub>2</sub>,1.0 mM

MgCl<sub>2</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O,1.0 mM MnCl<sub>2</sub>·4H<sub>2</sub>O). Receptor is then blocked (200  $\mu$ L/well) with 3.5% BSA in B/B buffer for 2 hours at room temperature. After washing once with 1.0% BSA in B/B buffer, biotinylated vitronectin (100 µL) and either inhibitor (11 µL) or B/B buffer w/1.0% BSA (11 µL) is added to each well. The plates are incubated 2 hours at room temperature. The plates are washed twice with B/B buffer and incubated 1 hour at room temperature with anti-biotin alkaline phosphatase (100 µL/well) in B/B buffer containing 1.0% BSA. The plates are washed twice with B/B buffer and alkaline phosphatase substrate (100 μL) is added. Color is developed at room temperature. Color development is stopped by addition of 2N NaOH (25  $\mu$ L/well) and absorbance is read at 405 nm. The IC<sub>50</sub> is the concentration of test substance needed to block 50% of the vitronectin binding to the receptor.

## Integrin Cell-Based Adhesion Assays

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In the adhesion assays, a 96 well plate was coated with the ligand (i.e., fibrinogen) and incubated 20 overnight at 4° C. The following day, the cells were harvested, washed and loaded with a fluorescent dye. Test compounds and cells were added together and then were immediately added to the coated plate. After incubation, loose cells are removed from the plate, and 25 the plate (with adherent cells) is counted on a fluorometer. The ability of test compounds to inhibit cell adhesion by 50% is given by the  $IC_{50}$  value and represents a measure of potency of inhibition of integrin mediated binding. Compounds were tested for 30 their ability to block cell adhesion using assays specific for  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$ ,  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{5}$  and  $\alpha_{5}\beta_{1}$  integrin interactions.

## Platelet Aggregation Assay

Venous blood was obtained from anesthetized mongrel dogs or from healthy human donors who were drug- and

aspirin-free for at least two weeks prior to blood collection. Blood was collected into citrated Vacutainer tubes. The blood was centrifuged for 15 minutes at 150 x g (850 RPM in a Sorvall RT6000 Tabletop Centrifuge with H-1000 B rotor) at room temperature, and plateletrich plasma (PRP) was removed. The remaining blood was centrifuged for 15 minutes at 1500 x g (26,780 RPM) at room temperature, and platelet-poor plasma (PPP) was Samples were assayed on a PAP-4 Platelet Aggregation Profiler, using PPP as the blank (100% 10 transmittance). 200  $\mu$ L of PRP (5x10<sup>8</sup> platelets/mL) were added to each micro test tube, and transmittance was set to 0%. 20  $\mu$ L of ADP (10  $\mu$ M) was added to each tube, and the aggregation profiles were plotted (% transmittance 15 versus time). Test agent (20 μL) was added at different concentrations prior to the addition of the platelet agonist. Results are expressed as % inhibition of agonist-induced platelet aggregation.

Human Aortic Smooth Muscle Cell Migration Assay
A method for assessing  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$ -mediated smooth muscle cell
migration and agents which inhibit  $\alpha_{\nu}\beta_{3}$ -mediated smooth
muscle cell migration is described in Liaw et al., J.
Clin. Invest. (1995) 95: 713-724).

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## In Vivo Angiogenesis Model

A quantitative method for assessing angiogenesis and antiangiogenic agents is described in Passaniti et al., Laboratory Investigation (1992) 67: 519-528

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#### Pia Restenosis Model

A method for assessing restenosis and agents which inhibit restenosis is described in Schwartz et al., J. Am. College of Cardiology (1992) 19: 267-274.

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### Mouse Retinopathy Model

A method for assessing retinopathy and agents which inhibit retinopathy is described in Smith et al.,

Invest. Ophthal. & Visual Science (1994) 35: 101-111.

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#### Dosage and Formulation

The compounds of this invention can be administered by any means that produces contact of the active agent with the agent's site of action, the  $\alpha \sqrt{\beta_3}$  integrin, in 10 the body of a mammal. They can be administered by any conventional means available for use in conjunction with pharmaceuticals, either as individual therapeutic agents or in a combination of therapeutic agents, such as a antiplatelet agent such as aspirin, piroxicam, or 15 ticlopidine which are agonist-specific, or an anti-coagulant such as warfarin or heparin, or a thrombin inhibitor such as a boropeptide, hirudin or argatroban, or a thrombolytic agent such as tissue plasminogen activator, anistreplase, urokinase or 20 streptokinase, or combinations thereof. The compounds of the invention, or compounds of the invention in combination with other therapeutic agents, can be administered alone, but generally administered with a pharmaceutical carrier selected on the basis of the 25 chosen route of administration and standard pharmaceutical practice.

The dosage of the novel compounds of this invention administered will, of course, vary depending upon known factors, such as the pharmacodynamic characteristics of the particular agent and its mode and route of administration; the age, health and weight of the recipient; the nature and extent of the symptoms; the kind of concurrent treatment; the frequency of treatment; and the effect desired. A daily dosage of

active ingredient can be expected to be about 0.301 to 10 milligrams per kilogram of body weight.

Dosage forms (compositions suitable for administration) contain from about 0.1 milligram to about 100 milligrams of active ingredient per unit. In these pharmaceutical compositions the active ingredient will ordinarily be present in an amount of about 0.5-95% by weight based on the total weight of the composition.

The active ingredient can be administered orally in solid dosage forms, such as capsules, tablets, and powders, or in liquid dosage forms, such as elixirs, syrups, and suspensions. It can also be administered by injection, in sterile liquid dosage forms.

Gelatin capsules contain the active ingredient and powdered carriers, such as lactose, starch, cellulose derivatives, magnesium stearate, stearic acid, and the like. Similar diluents can be used to make compressed tablets. Both tablets and capsules can be manufactured as sustained release products to provide for continuous release of medication over a period of hours. Compressed tablets can be sugar coated or film coated to mask any unpleasant taste and protect the tablet from the atmosphere, or enteric coated for selective disintegration in the gastrointestinal tract.

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Liquid dosage forms for oral administration can contain coloring and flavoring to increase patient acceptance.

In general, water, a suitable oil, saline, aqueous dextrose (glucose), and related sugar solutions and glycols such as propylene glycol or polyethylene glycols are suitable carriers for parenteral solutions. Solutions for parenteral administration preferably contain a water soluble salt of the active ingredient, suitable stabilizing agents, and if necessary, buffer substances. Antioxidizing agents such as sodium bisulfite, sodium sulfite, or ascorbic acid, either

alone or combined, are suitable stabilizing agents.

Also used are citric acid and its salts and sodium EDTA.

In addition, parenteral solutions can contain

preservatives, such as benzalkonium chloride, methyl- or

propyl-paraben, and chlorobutanol.

Suitable pharmaceutical carriers are described in Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, Mack Publishing Company, a standard reference text in this field.

Useful pharmaceutical dosage-forms for 10 administration of the compounds of this invention can be illustrated as follows:

#### Capsules

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A large number of unit capsules are prepared by filling standard two-piece hard gelatin capsules each with 10 milligrams of powdered active ingredient, 150 milligrams of lactose, 50 milligrams of cellulose, and 6 milligrams magnesium stearate.

#### 20 Soft Gelatin Capsules

A mixture of active ingredient in a digestable oil such as soybean oil, cottonseed oil or olive oil is prepared and injected by means of a positive displacement pump into gelatin to form soft gelatin capsules containing 10 milligrams of the active ingredient. The capsules are washed and dried.

#### Tablets

A large number of tablets are prepared by conventional procedures so that the dosage unit was 10 milligrams of active ingredient, 0.2 milligrams of colloidal silicon dioxide, 5 milligrams of magnesium stearate, 275 milligrams of microcrystalline cellulose, 11 milligrams of starch and 98.8 milligrams of lactose. Appropriate coatings may be applied to increase palatability or delay absorption.

The combination products of this invention, such as the novel  $\alpha_V \beta_3$  antagonist compounds of this invention in combination with an anti-coagulant agent such as warfarin or heparin, or an anti-platelet agent such as aspirin, piroxicam or ticlopidine, or a thrombin inhibitor such as a boropeptide, hirudin or argatroban, or a thrombolytic agent such as tissue plasminogen activator, anistreplase, urokinase or streptokinase, or combinations thereof, can be in any dosage form, such as those described above, and can also be administered in various ways, as described above.

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In a preferred embodiment, the combination products of the invention are formulated together, in a single dosage form (that is, combined together in one capsule, tablet, powder, or liquid, etc.). When the combination products are not formulated together in a single dosage form, the  $\alpha_{V}\beta_{3}$  antagonist compounds of this invention and the anti-coagulant agent, anti-platelet agent, thrombin inhibitor, and/or thrombolytic agent may be administered at the same time (that is, together), or in any order, for example the compounds of this invention are administered first, followed by administration of the anti-coagulant agent, anti-platelet agent, thrombin inhibitor, and/or thrombolytic agent. When not administered at the same time, preferably the administration of the compound of this invention and any anti-coagulant agent, anti-platelet agent, thrombin inhibitor, and/or thrombolytic agent occurs less than about one hour apart, more preferably less than about 30 minutes apart, even more preferably less than about 15 minutes apart, and most preferably less than about 5 minutes apart. Preferably, administration of the combination products of the invention is oral. The terms oral agent, oral inhibitor, oral compound, or the like, as used herein, denote compounds which may be

orally administered. Although it is preferable that the ανβ3 antagonist compounds of this invention and the anti-coagulant agent, anti-platelet agent, thrombin inhibitor, and/or thrombolytic agent are both administered in the same fashion (that is, for example, both orally), if desired, they may each be administered in different fashions (that is, for example, one component of the combination product may be administered orally, and another component may be administered intravenously). The dosage of the combination products 10 of the invention may vary depending upon various factors such as the pharmacodynamic characteristics of the particular agent and its mode and route of administration, the age, health and weight of the recipient, the nature and extent of the symptoms, the 15 kind of concurrent treatment, the frequency of treatment, and the effect desired, as described above.

As discussed above, where two or more of the foregoing therapeutic agents are combined or co-administered with the compounds of this invention, generally the amount of each component in a typical daily dosage and typical dosage form may be reduced relative to the usual dosage of the agent when administered alone, in view of the additive or synergistic effect which would be obtained as a result of addition of further agents in accordance with the present invention.

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Particularly when provided as a single dosage form, the potential exists for a chemical interaction between the combined active ingredients (for example, a novel compound of this invention and an anti-coagulant such as warfarin or heparin, or a novel compound of this invention and an anti-platelet agent such as aspirin, piroxicam or ticlopidine, or a novel compound of this invention and a thrombin inhibitor such as a boropeptide, hirudin or argatroban, or a novel compound

of this invention and a thrombolytic agent such as tissue plasminogen activator, anistreplase, urokinase or streptokinase, or combinations thereof). For this reason, the preferred dosage forms of the combination products of this invention are formulated such that although the active ingredients are combined in a single dosage form, the physical contact between the active ingredients is minimized (that is, reduced).

In order to minimize contact, one embodiment of this invention where the product is orally administered 10 provides for a combination product wherein one active ingredient is enteric coated. By enteric coating one of the active ingredients, it is possible not only to minimize the contact between the combined active 15 ingredients, but also, it is possible to control the release of one of these components in the gastrointestinal tract such that one of these components is not released in the stomach but rather is released in the intestines. Another embodiment of this invention 20 where oral administration is desired provides for a combination product wherein one of the active ingredients is coated with a sustained-release material which effects a sustained-release throughout the gastrointestinal tract and also serves to minimize 25 physical contact between the combined active ingredients. Furthermore, the sustained-released component can be additionally enteric coated such that the release of this component occurs only in the intestine. Still another approach would involve the formulation of a combination product in which the one 30 component is coated with a sustained and/or enteric release polymer, and the other component is also coated with a polymer such as a low viscosity grade of hydroxypropyl methylcellulose (HPMC) or other appropriate materials as known in the art, in order to 35 further separate the active components. The polymer

coating serves to form an additional barrier to interaction with the other component.

Dosage forms of the combination products of the present invention wherein one active ingredient is enteric coated can be in the form of tablets such that the enteric coated component and the other active ingredient are blended together and then compressed into a tablet or such that the enteric coated component is compressed into one tablet layer and the other active ingredient is compressed into an additional layer. Optionally, in order to further separate the two layers, one or more placebo layers may be present such that the placebo layer is between the layers of active ingredients. In addition, dosage forms of the present invention can be in the form of capsules wherein one active ingredient is compressed into a tablet or in the form of a plurality of microtablets, particles, granules or non-perils, which are then enteric coated. enteric coated microtablets, particles, granules or nonperils are then placed into a capsule or compressed into a capsule along with a granulation of the other active ingredient.

These as well as other ways of minimizing contact between the components of combination products of the present invention, whether administered in a single dosage form or administered in separate forms but at the same time by the same manner, will be readily apparent to those skilled in the art, once armed with the present disclosure.

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Pharmaceutical kits useful in, for example, the inhibition of thrombus formation, the prevention of blood clots, and/or the treatment of thromboembolic disorders, which comprise a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according to the method of the present invention along with a therapeutically effective

amount of an anti-coagulant agent such as warfarin or heparin, or an antiplatelet agent such as aspirin, piroxicam or ticlopidine, or a thrombin inhibitor such as a boropeptide, hirudin or argatroban, or a thrombolytic agent such as tissue plasminogen activator, anistreplase, urokinase or streptokinase, or combinations thereof, in one or more sterile containers, are also within the ambit of the present invention. Sterilization of the container may be carried out using conventional sterilization methodology well known to 10 those skilled in the art. The sterile containers of materials may comprise separate containers, or one or more multi-part containers, as exemplified by the UNIVIAL™ two-part container (available from Abbott Labs, Chicago, Illinois), as desired. The compounds according 15 to the method of the invention and the anti-coagulant agent, anti-platelet agent, thrombin inhibitor, thrombolytic agent, and/or combinations thereof, may be separate, or combined into a single dosage form as described above. Such kits may further include, if 20 desired, one or more of various conventional pharmaceutical kit components, such as for example, one or more pharmaceutically acceptable carriers, additional vials for mixing the components, etc., as will be 25 readily apparent to those skilled in the art. Instructions, either as inserts or as labels, indicating quantities of the components to be administered. guidelines for administration, and/or guidelines for mixing the components, may also be included in the kit.

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R1	RIO	R13	R19	R15	MS
imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	×	×	H	
imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	
imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	×	×	NHCO2CH2C6H4-(2-CH3)	
imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	I	×	NHCO2CH2C6H4-(3-CH3)	
imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHCO2CH2C6H4-(4-CH3)	
imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	×	æ	$NHCO_2CH_2$ (2-pyridiny1)	
imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	×	×	NHCO2CH <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridinyl)	
imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	æ	×	NHCO2CH2(4-pyridinyl)	
imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>x</b>	×	<b>*</b>	NHCO2CH2 (2-thiazoly1)	
imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	×	×	NHCO2CH2 (4-thiazolyl)	
imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	æ	NHCO2CH2 (5-thiazoly1)	
imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	I	æ	NHCO2CH2 (4-isoxazoly1)	
	idazol-2-ylamino-( idazol-2-ylamino-()	idazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 idazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 idazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 idazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 idazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 idazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 iidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 iidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 iidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 iidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 iidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		idazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	

1013	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	I		NHCO2CH2 (2-thieny1)
1014	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	Ŧ	NHCO2CH2 (5-isoxazoly1)
1015	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	T	x	I	NHCO2n-Bu
1016	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	x	×	NHCO2 i - Bu
1017	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHCO2t-Bu
1017a	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHCOPh
1018	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	×	I	NHCOCH, Ph
1019	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	×	Ŧ	NHCOCH (C6H4-(2-CH3)
1020	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	=	I	NHCOCH2C6H4-(3-CH3)
1021	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	=	<b>=</b>	NHCOCH2C6H4-(4-CH3)
10218	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	=	NHCOCH2CH2Ph
1021b	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	×	×	NHCOCH=CHPh
1022	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	=	I	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> (2-pyridinyl)
1023	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	×	r	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridiny1)
1024	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	I	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> (4-pyridiny1)
1025	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	×	I	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazoly1)
1026	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	æ	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> (4-thiazolyl)
1027	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	¥	×	x	NHCOCH2 (5-thiazoly1)
1028	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> (4-isoxazol)
1029	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	I	I	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> (2-thieny1)
10294	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	æ	<b>=</b>	I	NHCOCH2 (cyclohexyl)
1029b	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	<b>=</b>	×	NHCO-cyclohexyl
1030	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	I	×	NHCOn - Bu

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•	CONCLUSION CONTRACTOR	3	3	3	NHCOt - Bu	
1601	1m1mar 1 - 7 - 107mn1	:	: :	: ;		
1031a	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	I	×	NHCONHPh	
1031b	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	I	I	NHCONHCH2Ph	
1032	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	I	×	NHSO; Ph	512.3
1033	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	I	NHSO_C6H4-(2-CH3)	
1034	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHSO_C6H4-(3-CH3)	
1035	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ξ	Ŧ	=	NHSO_C6H4-(4-CH3)	
1035a	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	<b>x</b>	×	NHSO2C6H3-(2,6-CH3)2	540.4
1035b	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	Ŧ	×	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-CH3)3	554.4
1036	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	Ŧ	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-pyridy1)	
1037	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	<b>=</b>	x	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridy1)	
1038	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-pyridy1)	
1038a	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	æ	NHSO2(2-thieny1)	
1038b	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -{3-(2,5-	
					dichloro)thienyl]	
1039	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	=	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thiaz-oly1)	
1040	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	Ŧ	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-thiazoly1)	
1040a	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	<b>=</b>	×	NHSO2-[5-(4-methyl-2-	
					amino)thiazoly1]	
1041	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	Ŧ	æ	NHSO2 (4-isoxazoly1)	
1042	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> [4-(3,5-	
					dimethyl)isoxazolyl]	
1043	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C6H4-(2-Br)	

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1044	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C6H4-(3-Br)	
1045	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	. <b>=</b>	æ	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Br)	
1046	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	I	Ŧ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> - (2-F)	
1047	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	Ŧ	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> - (3-F)	
1048	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	æ	×	NHSO2C6H4 - (4-F)	
10484	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	I	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2,6-C1 <sub>2</sub> )	580.2
1049	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ξ	×	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthy1)	
1050	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (1-naphthy1)	562.4
1050a	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	I	<b>.</b>	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Ph)	588.4
1050b	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	¥	×	×	NHSO2C6H4-4-(4-	
1050c	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	×	Ŧ	pyridyl) NHSO <sub>2</sub> C6H4-4-(2-	
					oxazolyl)	
10504	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	Ŧ	×	NHSO2C6H4-4-(3-	
					pyrazoly1)	
1050e	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	<b>x</b>	×	æ	NHSO2C6H2-4-Ph-2,6-	616.3
					dimethyl	
1050£	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	×	<b>=</b>	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-	
					pyridyl)-2,6-dimethyl	
1050g	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	=	=	NHSO2C6H2-4-(2-0xa-	
					zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl	
1050h	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	Ŧ	æ	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-pyra-	
:					zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl	

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10501	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	<b>x</b>	NHSO2C6H2-4-Ph-2,6-
				dichloro
1050j	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	<b>=</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(2-furyl) 578.3
1050k	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	<b>=</b>	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-furyl)
10501	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	<b>=</b>	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-
				pyridy1)
1050m	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	<b>=</b>	NHSO2C6H2-4-(4-
				pyridyl)-2,6-dimethyl
1050n	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	<b>=</b>	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-furyl)-
				2,6-dimethyl
10500	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	<b>x</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -4-(2-furyl)-
				2,6-dichloro
1051	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	×	NHSO.CH=CHPh
1052	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	I	NHSO <sub>2</sub> CH, Ph
1053	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	I	NHSO_CH_CH=CH-Ph
1054	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -n-Bu
1055	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>-</b>	<b>x</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> - i - Bu
1056	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	H	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -t-Bu
1057	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	<b>=</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHPh
1058	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>-</b>	x	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> - (2 -CH <sub>3</sub> )
1059	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	X X	NHSO2NHC6H4-(3-CH3)
1060	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>-</b>	x	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-CH3)
1060a	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>-</b>	#	NHSO2NHC6C3 - (2,6-Me2)

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1060b	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	I	æ	NHSO2NHC6C2-(2,4,6-
					Me3)
1061	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	x	Ŧ	NHSO2NH(2-pyridyl)
1062	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	Ŧ	NHSO,NH(3-pyridy1)
1063	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	×	NHSO2NH(4-pyridy1)
1064	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		æ	Ŧ	NHSO2NH(2-thiazolyl)
1065	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	Ŧ	NHSO2NH(4-thiazoly1)
1066	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	×	×	NHSO2NH(4-isoxazolyl)
1067	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	<b></b>	x	NHSO <sub>2</sub> [4-(3,5-
					dimethyl)isoxazolyl]
1068	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	x	x	Ŧ	NHSO2NHC6H4~(2-Br)
1069	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	<b>x</b>	x	NHSO2NHC6H4-(3-Br)
1070	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	×	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Br)
1071	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	I	×	NHSO2NHC6H4-(3-F)
1072	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	x	×	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-F)
1073	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	¥	×	Ŧ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(2-naphthy1)
1074	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	=	Ŧ	NHSO2NH(1-naphthyl)
1074a	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	=	Ŧ	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Ph)
1074b	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	×	<b>=</b>	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
					dimethyl)
1074c	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	x		NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
					dichloro)
1075	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHSO2NHCH=CH-Ph

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(CH2) 3

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1097	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHCOCH2C6H4-(2-CH3)	
1098	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	I	I	NHCOCH2-C6H4- (3-CH3)	
1099	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHCOCH2C6H4-(4-CH3)	
1099a	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	<b>x</b>	x	NHCOCH2CH2Ph	515.4
1099b	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	×	I	NHCOCH=CHPh	513.3
1100	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	<b>*</b>	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> (2-pyridiny1)	
1101	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	<b>=</b>	×	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridiny1)	
1102	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ	×	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> (4-pyridinyl)	
1103	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	I	I	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazoly1)	
1104	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	x	×	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> (4-thiazoly1)	
1105	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	=	x	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> (5-thiazoly1)	
1106	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	=	NHCOCH2CH2CH(CH3)2	481.4
1107	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	I	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> (4-isoxazoly1)	
1108	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	<b>=</b>	×	$NHCOCH_2$ (2-thieny1)	
1108a	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	x	I	NHCOCH2(cyclohexyl)	507.3
1108b	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	<b>x</b>	NHCO-cyclohexyl	493.4
1109	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	<b>T</b>	NHCOn-Bu	
1110	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHCOt - Bu	
1110a	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ	×	NHCONHPh	502.4
1110b	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	I	<b>x</b>	NHCONHCH <sub>2</sub> Ph	516.5
1111	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	<b>=</b>	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	523.2
1112	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	×	I	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C6H4-(2-CH3)	
1113	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	=	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(3-CH <sub>3</sub> )	

1114	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	*	=	NHSO_C6H4-(4-CH3)	
1114a	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	#	æ	NHSO2C6H3-(2,6-CH3)2	
1114b	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	*	×	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-CH3)3	565.2
1115	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	*	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-pyridy1)	
1116	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	æ	NHSO,(3-pyridy1)	
1117	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-pyridyl)	
1117a	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thieny1)	529.2
1117b	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -[3-(2,5-	597.1
				dichloro)thienyl]	
1118	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	==	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazolyl)	
1119	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-thiazoly1)	
1119a	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	Ŧ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> - [5 - (4 -methy 1 - 2 -	559.2
				amino)thiazolyl]	
-20	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	Ŧ	NHSO2 (4-isoxazolyl)	
-80	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> - [4 - (3, 5-	542.2
				dimethyl)isoxazolyl	
1122	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	x	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C6H4-(2-Br)	
1123	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(3-Br)	٠
1124	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	*	Ŧ	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Br)	
1125	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	*	I	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C6H4-(2-F)	
1126	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>x</b>	×	NHSO2C6H4-(3-F)	
1127	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	×	NHSO2C6H4-(4-F)	
1127a	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	x	x	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2,6-C <sub>12</sub> )	591.3

pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3         H <th>1128</th> <th>pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3</th> <th>×</th> <th>Œ</th> <th>x</th> <th>NHSO<sub>2</sub> (2-napht hy 1)</th> <th>573.4</th>	1128	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	Œ	x	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-napht hy 1)	573.4
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3         H         H         H         H         H         H         H         H         H         H         NHSO2C644-(4-Ph)           pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3         H         H         H         H         NHSO2C644-(4-Ph)           pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3         H         H         H         NHSO2C644-(4-C2-C3-Ph)           pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3         H         H         H         NHSO2C642-(4-C3-C3-C4-C3-C3-Ph)           pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3         H         H         H         NHSO2C642-(4-C3-C3-C3-C3-Ph)           pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3         H         H         H         NHSO2C642-(13-C3-C3-C3-Ph)           pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3         H         H         H         NHSO2C642-(13-C3-C3-Ph)           pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3         H         H         H         NHSO2C642-(13-C3-Ph)           pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3         H         H         H         NHSO2C642-(13-Ph)           pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3         H         H         H         H         NHSO2C642-(13-Ph)           pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3         H         H         H         NHSO2C642-(13-Ph)         H           pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3         H         H         H         H <td>•</td> <td>pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3</td> <td>I</td> <td><b>x</b></td> <td>Ŧ</td> <td>NHSO; (I-naphthyl)</td> <td>573.2</td>	•	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	<b>x</b>	Ŧ	NHSO; (I-naphthyl)	573.2
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3       H       H       H	1129a	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	Ŧ	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Ph)	599.4
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3       H       H       H	1129b	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	=	I	NHSO2C6H4-4-(4-	
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3       H       H       H						pyridy1)	
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3       H       H       H	1129c	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	<b>=</b>	æ	NHSO2C6H4-4-(2-	
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3       H       H       H						oxazoly1)	
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3       H       H       H	1129d	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>3</b> 23	æ	I	NHSO2C6H4-4-(3-	
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3       H       H       H						pyrazoly1)	
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3       H       H       H	11296	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	æ	<b>=</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -4-Ph-2, 6-	
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3       H       H       H						dimethyl	
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3       H       H       H	1129£	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	æ	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -4-(3-	
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3       H       H       H       H						pyridyl)-2,6-dimethyl	
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3       H       H       H         pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3       H       H       H         pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3       H       H       H         pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3       H       H       H	1129g		Ŧ	x	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -4-(2-oxa-	
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3       H       H       H       H						zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl	
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 H H H H pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 H H H pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	1129h	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	×	=	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -4-(3-pyra-	
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> H H H H pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> H H H pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> H H H H						zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl	
<pre>pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3</pre>	1129i	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	×	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -4-Ph-2,6-	
<pre>pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3</pre>						dichloro	
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 H H H pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 H H	1129j		×	Ŧ	=	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(2-furyl)	
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> H H H	9	pyridin-2-ylamino-	Ŧ	Ŧ	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -4-(3-furyl)	
pyridy1)	91		æ	×	×	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-	
						pyridy1)	

			537.4	503.3								580.3					
NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -4-(4- pyridy1)-2,6-dimethy1 NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -4-(3-fury1)-	2,6-dimethyl NHSO2C6H2-4-(2-furyl)-	2,6-dichloro NHSO <sub>2</sub> CH=CH-Ph	NHSO.CH.Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> - CH <sub>2</sub> CH = CH - Ph NHSO <sub>2</sub> - n - Bu	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -i-Bu	NHSO2-t-Bu	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHPh	NHSO2NHC6H4-(2-CH3)	NHSO2NHC6H4-(3-CH3)	NHSO2NHC6H4 - (4-CH3)	NHSO2NHC6C3-(2,6-Me2)	NHSO2NHC6C2-(2, 4, 6-	Me <sub>3</sub> )	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(2-pyridy1)	$NHSO_2NH(3-pyridy1)$	NHSO_NH(4-pyridy1)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(2-thiazoly1)
<b>*</b> *	×	æ	×	x x	æ	x	æ	×	x	æ	æ	×		æ	Ŧ	Ŧ	×
<b>x</b> x	Ŧ	x	x	x x	×	I	I	Ξ	Ŧ	æ	æ	I		I	<b>I</b>	I	x
<b>*</b> *	×	æ	×	x x	×	æ	æ	Ŧ	Ŧ	x	I	Ŧ		Ξ	Ŧ	æ	x
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<pre>pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3</pre>	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3
1129m	11290	1130	1131	1132	1134	1135	1136	-21	0 1138	1139	1139a	1139b		1140	1141	1142	1143

NHSO_NH-(4-thiazoly1)	isoxazoly1)	3,5-	soxazolyl]	4-(2-Br)	4-(3-Br)	4-(4-Br)		4-(3-F)	4-(3-F) 4-(4-F)	4-(3-F) 4-(4-F) naphthyl)	4-(3-F) 4-(4-F) naphthyl) naphthyl)	4-(3-F) 4-(4-F) naphthyl) aphthyl) 4-(4-Ph)	4-(3-F) 4-(4-F) naphthyl) naphthyl) 4-(4-Ph) 2-(4-Ph-2,6-	4-(3-F) 4-(4-F) naphthyl) aphthyl) 4-(4-Ph) 2-(4-Ph-2,6-	4-(3-F) 4-(4-F) naphthyl) aphthyl) 4-(4-Ph) 2-(4-Ph-2,6-	4-(3-F) 4-(4-F) naphthyl) 4-(4-Ph) 2-(4-Ph-2,6-	4-(3-F) 4-(4-F) naphthyl) 4-(4-Ph) 2-(4-Ph-2,6- 2-(4-Ph-2,6-	4-(3-F) 4-(4-F) naphthyl) 4-(4-Ph) 2-(4-Ph-2,6- 2-(4-Ph-2,6- 2-(4-Ph-3)	2, 6-	2, 6-	2, 6-	2 5 6-
	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(4-isoxazoly1	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -[4-(3,5-	dimethyl)isoxazolyl]	NHSO2NHC6H4-(2-Br)	NHSO2NHC6H4-(3-Br)	NHSO_NHC6H4-(4-Br)	NHSO_NHC6H4-(3-F)		NHSO-NHC6H4- (4-F)	NHSO:NHC6H4-(4-F) NHSO:NH(2-naphthyl)	NHSO_NHC6H4-(4-F) NHSO_NH(2-naphthy1 NHSO_NH)1-naphthy1	NHSO:NHC6H4-(4-F) NHSO:NH(2-naphthy1 NHSO:NH)1-naphthy1 NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Ph)	NHSO_NHC6H4-(4-F) NHSO_NH(2-naphthy1) NHSO_NH)1-naphthy1) NHSO_NHC6H4-(4-Ph) NHSO_NHC6H2-(4-Ph)	NHSO;NHC6H4-(4- NHSO;NH(2-napht NHSO;NH)1-napht NHSO2NHC6H4-(4- NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-	NHSO_NHC6H4-(4-F) NHSO_NH(2-naphthy1) NHSO_NH)1-naphthy1) NHSO_NHC6H4-(4-Ph) NHSO_NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-dimethy1) NHSO_NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-NHSO_NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-	NHSO_NHC6H4-(4- NHSO_NH(2-napht NHSO_NH)1-napht NHSO_NHC6H4-(4- NHSO_NHC6H2-(4- dimethy1) NHSO_NHC6H2-(4- dimethy1)	NHSO_NHC6H4-(4- NHSO_NH(2-napht NHSO_NH)1-napht NHSO_NHC6H4-(4- NHSO_NHC6H2-(4- dimethy1) NHSO_NHC6H2-(4- dichloro) NHSO_NHCH-CH-Ph	NHSO_NHC6H4-(4-NHSO_NH(2-napht) NHSO_NH(2-napht) NHSO_NHC6H4-(4-NHSO_NHC6H2-(4-dimethyl) NHSO_NHC6H2-(4-dichloro) NHSO_NHCH=CH-Ph NHSO_NHCH=CH-Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(4-F) NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(2-naphthy) NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(4-Ph) NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(4-Ph) dimethyl) NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(4-Ph-dichloro) NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHCH=CH-Ph NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHCH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO;NHC6H4-(4-F) NHSO;NH(2-naphthy1 NHSO;NH)1-naphthy1 NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Ph-dimethy1) NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-dimethy1) NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-dichloro) NHSO2NHCH2-Ph NHSO2NHCH2-Ph NHSO2NHCH2-Ph NHSO2NHCH2-Ph NHSO2NHCH2-Ph	NHSO_NHC6H4-(4- NHSO_NH(2-napht NHSO_NH)1-napht NHSO_NHC6H4-(4- NHSO_NHC6H2-(4- dimethy1) NHSO_NHC6H2-(4- dichloro) NHSO_NHCH2-(4- NHSO_NHCH=CH-Ph NHSO_NHCH_CH-Ph NHSO_NHCH_CH-CH-NHSO_NHCO-CYClohe NHSO_NH-CYClohe NHSO_NH-n-Bu	NHSO_NHC6H4-(4- NHSO_NH(2-napht NHSO_NH)1-napht NHSO_NHC6H4-(4- NHSO_NHC6H2-(4- dimethy1) NHSO_NHC6H2-(4- dichloro) NHSO_NHCH2-(4- NHSO_NHCH2Ph
	×	×		I	x	æ	x		<b>.</b> .	: <b>x</b> x	. <b>.</b>	. <b>.</b>		. <b>.</b>		- <b>-</b>						
=	×	æ		×	æ	æ	×		æ	<b>= =</b>	<b>x x x</b>	<b>= = =</b>	<b>=</b> = <b>=</b> =									
<b>E</b>	Ξ	æ		Ŧ	æ	x	I		x	<b>=</b> =	<b>= = =</b>	<b>= = =</b>	<b>= = = =</b>	<b></b>	<b>= = = =</b>	<b></b>	<b></b>					
-(cH2)3	-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>		-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	- (CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	1	-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> -(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> -(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> -(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> -(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> -(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> -(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> -(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> -(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> -(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> -(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> -(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	-(CH2)3 -(CH2)3 -(CH2)3 -(CH2)3 -(CH2)3	-(CH2)3 -(CH2)3 -(CH2)3 -(CH2)3 -(CH2)3	- (CH2) 3 - (CH2) 3 - (CH2) 3 - (CH2) 3 - (CH2) 3	- (CH2) 3 - (CH2) 3 - (CH2) 3 - (CH2) 3 - (CH2) 3 - (CH2) 3	- (CH2) 3 - (CH2) 3 - (CH2) 3 - (CH2) 3 - (CH2) 3 - (CH2) 3 - (CH2) 3	- (CH2) 3 - (CH2) 3	- (CH2) 3 - (CH2) 3	- (CH2) 3 - (CH2) 3
pyrtain-2-ylamino	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-vlamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )		pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	ridin-2-ylamino ridin-2-ylamino ridin-2-ylamino ridin-2-ylamino	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	ridin-2-ylamino ridin-2-ylamino ridin-2-ylamino ridin-2-ylamino ridin-2-ylamino	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3
1144 PY	1145 pý	1146 PY		1147 py	1148 py	1149 PY	1150 PY		1151 py			đ	e D	σΩ	e Δ υ	e A U	e Δ υ	et AD U	a D U	e D U et	er D. U. et	e D U e

	H NHCOOCH 2 Ph	H NHC02CH_C6H4-(2-CH3)	H NHCO2CH2C6H4-(3-CH3)	H NHCO2CH2C6H4-(4-CH3)	H NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (2-pyridinyl)	H NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridinyl)	H NHCO2CH <sub>2</sub> (4-pyridinyl)	H NHCO2CH_(2-thiazoly1)	H NHCO2CH2(4-thiazoly1)	H NHCO2CH2 (5-thiazoly1)	H NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (4-isoxazolyl)	H NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (2-thienyl)	H NHCO2n-Bu	I H NHCO2 i - Bu	I H NHCO2t-Bu	H NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	I H NHSO <sub>2</sub> C6H4-(2-CH <sub>3</sub> )	I H NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(3-CH <sub>3</sub> )	1 H NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(4-CH <sub>3</sub> )	I H NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2,6-Me <sub>2</sub> )	H NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(2,4,6-Me <sub>3</sub> ) 570.5
tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		<b>=</b>	±	I		×	æ æ	×	x	x	=======================================	I I		x	x	×	×	II II	×	x	I
160 1161 1162 1163 1164 1165 1166 1167 1169 1170 1171 1174 1174 1176 1177						-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		

tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 H tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 H tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 H tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 H tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 H tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 H	<b>X X X X X X X</b>	x x x x x x x	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-pyridy1)  NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridy1)  NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-pyridy1)  NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thieny1)  NHSO <sub>2</sub> -{3-{2,5-dichloro}} thieny1}  NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazoly1)  NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-thiazoly1)
tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 H tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 H	* *	<b>= =</b>	$NHSO_{2} (4-isoxazoly1)$ $NHSO_{2} - [4-(3,5-4)]$ $dimethy1) isoxazoly1]$
tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 H tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 H tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 H	* * *	x	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(2-B <sub>I</sub> ) NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(3-B <sub>I</sub> ) NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(2-F)
		. 20 20	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C6H4 - (3-F) NHSO <sub>2</sub> C6H4 - (4-F)
tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 H tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 H	<b>=</b> =	<b>z</b> z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2,6-C1 <sub>2</sub> ) NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthy1)
tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 H tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 H	<b>x x</b>	r r	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (1-naphthy1) NHSO <sub>2</sub> C6H4-(4-Ph)
tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 H	*	×	NHSO2C6H4-4-(4-

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1192c	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHSO2C6H4-4-(2-
					oxazoly1)
1192d	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	x	NHSO2C6H4-4-(3-
					pyrazoly1)
11920	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	I	×	NHSO2C6H2-4-Ph-2,6-
					dimethyl
1192£	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	=	×	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-
					pyridyl)-2,6-dimethyl
11929	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	×	I	NHSO2C6H2-4-(2-oxa-
					zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl
1192h	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	×	I	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-pyra-
					zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl
11921	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	æ	NHSO2C6H2-4-Ph-2,6-
					dichloro
11925	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	Ŧ	×	NHSO2C6H4-4-(2-furyl)
1192k	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-furyl)
11921	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	æ	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-
					pyridyl)
1192m	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	I	æ	NHSO2C6H2-4-(4-
					pyridyl)-2,6-dimethyl
1192n	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>*</b>	×	æ	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-fury1)-
					2,6-dimethyl

11920	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHSO2C6H2-4-(2-furyl)-
					2,6-dichloro
1193	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	x	I	NHSO2CH=CHPh
1194	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	I	æ	NHSO.CH.Ph
1195	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHSO_CH2CHPh
1196	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	×	x	na-n-3osHN
1197	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	x	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -i-Bu
1197a	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHSO, NHPh
1197b	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ	æ	NHSO2NHC6H4-(2-CH3)
1197c	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ	ж	NHSO2NHC6H4-(3-CH3)
1197d	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	<b></b>	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-CH3)
11970	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	×	I	NHSO2NHC6C3-(2,6-Me2)
1197£	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	I	NHSO2NHC6C2-(2,4,6-
					Me <sub>3</sub> )
1197g	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)]	×	=	×	NHSO2[4-(3,5-
					dimethyl) isoxazolyl]
1197h	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	=	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(2-naphthy1)
1197j	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	×	NHSO2NH(1-naphthy1)
1197k	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ	<b>=</b>	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Ph)
1197m	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>æ</b>	×	×	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
					dimethyl)
1197n	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	Ŧ	×	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
:					dichloro)

	1197p	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	×	NHSO,NHCH,Ph	H <sub>2</sub> Ph	
	1198	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	<b>=</b>	NHCOOCH <sub>2</sub> Ph	ha	508.6
	1199	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	<b>=</b>	NHC02CH2	NHCO2CH2C6H4-(2-CH3)	
	1200	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	<b>=</b>	NHCO2CH2	NHCO2CH2C6H4- (3-CH3)	
	1201	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	<b>=</b>	NHCO2CH2	NHCO2CH2C6H4-(4-CH3)	
	1202	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	*	<b>=</b>	NHCO2CH2	$NHCO_2CH_2$ (2-pyridiny1)	
	1203	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>x</b>	<b>=</b>	NHC02CH2	NHCO2CH2(3-pyridinyl)	
	1204	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>*</b>	<b>=</b>	NHCO2CH2	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (4-pyridinyl)	
	1205	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	*	<b>=</b>	NHCO2CH2	$NHCO_2CH_2$ (2-thiazoly1)	
	1206	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	*	<b>=</b>	NHC02CH2	NHCO2CH2(4-thiazoly1)	
	1207	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	<b>=</b>	NHCO2CH <sub>2</sub>	NHCO2CH <sub>2</sub> (5-thiazoly1)	
	1208	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>*</b>	<b>x</b>	NHC02CH2	NHCO2CH2 (4-isoxazolyl)	
-21	1209	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	±	<b>=</b>	NHC02CH2	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (2-thienyl)	
.6-	1210	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>-</b>	<b>=</b>	NHCO2n-Bu	<u> </u>	
	1211	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	<b>=</b>	NHCO2i-Bu	2	
	1212	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	<b>=</b>	NHCO2t-Bu	2	
	1213	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	*	<b>=</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph		514.3
	1214	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	*	<b>x</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C6H	NHSO2C6H4-(2-CH3)	
	1215	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	*	<b>=</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C6H	NHSO2C6H4-(3-CH3)	
	1216	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	Ξ_	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C6H	NHSO2C6H4-(4-CH3)	
	1216a	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	<b>=</b>	NHSO2C6H	NHSO2C6H3-(2,6-Me2)	
	1216b	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	x	NHSO2C6H	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-Me3)	556.4

NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-pyridyl)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridy1)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-pyridy1)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thieny1)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -{3-(2,5-	dichloro)thienyl]	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazoly1)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -[5-(4-methy]-2-	amino)thiazolyl]	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-isoxazolyl)	NHSO2-[4-(3,5-	dimethyl)isoxazolyl]	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C6H4-(2-Br)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C6H4-(3-Br)	NHSO2C6H4-(2-F)	NHSO2C6H4-(3-F)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C6H4(4-F)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2,6-C <sub>12</sub> )	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthy1)	$NHSO_2$ (1-naphthy1)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> - (4-Ph)
æ	#	I	×	×		x	I		x	Ξ		I	×	I	×	×	x	×	Ξ	¥
×	æ	×	×	x		æ	×		I	=	•	æ	×	×	×	×	Ŧ	×	×	Ξ
<b>*</b>	×	I	I	¥		æ	Œ		×	æ		×	x	x	æ	×	æ	x	×	I
imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazólin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>		imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3
1217	1218	1219	1219a	1219b		1220	1220a		1221	1222		1223	1224	1225	1226	1227	1227a	1228	1229	1229a

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1229b	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	×	×	NHSO2C6H4-4-(4-
1229c	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	pyridyl) NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H4-4-(2-
					oxazolyl)
1229d	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	×	I	NHSO2C6H4-4-(3-
					pyrazoly1)
1229e	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	Ŧ	NHSO2C6H2-4-Ph-2,6-
					dimethyl
1229£	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	I	I	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-
					pyridyl)-2,6-dimethyl
1229g	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	I	×	NHSO2C6H2-4-(2-0xa-
•					zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl
1229h	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ	×	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-pyra-
					zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl
12291	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	=	×	NHSO2C6H2-4-Ph-2,6-
					dichloro
1229 j	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	z	×	×	NHSO2C6H4-4-(2-furyl)
1229k	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	<b>=</b>	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-fury1)
12291	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	=	×	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-
					pyridyl)
1229m	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	×	<b>=</b>	NHSO2C6H2-4-(4-
					pyridyl)-2,6-dimethyl

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1229n	imidazolin ylamino-(CH2)3	x	=	æ	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-furyl)-
					2,6-dimethyl
12290	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	æ	I	NHSO2C6H2-4-(2-furyl)-
					2,6-dichloro
1230	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	æ	×	NHSO.CH=CHPh
1231	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
1232	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	=	×	NHSO2CH2CHPh
1233	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	#	x	NHSO;-n-Bu
1234	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> - i - Bu
1234a	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	=	Ŧ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHPh
1234b	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	Ŧ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> - (2-CH <sub>3</sub> )
1234c	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	I	NHSO2NHC6H4-(3-CH3)
1234d	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	x	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> - (4-CH <sub>3</sub> )
1234e	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHSO2NHC6C3-(2,6-Me2)
1234£	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	×	NHSO2NHC6C2-(2,4,6-
					Me <sub>3</sub> )
1234g	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	=	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(2-naphthy1)
1234h	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH) 1 - naphthy 1)
1234j	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	=	×	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Ph)
1234m	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
					dimethyl)
1234n	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	æ	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
•					dichloro)

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1234p	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	<b>=</b>	<b>32</b>	NHSO2NHCH2Ph
1235	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	x	×	NHSO. Ph
1236	Denzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	Ŧ	NHSO2C6H4-(2-CH3)
1237	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	X.	Ŧ	NHSO2C6H4-(3-CH3)
1238	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	æ	NHSO2C6H4-(4-CH3)
1238a	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	×	NHSO2C6H3-(2,6-Me2)
1238b	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	¥	×	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)
1239	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	Ŧ	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-pyridyl)
1240	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	±	x	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridyl)
1241	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	x	=	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-pyridyl)
1241a	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thienyl)
1241b	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	æ	NHSO2-[3-(2,5-
					dichloro)thienyl
1242	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazoly1)
1242a	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	æ	¥	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -[5-(4-methyl-2-
					amino)thiazolyl]
1243	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	x	=	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-isoxazoly1)
1244	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Œ	×		NHSO2-[4-(3,5-
					dimethyl)isoxazolyl]
1245	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHSO2C6H4-(2-Br)
1246	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	×	×	NHSO2C6H4-(3-Br)
1247	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	×	NHSO_C6H4-(2-F)

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1248	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	×	x	NHSO2C6H4-(3-F)
1249	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	Ŧ	NHSO.C6H4-(4-F)
1249a	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	æ	x	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2,6-C <sub>12</sub> )
1249b	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthy1)
1249c	benzimidazol-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	×	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (1-naphthy1)
1249d	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	Ŧ	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Ph)
1249e	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
					dimethy])
1249£	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	×	NHSO2C6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
					dichloro)
1249g	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	<b>*</b>	NHSO2CH=CHPh
1249h	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
12495	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	===	×	=	NHSO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH=CHPh
1249k	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -n-Bu
1249m	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	==	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -i-Bu
1249n	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	I	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHPh
1249p	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	=	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> - (2-CH <sub>3</sub> )
1249q	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	×	x	NHSO2NHC6H4-(3-CH3)
1249r	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>32</b>	×	×	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-CH3)
12498	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHSO2NHC6C3-(2,6-Me2)
1249c	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	=	NHSO2NHC6C2-(2,4,6-
					Me <sub>3</sub> )
1249u	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>.</b>	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(2-naphthy1)

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1249v	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	I	NHSO,NH)1-naphthy1)
12492	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	I	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Ph)
1249×	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	×	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
					dimethyl)
1249v	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	Ŧ	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
					dichloro)
12492	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	I	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHCH <sub>2</sub> Ph
1250	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	×	±	NHCO2CH2Ph
1251	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>3</b> 27	×	×	NHCO2n-Bu
1252	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	=	æ	NHCO2 i - Bu
1253	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
1254	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	I	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C6H4-(2-CH3)
1255	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	æ	<b>=</b>	æ	NHSO2C6H4-(3-CH3)
1256	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	æ	×	×	NHSO2C6H4-(4-CH3)
1256a	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	æ	Ŧ	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2,6-Me <sub>2</sub> )
1256b	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	æ	Ŧ	×	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-Me3)
1257	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-pyridyl)
1258	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	=	=	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridyl)
1259	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	×	=	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-pyridyl)
1260	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	æ	I	<b>=</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazoly1)
1261	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-isoxazolyl)
1262	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	×	<b>=</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -[4-(3,5-
:					dimethyl)isoxazolyl]

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	1263	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	I	<b>=</b>	x	NHSO2C6H4-(2-Br)
	1264	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	=	×	×	NHSO_C6H4-(3-Br)
	1265	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	=	×	×	NHSO_C6H4-(2-F)
	1266	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHSO;:C6H4-(3-F)
	1267	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	=	æ	I	NHSO:C6H4 - (4-F)
	1267a	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	æ	æ	I	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2,6-Cl <sub>2</sub> )
	1267b	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	æ	æ	I	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthy1)
	1267c	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	Ŧ	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (1-naphthy1)
	1267d	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	I	×	×	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Ph)
	1267e	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	æ	I	I	NHSO2C6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
						dimethy1)
	1267£	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	æ	I	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
-						dichloro)
- -22	1267g	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	Ŧ	×	Ŧ	NHSO2CH=CHPh
3 –	1267h	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	æ	æ	Ŧ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
	1267j	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	×	×	I	NHSO2CH2CH=CHPh
	1267k	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	I	×	I	NHSO <sub>2</sub> - n - Bu
	1267m	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	æ	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> - i - Bu
	1267n	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	æ	×	×	NHSO2NHPh
	1267p	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	æ	×	×	NHSO2NHC6H4-(2-CH3)
	12679	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	æ	<b>=</b>	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(3-CH <sub>3</sub> )
	1267r	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	æ	×	x	NHSO2NHC6H4- (4-CH3)
	1267s	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	x	<b>=</b>	×	NHSO2NHC6C3-(2,6-Me2)

	2minosyridin-6-01-(CH2)2	==	Ŧ	<b>35</b> ,	NHSO2NHC6C2-(2, 4, 6-
17971					( o x
					1503)
1267u	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	I	Ŧ	x	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(2-naphthy1)
1267	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	Ŧ	×	x	NHSO_NH)1-naphthy1)
1267	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Ph)
1267×	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	I	x	x	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
					dimethyl)
1267v	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	x	I	I	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
					dichloro)
1268	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	Ŧ	×	Ŧ	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
1269	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	æ	×	x	NHCO2n-Bu
1270	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	æ	×	×	NHCO2 i - Bu
1271	2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
1274	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	<b>=</b>	<b>=</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
1279	2-iminoazepin-7-y1-(CH2)3	æ	æ	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-isoxazolyl)
1282	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	I	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-isoxazoly1)
1287	2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH2)3	æ	I	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -[4-(3,5-
					dimethyl)isoxazolyl]
1290	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	I	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -[4-(3,5-
					dimethyl)isoxazolyl)
1295	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	3-pyridinyl	æ
1296	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	Ŧ	3-pyridinyl	x
1297	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	x	3-pyridinyl	<b>**</b>

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1298	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>x</b>	×	3-pyridinyl	x	
1299	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	<b>=</b>	*	3-pyridinyl	×	
1300	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	_	3-pyridinyl	=	
1301	2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	æ	3-pyridinyl	×	
1304	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>x</b>	æ	3-pyridinyl	×	
1309	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	×	(3,4-methylene-	x	
				dioxy)phenyl		
1310	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	×	(3,4-methylene-	×	
				dioxy)phenyl		
1311	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	=	(3,4-methylene-	×	
				dioxy}phenyl		
1312	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	(3,4-methylene-	<b>=</b>	
				dioxy)phenyl		
-22	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	×	(3,4-methylene-	×	
5-				dioxy)phenyl		
1314	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	<b>=</b>	×	(3,4-methylene-	=	
				dioxy)phenyl		
1315	2-iminoazepin-7-y1-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	<b>=</b>	×	(3,4-methylene-	=	
				dioxy)phenyl		
1318	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	<b>=</b>	×	(3,4-methylene-	I	
				dioxy)phenyl		
1323	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	æ	3-pyridinyl	HSO.º Ph	
1324	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	<b>=</b>	3-pyridinyl	NHSO, Ph	

1325	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	(3,4-methylene-	NHSO, Ph	
				dioxy)phenyl		
1326	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	(3,4-methylene-	NHSO, Ph	
				dioxy)phenyl		
13264	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)2CH(Ph)	×	×	<b>*</b>	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-CH3)3 641	641.4
1326b	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)2CH(CH3)	<b>=</b>	×	×	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-CH3)3 579	579.4
1326c	pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2CH(CH3)CH2	z	×	*	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-CH3)3 579	579.5
1326d	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	×	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-CH3)3	
1326e	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	C2H5	×	<b>=</b>	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-CH3)3	
1326f	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	r.	æ	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(2,4,6-CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 641	641.4
13269	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH2CH2Ph	<b>=</b>	×	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-CH3)3 669	9.699
1326h	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-CH3)3 579	579.4
13261	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	×	<b>=</b>	Ke	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-CH3)3 568	568.3
1327	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	æ	x	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	
	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	r	<b>=</b>	Ŧ	NHCO2CH2Ph	
1327b	imidazol-2-ylamino-carbonyl-(CH2)2	×	×	¥	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-CH3)3 568	568.5
1328	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	×	=	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	
13284	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	æ	×	Ŧ	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	
1328b	pyridin-2-ylamino-carbonyl-(CH2)2	æ	×	×	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-CH3)3	
1329	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	×	I	r	NHSO. Ph	
13298	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	<b>.</b>	I	×	NHCO2CH2Ph 494	494.3
1330	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	=	×	==	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	
1330a	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	<b>x</b>	×	×	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	

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		_													522.3							
NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-CH3)3		NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO.2 Ph	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHCO2CH2Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
×	æ	x		×	×	Ŧ	I	×	×	Ŧ	æ	x	æ	Ŧ	×	=	æ	=	×	æ	×	×
æ	×	×		×	×	×	æ	x	×	×	x	æ	æ	x	x	×	T	×	¥	×	×	¥
×	×	Ŧ		=	×	×	×	=	æ	I	I	I	×	x	æ	I	x	×	×	×	×	×
benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-carbonyl-	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)2	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)2	2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH2)2	2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)2	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)2	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)4	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)4	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )4	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)4	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)4	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)4	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)4	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)4	Denzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)4	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)4	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)4	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)4	2-iminoazepin-7-y1-(CH2)4
1331	1331a	1331b		1332	1332a	1333	13338	1336	1336a	1341	13418	1342	J 1342a	1343	13434	1344	1344a	1345	1345a	1346	1346a	1347

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. ,	1347a	2-iminoazepin-7-y1-(CH <sub>2</sub> )4	æ	×	I	NHCO2CH2Ph
	1350	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)4	×	×	. <b>=</b>	HSO, Ph
	1350a	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)4	×	Ŧ	æ	NHCO,CH2Ph
	1351	imidazol-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)-CH2	×	=	Ŧ	$NHSO_2 - (1-naphthyl)$
	1352	imidazol-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)-CH2	Ŧ	×	×	NHCO2CH2Ph
	1353	imidazol-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)-CH2	×	×	<b>x</b>	NHSO2C6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)
	1354	pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2 (o-C6H4)-CH2	×	×	×	NHSO;-(1-naphthyl)
	1355	pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)-CH2	×	×	æ	NHCO2CH2Ph
	1356	pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)-CH2	=	x	æ	NHSO2C6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)
	1357	imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)-CH2	×	I	æ	$NHSO_2 - (1-naphthyl)$
	1358	imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)-CH2	=	×	I	NHCO2CH2Ph
	1359	imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)-CH2	×	I	×	NHSO2C6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)
	1360	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(o-C6H4)-CH2	×	I	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -(1-naphthyl)
-22	1361	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(o-C6H4)-CH2	×	×	I	NHCO2CH2Ph
28-	1362	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(o-C6H4)-CH2	I	×	×	NHSO2C6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)

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3	Z-22 2 - 22 2 - 22
	—— <u> </u>
- Z	~gr ⊃

7	Rla	R10	R10 R13 R14	R14	RIS	MS
	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	I	I	
_	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	æ	NHCOOCH <sub>2</sub> Ph	
•••	imidazolin-2-yl amino-(CH2)3	I	×	x	NHCO2CH2C6H4-(2-CH3)	
	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	×	NHCO2CH2C6H4-(3-CH3)	
_	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	×	×	NHCO2CH2C6H4-(4-CH3)	
•	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	<b>=</b>	z	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (2-pyridiny1)	
•	2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridiny1)	
	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	×	×	$NHCO_2CH_2$ (2-thiazoly1)	
	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (4-isoxazoly1)	
	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	x	×	NHCO2c (2-thieny1)	

2017	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	x	NHCO2n-Bu
2018	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHCOzi-Bu
2019	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	Ŧ	NHCO2t-Bu
2020	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	×	I	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
2021	2-iminoazepin-7-y1-(CH2)3	×	Ŧ	Ŧ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C6H4-(2-CH3)
2024	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	I	*	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-pyridy1)
2029	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	=	=	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-isoxazoly1)
2030	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	×	x	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -[4-(3,5-dim-
					ethyl)isoxazolyl]
2031	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	I	NHSO2C6H4-(2-Br)
2032	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	Ŧ	NHSO2C6H4-(3-Br)
2033	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ	I	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Br)
2034	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	×	=	<b>x</b>	NHSO2C6H4-(2-F)
2035	2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH2)3	×	æ	æ	NHSO2C6H4-(3-P)
2038	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ	<b>.</b>	$NHSO_2(1-naphthyl)$
2043	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ	Ŧ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> - i - Bu
2044	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -t -Bu
2045	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	z	x	(3,4-	<b>=</b>
				methylenedioxy)	
				pheny l	

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	2046	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	(3,4-	I
					methylenedioxy)	
					pheny1	
	2047	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	Ŧ	(3,4-	×
					methylenedioxy)	
					phenyl	
	2048	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	Ŧ	(3,4-	×
					methylenedioxy)	
					phenyl	
	2049	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	(3,4-	I
					methylenedioxy)	
					phenyl	
	2050	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	Ŧ	Ŧ	(3,4-	×
-23					methylenedioxy)	
1-					phenyl	
	2051	2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	Ŧ	×	(3,4-	×
					methylenedioxy)	
					pheny 1	
	2054	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	<b>=</b>	(3,4-	<b>=</b>
					methylenedioxy)	
					pheny1	
	2059	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	3-pyridinyl	×
	2060	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	×	3-pyridinyl	×

3 H H 3-pyridinyl  (2) 3 H H 3-pyridinyl  (2) 3 H H 3-pyridinyl  H H H 3-pyridinyl  H H H H  H H  H H H  H							508.3		2	(1)	(1)		(y1)						<b>:</b>				
	=	<b>*</b>	<b>=</b>	×	×	==	NHCOOCH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHCO_CH2Ph	NHCO_CH_C6H4-(3-CH3	NHCO2CH2(3-pyridin)	NHCO2CH; (2-thiazoly	NHCO2CH; (2-thienyl)	NHCO2CH2 (5-1soxa20)	NHCO2n-Bu	NHCOPh	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHCOCH2CH2Ph	NHCOCH=CHPh	$NHCOCH_2(3-pyridiny)$	NHCOCH, (2-thienyl)	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> (cyclohexyl)	NHCOn - Bu	NUCONHCH - DP
**************************************	3-pyridinyl	3-pyridinyl	3-pyridinyl	3-pyridinyl	3-pyridinyl	3-pyridinyl	<b>.</b>	×	x	<b>x</b>	×	×	×	==	æ	=	æ	æ	×	æ	×	=	:
tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	×	<b>=</b>	Ŧ	Ŧ	I	Ŧ	×	Ŧ	×	Ŧ	æ	Ŧ	×	x	x	×	×	X	Ŧ	I	;
imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3  tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3  2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3  2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH2)3  imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3  imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	I	I	I	Ξ	<b>=</b>	×	I	Ξ	x	×	×	×	×	×	x	×	æ	×	×	I	×	:
	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH2)3	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3									

	2091	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	
	2092	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	×	×	NHSO2C6H4-(4-CH3)	
	2093	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	I	NHSO2C6H3-(2,6-CH3)2	540.3
	2094	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ.	Ŧ	x	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-CH3)3	3 554.4
	2095	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	z	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridy1)	
	2096	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	I	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thienyl)	
	2097	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	×	I	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazoly1)	
	2098	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	I	×	NHSO, [4-(3,5-	
						dimethyl)isoxazolyl]	
	2099	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Br)	
	2100	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	Ŧ	I	NHSO2C6H4- (4-F)	
	2101	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	I	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2, 6-Cl <sub>2</sub> )	
-	2102	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	I	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthy1)	
-23	2103	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	×	Ŧ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (1-napht hy 1)	562.4
3 –	2104	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	=	¥	NHSO2C6H4-4-Ph	588.4
	21048	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	×	I	NHSO2C6H4-4-(4-	
						pyridyl)	
	2104b	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	×	x	NHSO2C6H4-4-(2-	
						oxazoly1)	
	2104c	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	x	×	×	NHSO2C6H4-4-(3-	
						pyrazolyl)	
	2105	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	<b>=</b>	×	NHSO2C6H2-4-Ph-2,6-	616.3
	:					dimethyl	

imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3  imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-	pyridyl)-2,6-dimethyl	NHSO2C6H2-4-(2-0xa-	zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-pyra-	zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -4-Ph-2,6-	dichloro	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H-4-Ph-2,6-	dimethyl-3-chloro	NHSO2CH2Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -n - Bu	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHPh	NHSO,NHC6H4~ (4-CH3)	NHSO2NHC6C3-(2,6-Me2)	NHSO2NHC6C2-(2,4,6-	Me3)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(3-pyridy1)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> [4-(3,5-	dimethyl) isoxazolyl]	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Br)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> - (4-F)	
x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	<pre>imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3</pre>	æ		=		æ		×		I		I	x	I	I	×	×		I	Ŧ		=	×	
	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I		×		×		I		×		I	I	×	I	I	æ		I	Ŧ		Ŧ	<b>=</b>	
<pre>imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3</pre>		x		x		z		I		<b>=</b>		I	I	I	x	×	=		×	×		<b>=</b>	×	
		imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	

NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(1-naphthy1)	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Ph)	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-	dimethyl)	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-	dichloro)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHCH <sub>2</sub> Ph	ng-u-HN <sup>2</sup> OSHN	NHCO2CH2C6H4-(3-CH3)	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridiny1)	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazoly1)	NHCO2CH, (4-isoxazoly1)	NHCO2 i - Bu	NHCOPh	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHCOCH2CH2Ph	NHCOCH=CHPh	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridiny1)	$NHCOCH_2$ (2-thieny1)	NHCOCH2(cyclohexyl)	NHCOn-Bu	NHCONHCH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
×	I	×		Ŧ		×	I	æ	x	×	I	æ	<b>.</b>	×	I	x	<b>=</b>	<b>.</b>	æ	×	Ŧ	¥
· ==	×	×		=		æ	<b>=</b>	Ħ	×	×	×	<b>=</b>	×	æ	<b>=</b>	×	×	<b>=</b>	=	<b>=</b>	×	×
×	=	I		I		=	x	=	×	×	=	=	×	×	×	x	×	×	Ŧ	×	×	×
imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3
2119	2120	2121		2122		2123	2124	2125	2126	2127	2128	2129	2130	2131	2132	2133	2134	2135	2136	2137	2138	2139

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2140	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	<b>=</b>	#	NHSO_C6H4-(4-CH3)
2141	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	<b>x</b>	=	NHSO2C6H3-(2,6-CH3)2
2142	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	I	×	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-CH3)3 565.4
2143	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridyl)
2144	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	x	NHSO2(2-thienyl)
2145	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	I	NHSO_(2-thiazoly1)
2146	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	×	NHSO_C6H4-(4-Br)
2147	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	I	×	NHSO2C6H4-(4-F)
2148	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	X	<b>x</b>	I	NHSO2C6H3-(2,6-C12)
2149	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	Ŧ	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthy1)
2150	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	x	×	NHSO_(1-naphthyl)
2151	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	Ŧ	=	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Ph)
21518	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHSO2C6H4-4-(4-
					'pyridy1)
21515	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	=	x	NHSO2C6H4-4-(2-
					oxazolyl)
2151c	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	I	NHSO2C6H4-4-(3-
					pyrazolyl)
2152	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	x	NHSO2C6H2-4-Ph-2,6-
		•			dimethyl
2152a	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	I	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-
					pyridyl)-2,6-dimethyl

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2152b	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	x	NHSO2C6H2-4-(2-0xa-
				zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl
2152c	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	_ =	H	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-pyra-
				zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl
2153	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	<b>=</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -4-Ph-2, 6-
				dichloro
2154	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	x x	NHSO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
2155	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	z z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> - n - Bu
2156	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHPh
2157	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	II	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(4-CH <sub>3</sub> )
2158	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	<b>=</b>	NHSO2NHC6C3-(2,6-Me2)
2159	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x x	=	NHSO2NHC6C2-(2, 4, 6-
				Me3)
2160	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	<b>H</b>	<b>x</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH (3-pyridy1)
2161	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	<b>=</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> - [4 - (3, 5 -
				dimethyl)isoxazolyl]
2162	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	<b>H</b>	<b>x</b>	NHSO2NHC6H4 - (4-Br)
2163	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>H</b>	<b>x</b>	NHSO_NHC6H4 - (4-F)
2164	Pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	H	<b>=</b>	NHSO;NH(2-naphthy1)
2165	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=======================================	<b>=</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH) 1-napht hy 1)
2166	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	*	NHSO2NHC6H4 - (4 - Ph)
2167	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	± ±	I	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
÷				dimethyl)

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168	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	×	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
) )					dichloro)
169	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	x	NHSO,NHCH,Ph
170	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	×	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH-n-Bu
171	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHCOOCH <sub>2</sub> Ph
172	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	=	×	NHCO2CH2C6H4- (4-CH3)
173	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	<b>=</b>	x	$NHCO_2CH_2$ (3-pyridiny1)
173	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	$NHCO_2CH_2$ (2-thiazoly1)
175	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	I	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (2-thieny1)
176	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	<b>=</b>	×	NHCO2n-Bu
771	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	I	x	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
178	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ	x	NHSO2C6H4-(4-CH3)
179	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	×	x	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2,6-Me <sub>2</sub> )
180	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	×	<b>x</b>	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)
2181	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	$NHSO_2(3-pyridy1)$
2182	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	x	NHSO2(2-thienyl)
2183	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	Ŧ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazoly1)
2184	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	×	<b>x</b>	NHSO2C6H4-(2-Br)
2185	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	X	<b>=</b>	NHSO2C6H4 - (4-F)
2186	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	æ	NHSO2C6H3-(2,6-C12)
2187	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	=	<b>=</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthy1)
2188	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	I	×	$NHSO_2(1-naphthyl)$
2189	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	¥	æ	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Ph)

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pyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3  pyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	H H H NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(4-	Pyridyl) H H H NSO <sub>2</sub> C6H <sub>4</sub> -4-(2-	oxazoly1) H H H NSO <sub>2</sub> C6H4-4-(3-	pyrazolyl) 	dimethyl H H H NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -4-(3-	Pyridyl)-2,6-dimethyl	zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl H H NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-pyra-	zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl H H NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -4-Ph-2,6-	dichloro H H H NHSO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -n-Bu	H H NHSO2NHPh	H H H NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC6H4-(4-CH3)	H H H NHSO2NHC6C3-(2,6-Me2)	
		pyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3			pyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3								yrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	

2198	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	I	x	NHSO2[4-(3,5-
					dimethyl) isoxazolyl]
2199	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	×	I	NHSO_NH(2-naphthy1)
2200	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(1-naphthyl)
2201	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	=	æ	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Ph)
2202	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	I	×	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
					dimethyl)
2203	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
					dichloro)
2204	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	I	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHCH <sub>2</sub> Ph
2205	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	æ	NHCO2CH2C6H4-(4-CH3)
2206	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	æ	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridinyl)
2207	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	æ	Ŧ	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazoly1)
2208	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	<b>=</b>	×	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (2-thienyl)
2209	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHCO2 i - Bu
2210	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	x	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
2211	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	<b>=</b>	*	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C6H4-(3-CH3)
2212	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	<b>=</b>	NHSO2C6H3-(2,6-Me2)
2213	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	×	×	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-Me3)
2214	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	×	=	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridyl)
2215	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thienyl)
2216	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	=	=	$NHSO_2(2-thiazoly1)$

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zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl

	2217	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	×	=	NHSO <sub>2</sub> - (4 - (3, 5 -
						dimethyl)isoxazolyl]
	2218	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	æ	NHSO2C6H4-(3-Br)
	2218	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	Ŧ	NHSO2C6H4-(4-F)
	2219	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	æ	NHSO2C6H3-(2,6-C12)
	2220	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	=	×	$NHSO_2$ (2-naphthy1)
	2221	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	æ	NHSO: (1-naphthy1)
	2222	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>x</b>	Ŧ	×	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Ph)
	2222a	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	¥	NHSO2C6H4-4-(4-
						pyridyl)
	2222b	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	æ	æ	NHSO2C6H4-4-(2-
						oxazolyl)
-	2222c	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	<b>=</b>	NHSO2C6H4-4-(3-
24						pyrazolyl)
1-	2223	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	=	×	NHSO2C6H2-4-Ph-2, 6-
						dimethyl
	2223&	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	×	×	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-
						pyridyl)-2,6-dimethyl
	2223b	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	æ	<b>=</b>	<b>=</b>	NHSO2C6H2-4-(2-oxa-
						zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl
	2223c	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-pyra-

Accc	imidazolin-2-vlamino-(CH2) a	x	æ	Ŧ	NHSO2C6H2-4-Ph-2,6-
7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7					dichloro
2225	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	x	×	NHSO,CH,Ph
2226	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	=	I	NHSO2-n-Bu
2227	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	<b>=</b>	×	NHSO_NHPh
2228	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	×	I	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-CH3)
2229	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	#	I	NHSO2NHC6C3-(2,6-Me2)
2230	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	×	<b>=</b>	NHSO2NHC6C2-(2,4,6-
					Me3)
2231	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	=	Œ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(2-naphthy1)
2232	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	X	I	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH)1-naphthy1)
2233	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	×	x	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Ph)
2234	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	<b>=</b>	=	NHSO2NHC6H2-4-Ph-2, 6-
					dimethyl
2235	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	Ŧ	I	NHSO2NHC6H2-4-Ph-2,6-
					dichloro
2236	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHCH <sub>2</sub> Ph
2237	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	I	x	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
2238	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	x	¥	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C6H4-(3-CH <sub>3</sub> )
2239	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	x	×	NHSO2C6H3-(2,6-Me2)
2240	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	z	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-Me3)
2241	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	æ	I	$NHSO_2(4-pyridy1)$
2242	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	×	=	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thieny1)

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2243	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	Ŧ	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazoly1)
2244	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	I	NHSO <sub>2</sub> - [4 - (3, 5 -
					dimethyl)isoxazolyl
2245	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	×	æ	NHSO2C6H4-(3-Br)
2246	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	I	NHSO2C6H4-(3-F)
2247	Denzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	Ŧ	Ŧ	NHSO2C6H3-(2,6-C12)
2248	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	æ	x	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthy1)
2249	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	I	×	$NHSO_2$ (1-naphthy1)
2250	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	æ	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Ph)
2251	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	I	×	NHSO2C6H2-4-Ph-2,6-
					dimethyl
2252	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	Ŧ	x	NHSO2C6H2-4-Ph-2, 6-
					dichloro
2253	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	<b>=</b>	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
2254	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> - i - Bu
2255	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ		NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHPh
2256	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	I	Ŧ	$NHSO_2NHC_6H_4-(4-CH_3)$
2257	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	Ŧ	NHSO2NHC6C3 - (2, 6-Me2)
2258	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	×	×	NHSO2NHC6C2-(2, 4, 6-
					Me <sub>3</sub> )
2259	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	×	×	NHSO2NH(2-naphthy1)
2260	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	æ	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH) 1-naphthy 1)
2261	Denzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	x	Ŧ	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Ph)

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2262	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ	×	NHSO2NHC6H2-4-Ph-2,6-
					dimethyl
2263	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	I	NHSO2NHC6H2-4-Ph-2,6-
					dichloro
2264	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	I	Ŧ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHCH <sub>2</sub> Ph
2265	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	x	x	NHCO2CH2Ph
2266	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	ı	NHCO2i-Bu
2267	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	×	Ŧ	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C6H4-(4-CH3)
2268	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	×	æ	I	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2,6-Me <sub>2</sub> )
2269	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)
2270	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	×	×	I	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridyl)
2271	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	×	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazoly1)
2272	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	æ	=	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-isoxazoly1)
2273	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	×	×	æ	$NHSO_2C_6H_4-(3-Br)$
2274	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	æ	Ŧ	×	NHSO2C6H4-(3-F)
2275	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	æ	Ŧ	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2,6-C <sub>12</sub> )
2276	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	×	×	x	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthy1)
7722	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	æ	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (1-naphthy1)
2278	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	×	×	=	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Ph)
2279	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	I	I	I	NHSO2C6H2-4-Ph-2,6-
					dimethyl
2280	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	=	æ	I	NHSO2C6H2-4-Ph-2,6-
					dichloro
:					

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dimethyl) isoxazolyl)

NHSO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO.'-i-Bu	NHSO2NHPh	NHSO_NHC6H4 - (4-CH3)	NHSO2NHC6C3-(2.6-Me2)	NHSO2NHC6C2-(2, 4, 6-	Me <sub>3</sub> )	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(2-naphthy1)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH) 1-naphthy1)	NHSO2NHCEH4 - (4 - Ph)	NHSO2NHC6H2-4-Ph-2, 6-	dimethyl	NHSO2NHC6H2-4-Ph-2,6-	dichloro	NHCO2n-Bu	NHCO2 i - Bu	NHSO: Ph	4d COSEN	CICIOGRAPOS - 45.00HN	(INCOME STORY)	NHSO [4-(3-5-	-c'cl =1 Zomin
×	×	æ	æ	=	I		x	æ	x	I		x		æ	æ	æ	×	<b>3</b>	<b>.</b>	: =	:
I	×	×	¥	×	×		<b>x</b>	×	Ŧ	×		æ		×	I	×	×	=	<b>=</b>	×	:
æ	×	æ	=	I	×		×	×	I	I		×		=	æ	æ	×	×	æ	×	
2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3		2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3		2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	-	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	2-iminoazepin-7-y1-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	2-iminoazepin-7-y1-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	2-iminoazepin-7-y1-(CH2)3	
2281	2282	2283	2284	2285	2286		2287	2288	2289	2290	,	2291		2292	2293	2294	2295	2296	2297	2298	

2299	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	I	I	NHSO2-[4-(3,5-
	4.5				dimethyl) isoxazolyl]
2300	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	3-pyridinyl	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
2301	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	Ŧ	3-pyridinyl	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
2302	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	I	(3,4-methylene-	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
				dioxy)phenyl	
2303	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	(3,4-methylene-	NHSO2Ph
				dioxy)phenyl	
2304	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	I	æ	æ	NHSO, Ph
2305	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	=	×	×	NHCO2CH2Ph
2306	imidazo1-2-ylamino-carbonyl-(CH2)2	=	×	×	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-CH3)3
2307	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	<b>=</b>	×	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
2308	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	<b>x</b>	=	×	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
2309	pyridin-2-ylamino-carbonyl-(CH2)2	×	×	x	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-CH3)3
2310	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	I	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
2311	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	×	<b>=</b>	<b>=</b>	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
2312	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	I	<b>=</b>	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
2313	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	×	×	I	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
2314	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	I	×	=	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
2315	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	I	×	<b>=</b>	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
2316	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-carbonyl-(CH2)2	<b>=</b>	=	x	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-CH3)3
2317	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)2	×	=	<b>=</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
2318	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	<b>x</b>	×	E	NHCO2CH2Ph -

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2342	pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)-CH2	×	Œ.	<b>3</b> 2	NHSO <sub>2</sub> - (I-naphthyI)
2343	pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)-CH2	Ŧ,	×	æ	NHCO2CH2Ph
2344	pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)-CH2	Ŧ	<b>=</b>	×	NHSO2C6C2-(2,4,6-Me3)
2345	imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)-CH2	×	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -(1-naphthy1)
2346	imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)-CH2	<b>=</b>	×	×	NHCO2CH2Ph
2347	imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)-CH2	æ	×	×	NHSO2C6C2-(2, 4, 6-Ne3)
2348	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(o-C6H4)-CH2	Ŧ	×	I	$NHSO_2 - (1-naphthyl)$
2349	inidazolin-2-ylamino-(o-C6H4)-CH2	×	×	I	NHCO2CH2Ph
2350	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(o-C6H4)-CH2	×	I	×	NHSO2C6C2-(2,4,6-Me3)

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I-z	
	<i>)</i> =0
-m-Z	Z~ %

. '	No.	$R^1$	R9	R14	R <sup>15</sup>	MS
,	3001	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	×	æ	
-24	3005	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	æ	NHCOOCH2Ph	
19-	3002a	imidazolin-2-yl amino-(CH2)3	æ	<b>=</b>	NHCOOCH2Ph	
	3002b	3002b tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	Ŧ	NHCO2CH2Ph	
	3002c	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	æ	NHCO2CH2Ph	
	3003	imidazolin-2-yl amino-(CH2)3	×	æ	NHCO2CH2C6H4- (2-CH3)	
	3004	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ	NHCO2CH2C6H4- (3-CH3)	
	3005	benzimidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	NHCO2CH2C6H4- (4-CH3)	
	3006	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	x	x	NHCO2CH2 (2-pyridinyl)	
	3007	2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH2)3	×	Œ	NHCO2CH2(3-pyridiny1)	
	3010	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	NHCO2CH2(2-thiazoly1)	

EX.

3015	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	æ	NHCO2CH2 (4-isoxazoly1)
3016	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	x	<b></b>	NHCO2CH2(2-thienyl)
3017	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	æ	NHCO2n-Bu
3018	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ	NHCO2i-Bu
3019	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x		NHCO2t-Bu
3020	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	x	<b>x</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
3020a	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
3020b	imidazolin-2-yl amino-(CH2)3	×	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
3020c	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
3020d	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
3021	2-iminoazepin-7-y1-(CH2)3	×	æ	NHSO2C6H4- (2-CH3)
3021a	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	æ	NHSO2C6H3-(2,6-Me2)
3021b	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-Me3)
3021c	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	×	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-Me2-4-Ph)
3021d	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	<b>=</b>	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-Me2-4-Ph)
3021e	imidazolin-2-yl amino-(CH2)3	×	<b>=</b>	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-Me2-4-Ph)
3021£	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-Me2-4-Ph)
30219	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	m.	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-Me2-4-(3-
				pyridyl))
3021h	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	I	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-Me2-4-(4-
				pyridyl))
30211	3021i imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-Me2-4-(2-
				•

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WU 9//23400	1 € 176336/26323

idazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	NHSO2C <sub>6</sub> H2-(2, 6-Me2-4-(3-	furyl)) NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-Me2-4-(5-	pyrazolyl)) NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(2,4,6-Me <sub>3</sub> )	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-Me2-4-(3-	pyridy1)) NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(2,6-Me <sub>2</sub> -4-(4-	pyridy1)) NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(2,6-Me <sub>2</sub> -4-(2-	furyl)) NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(2,6-Me <sub>2</sub> -4-(3-	furyl)) NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(2,6-Me <sub>2</sub> -4-(5-	pyrazolyl)) NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(2,4,6-Me <sub>3</sub> )	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-Me2-4-(3-	pyridyl)) NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(2,6-Me <sub>2</sub> -4-(4-	pyridyl)) NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-Me2-4-(2-	furyl))
idazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3  ridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3  ridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3  ridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3  ridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3  ridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3  ridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3  idazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3  idazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3  idazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3  idazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3  idazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		x	æ	æ									
30215 fm 3021k fm 3021n py 3021n py 3021p py 3021r im 3021z im 3021z im 3021 im	lj imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	lk imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-	pyridin-2-ylamino-	pyridin-2-ylamino-	pyridin-2-ylamino-	pyridin-2-ylamino-	pyridin-2-ylamino-	ır imidazolin-2-yl amino-(CH2)3	ls imidazolin-2-yl amino-(CH2)3	t imidazolin-2-yl amino-(CH2)3	.u imidazolin-2-yl amino-(CH2)3	

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	3021v	imidazolin-2-yl amino-(CH2)3	·	<b>=</b>	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-Me2-4-(3-
					furyl))
	3021w	imidazolin-2-yl amino-(CH2)3	æ	<b>=</b> :	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-Me2-4-(5-
					pyrazolyl))
	3024	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	H	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-pyridy1)
	3029	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	==	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-isoxazolyl)
	3030	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	25	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -[4-(3,5-dim-
					ethyl)isoxazolyl}
	3030a	imidazolin-2-yl amino-(CH2)3	×	<b>T</b> :	NHSO2-[4-(3,5-dim-
					ethyl)isoxazolyl]
	3030b	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	<b>3</b> 2	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -[4-(3,5-dim-
					ethyl)isoxazolyl]
-	3030c	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -[4-(3,5-dim-
-25					ethyl)isoxazolyl]
2-	3031	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(2-Br)
	3032	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(3-Br)
	3033	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(4-Br)
	3034	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	æ	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> (2-F)
	3035	2-iminoazepin-7-y1-(CH2)3	æ	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(3-F)
	3038	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (1-naphthy1)
	3038a	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2,6-Cl <sub>2</sub> )
	3038b	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(2, 6-Cl <sub>2</sub> -4-Ph)
	3043	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	æ	NHSO2-i-Bu

•••	3044	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	NHSO2-t-Bu
•••	3045	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	(3, 4-	×
				methylenedioxy)phenyl	
- •	3046	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	(3, 4-	I
				methylenedioxy)phenyl	
	3047	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	(3, 4-	æ
				methylenedioxy)phenyl	
- •	3048	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	(3, 4-	×
				methylenedioxy)phenyl	
• •	3049	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	(3, 4-	x
				methylenedioxy)phenyl	
••	3050	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	Ŧ	(3, 4-	x
_				methylenedioxy)phenyl	
25:	3051	2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH2)3	æ	(3, 4-	x
3-				methylenedioxy)phenyl	
•	3054	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	(3, 4-	x
				methylenedioxy)phenyl	
-	3059	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	3-pyridinyl	m;
•	3060	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	3-pyridinyl	æ
-	3061	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	3-pyridinyl	x
-	3062	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	3-pyridinyl	x
-	3063	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	3-pyridinyl	I
•	3064	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	x	3-pyridinyl	æ

	ĸ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -(1-naphthy1)	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO2C6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)	$NHSO_2 - (1-naphthyl)$	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO2C6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)	$NHSO_2 - (1-naphthyl)$	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> C <sub>2</sub> -(2, 4, 6-Me <sub>3</sub> )	$NHSO_2 - (1-naphthy1)$	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO2C6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHCO2CH2C6H4-(3-CH3)	NHCO2CH <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridiny1)	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazoly1)	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (2-thieny1)	NHCO2CH2 (5-isoxazoly1)	NHCO2n-Bu	NHCOPh	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> Ph
3-pyridinyl	3-pyridinyl	æ	æ	æ	×	æ	<b>=</b>	æ	<b>=</b>	<b>=</b>	<b>x</b>	×	æ	сн3 н	сн3 н	сн3 н	сн3 н	сн3 н	сн3 н	СН3 Н	сн3 н	СН3 н
2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH2)3	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	imidazol-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	imidazol-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	Pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(m-C6H4)	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(m-C6H4)	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(m-C6H4)	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 Cl	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 C	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3
3065	3068	3068a	3068b	3068c	3068d	3068e	3068£	30689	3068h	30681	3068j	3068k	30681	3075	3076	3077	3078	3079	3080	3081	3082	3083

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	3084	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	x	NHCOCH2CH2Ph	
	3085	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHCOCH=CHPh	
	3086	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridinyl)	
	3087	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> (2-thieny1)	
	3088	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	×	NHCOCH2(cyclohexyl)	
	3089	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHCOn-Bu	
	3090	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	CH3	æ	NHCONHCH <sub>2</sub> Ph	
	3091	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	
	3092	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(4-CH <sub>3</sub> )	
	3093	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H3-(2, 6-CH3)2	554.4
	3094	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-CH3)3	568.4
	3095	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridy1)	
-	3096	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thieny1)	
255	3097	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	x	$NHSO_2$ (2-thiazoly1)	
5-	3098	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> [4-(3,5-	
					dimethyl) isoxazolyl]	
	3099	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	x	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(4-B <sub>x</sub> )	
	3100	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	E	NHSO2C6H4-(4-F)	
	3101	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2,6-C <sub>12</sub> )	594.3
	3102	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	CH3	x	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthyl)	
	3103	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (1-naphthy1)	
	3104	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	Ŧ	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Ph)	
	3104a	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H4-4-(4-pyridyl)	

	3104b	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	<b>=</b>	NHSO2C6H4-4-(2-0xazolyl)	
	3104c	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H4-4-(3-	
					pyrazolyl)	
	3105	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(4-Ph-2,6- 630.3	m.
					dimethyl)	
	3105a	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-pyridy1)-	
					2,6-dimethyl	
	3105b	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H2-4-(2-oxa-	
					zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl	•
	3105c	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-pyra-	
					zoly1)-2,6-dimethyl	
	3105d	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	Ŧ	NHSO2C6H2-4-(4-pyridy1)-	
-					2,6-dimethyl	
-25	3105e	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	æ	NHSO2C6H2-4-(2-furyl)-	
6-					2,6-dimethyl	
	3105£	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-furyl)-	
					2,6-dimethyl	
	3106	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3		NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(4-Ph-2, 6- 670.3	m.
					dichloro)	
	3107	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H-(4-Ph-2, 6-	
					dimethyl-3-chloro)	
	3108	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	<b>=</b> :	NHSO2CH2Ph	
	3109	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	×	NHSO2-n-Bu	

NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHPh	NHSO2NHC6H4- (4-CH3)	NHSO2NHC6C3-(2, 6-Me2)	NHSO2NHC6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(3-pyridy1)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> [4-(3,5-	dimethyl) isoxazolyl]	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Br)	NHSO2NHC6H4- (4-F)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(2-naphthyl)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(1-naphthyl)	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Ph)	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-	dimethyl)	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2, 6-	dichloro)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHCH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO2NH-n-Bu	NHCO2CH2C6H4-(3-CH3)	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridiny1)	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazoly1)	NHCO2CH2 (4-isoxazoly1)	NHCO2i-Bu
æ	æ	×	x	x	x		I	x	æ	×	I	x		×		×	æ	<b>3</b> C;	<b>=</b>	æ	æ	æ
CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3		СНЗ	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3		CH3		CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3
imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3
3110	3111	3112	3113	3114	3115		3116	3117	3118	3119	3120	3121	25	3122		3123	3124	3125	3126	3127	3128	3129

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NHCOPh	NHCOCH2Ph	NHCOCH2CH2Ph	NHCOCH=CHPh	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridiny1)	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> (2-thienyl)	NHCOCH2(cyclohexyl)	NHCOn-Bu	инсоинси2Рh	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(4-CH <sub>3</sub> )	NHSO2C6H3-(2,6-CH3)2	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-CH3)3	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridy1)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thienyl)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazoly1)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(4-Br)	NHSO2C6H4-(4-F)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2, 6-Cl <sub>2</sub> )	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthy1)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (1-naphthy1)	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Ph)	NHSO2C6H4-4-(4-pyridyl)
æ	×	×	×	x	æ	×	×	æ	×	<b>=</b>	<b>x</b>	×	æ	æ	æ	æ	æ	æ	×	æ	×	æ
CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3
3130	3131	3132	3133	3134	3135	3136	3137	3138	3139	3140	3141	3142	3143	3144	3145	3146	3147	3148	3149	3150	3151	3151a

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3151b py 3151c py	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН3	æ æ	NHSO2C6H4-4-(2-0xazoly1) NHSO2C6H4-4-(3-
pyridir	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	Ŧ	NHSO2C6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
pyridi	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-pyridy1)-
3152b pyridi	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	π	2,6-dimethyl NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -4-(2-oxa-
pyrid	3152c pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	π	zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-pyra-
3152d pyrid	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	<b>E</b>	zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl NHSO2C6H2-4-(4-pyridyl)-
3152e pyrid	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	Ξ	2,6-dimethyl NHSO <sub>2</sub> C6H2-4-(2-furyl)-
3152£ pyrid	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3		2,6-dimethyl NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -4-(3-furyl)-
pyrid	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	Œ	2,6-dimethyl NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(4-Ph-2,6-
pyrid	Pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	x	dichloro) NHSO <sub>2</sub> CH2Ph
pyrid	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ		NHSO <sub>2</sub> -n-Bu
pyrid	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHSO2NHPh
pyrid	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2NHC6H4- (4-CH3)

NHSO2NHC6C3-(2,6-Me2)	NHSO2NHC6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(3-pyridy1)	NHSO2-[4-(3, 5-	dimethyl)isoxazolyl]	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Br)	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-F)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(2-naphthyl)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH) 1-naphthyl)	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Ph)	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-	dimethyl)	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-	· dichloro)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHCH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO2NH-n-Bu	NHCOOCH2Ph	NHCO2CH2C6H4- (4-CH3)	NHCO2CH2 (3-pyridinyl)	NHCO2CH2(2-thiazolyl)	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (2-thieny1)	NHCO2n-Bu	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
×	æ	×	æ		×	×	×	Ŧ	x	æ		æ		<b>x</b>	æ	Ŧ	æ	x	æ	ж	T	x
CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3		CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3		СНЗ		CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3
3158	3159	3160	3161		3162	3163	3164	3165	3166	3167		3168		3169	3170	3171	3172	3173	3173	3175	3176	3177

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	3178	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	==	NHSO2C6H4-(4-CH3)
	3179	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H3-(2,6-Me2)
	3180	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	ж	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-Me3)
	3181	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	сн3	m	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridy1)
	3182	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2(2-thienyl)
	3183	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	<b>*</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazoly1)
	3184	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHSO2C6H4-(2-Br)
	3185	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3		NHSO2C6H4-(4-F)
	3186	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H3-(2, 6-C12)
	3187	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	<b>*</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthy1)
	3188	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (1-naphthyl)
	3189	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	T.	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Ph)
-	3189a	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	m	NHSO2C6H4-4-(4-pyridyl)
-26	31895	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(2-oxazoly1)
1-	3189c	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	снз	æ	NHSO2C6H4-4-(3-
					pyrazoly1)
	3190	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	снз	=	NHSO2C6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
					dimethyl)
	3190a	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	=	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-pyridy1)-
					2,6-dimethyl
	3190b	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H2-4-(2-0xa-
					zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl

	_													_							
zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl	NHSO2C6H2-4-(4-pyridyl)-	2,6-dimethyl	NHSO2C6H2-4-(2-furyl)-	2,6-dimethyl	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-furyl)-	2,6-dimethyl	NHSO2C6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-	dichloro)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO2-n-Bu	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHPh	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-CH3)	NHSO2NHC6C3-(2,6-Me2)	NHSO2NHC6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> [4-(3, 5-	dimethyl)isoxazolyl)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(2-naphthyl)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(1-naphthy1)	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Ph)	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-	dimethyl)
	æ		Ŧ		<b>x</b> :		æ		Ŧ	æ	æ	æ	×	×	×		æ	æ	æ	æ	
	CH3		CH3		CH3		CH3		CH3		CH3	СНЗ	СНЗ	CH3							
	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3							
	tet		4		تډ		•		-	T)	,	•	-	_	_		-	_	_	_	

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3203	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	TX.	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
				dichloro)
3204	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН3	x	NHSO2NHCH2Ph
3205	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН3	æ	NHCO2CH2C6H4- (4-CH3)
3206	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridinyl)
3207	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHCO2CH2(2-thiazoly1)
3208	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	x	NHCO2CH2 (2-thienyl)
3209	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	I	NHCO2i-Bu
3210	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	I	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
3211	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	Ŧ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(3-CH <sub>3</sub> )
3212	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН3	æ	NHSO2C6H3-(2,6-Me2)
3213	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-Me3)
3214	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ,	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridy1)
3215	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thienyl)
3216	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazoly1)
3217	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -[4-(3,5-
				dimethyl)isoxazolyll
3218	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(3-Br)
3218a	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	Ŧ	NHSO2C6H4- (4-F)
3219	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН3	æ	NHSO2C6H3-(2, 6-C12)
3220	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	снз	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthyl)
3221	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (1-naphthyl)
3222	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Ph)

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CH <sub>3</sub> H	<pre>imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2) 3 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2) 3 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2) 3</pre>	H2)3 H2)3	£ # #	ac ac a	NHSO2C6H4-4-(4-pyridyl) NHSO2C6H4-4-(2-oxazolyl) NHSO2C6H4-4-(3-
CH3 H	olin-2-ylamino-(C olin-2-ylamino-(C	42)3 42)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	x x	NnSO2C6n4-4-(S- pyrazolyl) NHSO2C6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
CH3 H	olin-2-ylamino-(C	H2)3	CH3	I	dimethyl) NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-pyridyl)-
CH3 H CH3 H CH3 H CH3 H CH3 H CH3 H	olin-2-ylamino-(C	H2)3	CH3	æ	2,6-dimethyl NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -4-(2-oxa-
СН3 Н СН3 Н СН3 Н СН3 Н СН3 Н	olin-2-ylamino-(C	H2)3	CH3	Ŧ	zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -4-(3-pyra-
СН3 Н СН3 Н СН3 Н СН3 Н	olin-2-ylamino-(C	Н2) 3	СНЗ	æ	zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -4-(4-pyridyl)-
СН3 Н СН3 Н СН3 Н СН3 Н	olin-2-ylamino-(C	H2) 3	CH3	æ	2,6-dimethyl NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -4-(2-furyl)-
СН3 Н СН3 Н СН3 Н	olin-2-ylamino-(C	H2) 3	CH3	æ	2,6-dimethyl NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -4-(3-furyl)-
СН3 Н СН3 Н	olin-2-ylamino-(C	H2) 3	CH3	Ŧ	2,6-dimethyl NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(4-Ph-2,6-
СН3 Н	olin-2-ylamino-(C	H2) 3	CH <sub>3</sub>	Ŧ	dichloro) NHSO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
no-(CH2)3 CH3 H	olin-2-ylamino-(C	H2)3	СНЗ	I	NHSO2-n-Bu
	olin-2-ylamino-(C	H2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHPh

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,-,	3228	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO2NHC6H4- (4-CH3)
1.7	3229	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2NHC6C3-(2,6-Me2)
***	3230	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2NHC6C2-(2,4,6-Me3)
***	3231	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(2-naphthy1)
6.1	3232	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH) 1-naphthy1)
v·1	3233	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO2NHC6H4- (4-Ph)
•1	3234	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	Ŧ	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
					dimethyl)
•••	3235	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2NHC6H2- (4-Ph-2, 6-
					dichloro)
1.1	3236	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3		NHSO2NHCH2Ph
**)	3237	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
	3238	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	Ŧ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(3-CH <sub>3</sub> )
-26	3239	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H3-(2,6-Me2)
	3240	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	Ŧ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(2, 4, 6-Me <sub>3</sub> )
,	3241	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-pyridy1)
.,	3242	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	<b>x</b>	NHSO2 (2-thienyl)
1-1	3243	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazoly1)
~1	3244	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -[4-(3,5-
					dimethyl)isoxazolyl)
171	3245	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H4-(3-Br)
***	3246	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H4-(3-F)
٠٠٠,	3247	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	<b>=</b> :	NHSO2C6H3-(2,6-C12)

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3248	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthyl)
3249	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (1-naphthy1)
3250	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	<b>=</b>	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Ph)
3251	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
				dimethyl)
3252	benzimidazol-2-ylamino- (CH2) 3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
				dichloro)
3253	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
3254	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2-i-Bu
3255	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	==	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHPh
3256	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	==	NHSO2NHC6H4- (4-CH3)
3257	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	==	NHSO2NHC6C3-(2,6-Me2)
3258	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	===	NHSO2NHC6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)
3259	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(2-naphthyl)
3260	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	<b>32</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH) 1-naphthyl)
3261	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Ph)
3262	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
				dimethyl)
3263	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2, 6-
				dichloro)
3264	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHCH <sub>2</sub> Ph
3265	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHCO2CH2Ph
3266	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	Ŧ	NHCO2 i -Bu

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NHSO2C6H4-(4-CH3)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2, 6-Me <sub>2</sub> )	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridy1)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazoly1)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-isoxazoly1)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(3-B <sub>F</sub> )	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(3-F)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2, 6-C <sub>12</sub> )	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthy1)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (1-naphthy1)	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Ph)	NHSO2C6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-	dimethyl)	NHSO2C6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-	dichloro)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -i-Bu	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHPh	NHSO2NHC6H4- (4-CH3)	NHSO2NHC6C3-(2,6-Me2)	NHSO2NHC6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)	,
I	I	I	×	x	×	<b>=</b>	×	Ŧ	I	Ŧ	æ	æ		x		<b>=</b>	æ	æ	×	×	Ŧ	
CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3		CH3		CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	
2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3		2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3		2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	
3267	3268	3269	3270	3271	3272	3273	3274	3275	3276	3277	3278	3279		3280		3281	3282	3283	3284	3285	3286	

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3288	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH) 1-naphthyl)
3289	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Ph)
3290	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
				dimethy1)
3291	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
				dichloro)
3292	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHCO2n-Bu
3293	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHCO2i-Bu
3294	2-iminoazepin-7-y1-(CH2)3	CH3	r:	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
3295	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
3296	2-iminoazepin-7-y1-(CH2)3	CH3	<b></b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-isoxazolyl)
3297	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	<b>*</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-isoxazolyl)
3298	2-iminoazepin-7-y1-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	CH3	æ	NHSO2-[4-(3,5-
-26				dimethyl)isoxazolyl
3299	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3		NHSO <sub>2</sub> -[4-(3,5-
				dimethyl)isoxazolyl]
3300	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	3-pyridinyl	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
3301	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	3-pyridinyl	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
3302	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	(3,4-methylenedioxy)-	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
			phenyl	
3303	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	(3,4-methylenedioxy) - NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
			phenyl	
3304	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	CH3	=	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph

nmino-(CH2)2       CH3         nmino-(CH2)2       CH3         nmino-carbonyl-(CH2)2       CH3         /1-(CH2)2       CH3         /1-(CH2)2       CH3         1-(CH2)2       CH3         0-(CH2)2       CH3         0-(CH2)4       CH3         0-(CH2)4       CH3	CH3
benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)2 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)2 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)2 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)2 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)2 2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH2)2 imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)2 imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)2 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)4	pyridin-2-yramino-(ch2)4

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	3328	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)4	CH3	<b>X</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	
	3329	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)4	СН3	<b>=</b>	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	
	3330	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)4	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	
	3331	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)4	СН3	×	NHCO2CH2Ph	
	3332	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)4	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	
	3333	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)4	СН3	æ	NHCO2CH2Ph	
	3334	2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH2)4	снз	<b>#</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	
	3335	2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> )4	СН3	<b>#</b>	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	
	3336	imidazo1-4-ylamino-(CH2)4	СН3		NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	
	3337	imidazo1-4-ylamino-(CH2)4	CH3	<b>3</b>	NHCO2CH2Ph	
	3338	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	<b>=</b>	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-CH3)3	
	3339	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН2РҺ	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-CH3)3 655.3	8
	3340	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	сн2сн3	×	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-CH3)3	
-27	3341	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН (СН3)2	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-CH3)3	
70-	3342	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	cyclo-	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-CH3)3	
			propyl			
	3343	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH2-	=	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-CH3)3	
			cyclo-			
			propyl			
	3344	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	си2соон	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-CH3)3	
	3345	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	(CH2) 2-	×	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-CH3)3	
			NMe <sub>2</sub>			
	3346	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	CH2CH20Me	×	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-CH3)3	

m	3347	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH2CH2Ph	×	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-CH3)3
m	3348	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН2СН2ОН	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-CH3)3
m	3349	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН2СН3	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 6-CH3)2-4-
					Ph
m	3350	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH (CH3) 2	x	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-CH3)2-4-
					Ph
ന	3351	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	cyclo-	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-CH3)2-4-
			propyl		Ph
m	3352	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	CH2-	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-CH3)2-4-
			cyclo-		Ph
			propyl		
e	3353	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	сн2соон	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-CH3)2-4-
					Ph
-27	3354	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	(CH2)2-	×	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-CH3)2-4-
11-			NMe 2		Ph
m	3355	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН2СН2ОМе	<b>=</b>	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-CH3)2-4-
				-	Ph
m	3356	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH2CH2Ph	Ŧ	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-CH3)2-4-
					Ph
m	3357	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН2СН2ОН	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-CH3)2-4-
					Ph
(4)	3358	imidazol-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	CH <sub>3</sub>	æ	$NHSO_2 - (1-naphthyl)$
ù	3359	imidazol-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	CH3	×	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph

3360	imidazo1-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	СНЗ	×	NHSO2C6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)
3361	pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	CH3	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -(1-naphthyl)
3362	pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	CH3	I	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
3363	pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	CH3	x	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> C <sub>2</sub> -(2, 4, 6-Me <sub>3</sub> )
3364	imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	CH3	æ	$NHSO_2 - (1-naphthyl)$
3365	imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	CH3		NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
3366	imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	CH3	×	NHSO2C6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)
3367	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(m-C6H4)	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -(1-naphthy1)
3368	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(m-C6H4)	CH3	æ	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
3369	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(m-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> )	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> C <sub>2</sub> -(2, 4, 6-Me <sub>3</sub> )

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Ex.	;					
Š		$R^1$	R9	R14	R15	MS
ફ 273	4001	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	æ	æ	
- 54	4002	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	æ	NHCOOCH2Ph	
4	4002a	imidazolin-2-yl amino-(CH2)3	×	æ	NHCOOCH2Ph	
4	302b	4002b tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	æ	NHCO2CH2Ph	•
4	4002c	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ	NHCO2CH2Ph	
40	4003	imidazolin-2-yl amino-(CH2)3	æ	æ	NHCO2CH2C6H4- (2-CH3)	
4	4004	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ	NHCO2CH2C6H4-(3-CH3)	
4	4005	Denzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	æ	NHCO2CH2C6H4- (4-CH3)	
4	4006	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	x	æ	NHCO2CH2 (2-pyridinyl)	
4.	4007	2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH2)3	×	×	NHCO2CH2 (3-pyridinyl)	

ethyl) isoxazolyl]

4010	) imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ	NHCO2CH2 (2-thiazoly1)
4015	5 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	NHCO2CH2 (4-isoxazolyl)
4016	5 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	æ	Ħ	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (2-thienyl)
4017	nimidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	m	NHCO2n-Bu
4018	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	æ	NHCO21-Bu
4019	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	æ	NHCO2t-Bu
4020	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	æ	m	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
4020a	Ja pyridin-2-ylamino- (CH2) 3	Ŧ	Œ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
4020b	<pre>3b imidazolin-2-yl amino-(CH2)3</pre>	x	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
4020c	<pre>)c tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3</pre>	Ŧ	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
4020d	d imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
4021	l 2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH2)3	æ	æ	NHSO2C6H4-(2-CH3)
4021a	la imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	æ	NHSO2C6H3-(2,6-Me2)
4021P	lb imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)
4021c	<pre>lc imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3</pre>	x	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-Me2-4-Ph)
4021d	ld pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	<b>=</b>	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-Me2-4-Ph)
4021e	le imidazolin-2-yl amino-(CH2)3	×	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-Me2-4-Ph)
4021£	Letrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	×	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-Me2-4-Ph)
4024	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	Œ	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-pyridyl)
4029	j imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	x	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-isoxazolyl)
4030	) pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	Ŧ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -[4-(3,5-dim-

•	4030a	imidazolin-2-yl amino-(CH2)3	x	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -[4-(3, 5-dim-
•	4030b	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	Ŧ	ethyl)isoxazolyl) NHSO2-[4-(3,5-dim-
•	4030c	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	Ξ.	ethyl)isoxazolyl] NHSO <sub>2</sub> -[4-(3,5-dim-
•	4031	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	æ	ethyl)isoxazolyl  NHSO <sub>2</sub> C6H4-(2-Br)
•	4032	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	×	NHSO2C6H4- (3-Br)
-	4033	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	<b>32</b>	NHSO2C6H4- (4-Br)
•	4034	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	æ	<b>35</b>	NHSO2C6H4- (2-F)
•	4035	2-iminoazepin-7-y1-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	<b>32</b>	NHSO2C6H4- (3-F)
~	4038	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (1-naphthyl)
	4038a	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C6H3-(2,6-C12)
-27	4038b	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-C12-4-Ph)
5-	4043	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	<b></b>	NHSO2-i-Bu
•	4044	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	æ	NHSO2-t-Bu
•	4045	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	(3, 4-	×
				methylenedioxy)phenyl	
•	4046	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	(3, 4-	æ
				methylenedioxy)phenyl	
•	4047	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ξ	(3, 4-	æ
				methylenedioxy)phenyl	

																•	•	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -(1-naphthyl)	NHCO2CH2Ph	NHSO2C6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -(1-naphthyl)	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
I	-	I	-	x	-	I	-	Ŧ	_	I	x	I	x	I	I	I	Ξ	Z	Ž	Z	Z	Z
(3, 4-	methylenedioxy)phenyl	(3, 4-	methylenedioxy)phenyl	(3, 4-	methylenedioxy)phenyl	(3, 4-	methylenedioxy)phenyl	(3, 4-	methylenedioxy)phenyl	3-pyridinyl	3-pyridinyl	3-pyridinyl	3-pyridinyl	3-pyridinyl	3-pyridinyl	3-pyridinyl	3-pyridinyl	æ	æ	æ	m;	
Ħ		x		æ		×		Ŧ		æ	I	æ	×	Ξ	I	×	I	×	×	I	<b>.</b>	æ
tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	£ °C.	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3		2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH2)3		imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3		imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH2)3	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	imidazol-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	imidazol-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)
4048		4049		4050		4051		4054		4059	4060	4061	-27 -27	9 4063	4064	4065	4068	4068a	4068b	4068c	4068d	4068e

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406BE	pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	I	æ	NHSO2C6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)
40689	imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	æ	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -(1-naphthyl)
4068h	imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	æ	×	NHCO2CH2Ph
40681	imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	æ	æ	NHSO2C6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)
40685	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(m-C6H4)	æ	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -(1-naphthyl)
4068k	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(m-C <sub>6</sub> H4)	æ	æ	NHCO2CH2Ph
40681	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(m-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> )	æ	æ	NHSO2C6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)
4075	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHCO2CH2Ph
4076	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHCO2CH2C6H4-(3-CH3)
4077	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHCO2CH2 (3-pyridinyl)
4078	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazolyl)
4019	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	x	NHCO2CH2 (2-thienyl)
4080	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHCO2CH2 (5-isoxazolyl)
4081	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	CH3	æ	NHCO2n-Bu
4082	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	<b>=</b>	NHCOPh
4083	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> Ph
4084	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHCOCH2CH2Ph
4085	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	CH3	æ	NHCOCH=CHPh
4086	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridinyl)
4087	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> (2-thienyl)
4088	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHCOCH2(cyclohexyl)
4089	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	CH3	×	NHCOn-Bu
4090	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHCONHCH2Ph

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4091	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
4092	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> - (4-CH <sub>3</sub> )
4093	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H3-(2, 6-CH3)2
4094	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-CH3)3
4095	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridy1)
4096	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2(2-thienyl)
4097	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazolyl)
4098	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> [4-(3,5-
				dimethyl) isoxazolyl)
4099	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C6H4-(4-Br)
4100	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(4-F)
4101	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHSO2C6H3-(2,6-C12)
4102	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthy1)
4103	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (1-naphthyl)
4104	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Ph)
4104a	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	Ŧ	NHSO2C6H4-4-(4-pyridyl)
4104b	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO2C6H4-4-(2-0xazolyl)
4104c	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHSO2C6H4-4-(3-
				pyrazoly1)
4105	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
				dimethy1)
4105a	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-pyridy1)-
;				2,6-dimethyl

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4105b	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	<b>33</b>	NHSO2C6H2-4-(2-0xa-
				zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl
4105c	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	<b>=</b>	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-pyra-
				zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl
4106	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН3	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
				dichloro)
4107	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H-(4-Ph-2,6-
			•	dimethyl-3-chloro)
4108	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
4109	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	<b></b>	NHSO2-n-Bu
4110	<pre>fmidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3</pre>	сн3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHPh
4111	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO2NHC6H4- (4-CH3)
4112	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	<b>.</b>	NHSO2NHC6C3-(2,6-Me2)
4113	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	CH3	n	NHSO2NHC6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)
4114	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3		NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(3-pyridy1)
4115	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> [4-(3,5-
				dimethyl)isoxazolyl)
4116	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	H	NHSO2NHC6H4- (4-Br)
4117	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO2NHC6H4- (4-F)
4118	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(2-naphthy1)
4119	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(1-naphthyl)
4120	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	<b>*</b>	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Ph)

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4121	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	x	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
	•			dimethy1)
4122	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
				dichloro)
4123	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2NHCH2Ph
4124	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	Ŧ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH-n-Bu
4125	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	Ŧ	NHCO2CH2C6H4- (3-CH3)
4126	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3		NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridinyl)
4127	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazoly1)
4128	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHCO2CH2 (4-isoxazoly1)
4129	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHCO2i-Bu
4130	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	I	NHCOPh
4131	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	×	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> Ph
4132	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	<b>x</b>	NHCOCH2CH2Ph
4133	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3		NHCOCH=CHPh
4134	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridiny1)
4135	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	×	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> (2-thienyl)
4136	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> (cyclohexyl)
4137	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	Ŧ	NHCOn-Bu
4138	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHCONHCH2Ph
4139	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	, <b>æ</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
4140	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	H	NHSO2C6H4-(4-CH3)
4141	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H3-(2,6-CH3)2

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4142	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	x	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-CH3)3
4143	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	<b>x</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridy1)
4144	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thienyl)
4145	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazoly1)
4146	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	<b>=</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C6H4-(4-Br)
4147	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	I	NHSO2C6H4- (4-F)
4148	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	x	NHSO2C6H3-(2,6-C12)
4149	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthyl)
4150	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (1-naphthyl)
4151	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Ph)
4151a	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H4-4-(4-pyridyl)
4151b	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	Ŧ	NHSO2C6H4-4-(2-oxazoly1)
4151c	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H4-4-(3-
-28				pyrazoly1)
4152	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO2C6H2-(4-Ph-2, 6-
				dimethyl)
4152a	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-pyridy1)-
				2,6-dimethyl
4152b	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H2-4-(2-0xa-
				zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl
4152c	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-pyra-
				zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl

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4153	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
				dichloro)
4154	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
4155	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	снз	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -n-Bu
4156	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	снз	×	NHSO2NHPh
4157	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	сн3	æ	NHSO2NHC6H4- (4-CH3)
4158	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	снз	H	NHSO2NHC6C3-(2,6-Me2)
4159	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН3	æ	NHSO2NHC6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)
4160	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(3-pyridy1)
4161	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2-[4-(3,5-
				dimethyl)isoxazolyl)
4162	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHSO2NHC6H4- (4-Br)
4163	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	×	NHSO2NHC6H4- (4-F)
4164	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH (2-naphthy1)
4165	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH)1-naphthy1)
4166	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	снз	ж	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Ph)
4167	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	снз	æ	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
				dimethyl)
4168	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	снз	æ	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
				dichloro)
4169	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	снз	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHCH <sub>2</sub> Ph
4170	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	ĸ	NHSO2NH-n-Bu
4171	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	<b>x</b> .	NHCOOCH2Ph

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pyrazolyl)

4	4172	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	<b>=</b>	NHCO2CH2C6H4- (4-CH3)
4	4173	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridiny1)
4	4173	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazoly1)
4	4175	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (2-thieny1)
4	4176	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHCO2n-Bu
4	4177	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
4	4178	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(4-CH <sub>3</sub> )
4	4179	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHSO2C6H3-(2,6-Me2)
4	4180	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-Me3)
4	4181	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridy1)
4	4182	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thienyl)
4	4183	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazoly1)
4	4184	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН3	æ	NHSO2C6H4- (2-Br)
28:	4185	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	<b>=</b>	NHSO2C6H4- (4-F)
3 <b>–</b>	4186	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН3	æ	NHSO2C6H3-(2, 6-C12)
4	4187	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthy1)
4	4188	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (1-naphthyl)
4	4189	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Ph)
4	4189a	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHSO2C6H4-4-(4-pyridyl)
4	4189b	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHSO2C6H4-4-(2-0xazolyl)
4	189c	4189c tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	<b>=</b>	NHSO2C6H4-4-(3-

4190	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO2C6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
				dimethy1)
4190a	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	×	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-pyridy1)-
				2,6-dimethyl
4190b	4190b tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН3	æ	NHSO2C6H2-4-(2-0xa-
				zolyl}-2,6-dimethyl
4190c	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-pyra-
				zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl
4191	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	снз	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
				dichloro)
4192	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	сн3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
4193	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН3		NHSO2-n-Bu
4194	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ		NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHPh
4195	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	сн3	æ	NHSO2NHC6H4- (4-CH3)
4196	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	сн3	æ	NHSO2NHC6C3-(2,6-Me2)
4197	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	снз	x	NHSO2NHC6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)
4198	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> [4-(3,5-
				dimethyl)isoxazolyl)
4199	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino~(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(2-naphthy1)
4200	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(1-naphthyl)
4201	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	Ŧ	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Ph)
4202	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	<b>x</b> :	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
:				dimethyl)

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4203	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
				dichloro)
4204	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHCH <sub>2</sub> Ph
4205	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН3	æ	NHCO2CH2C6H4-(4-CH3)
4506	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHCO2CH <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridiny1)
4207	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazoly1)
4208	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHCO2CH2(2-thienyl)
4209	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHCO2 i-Bu
4210	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	<b>3</b> E	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
4211	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	æ	NHSO2C6H4-(3-CH3)
4212	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН3	æ	NHSO2C6H3-(2,6-Me2)
4213	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН3	<b>32</b>	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)
4214	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН3	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridy1)
2 4 4 2 1 3 4 3 1 4 3 1 5	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thienyl)
4216	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazoly1)
4217	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	<b>II</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -[4-(3,5-
				dimethyl) isoxazolyl)
4218	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(3-Br)
4218a	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO2C6H4- (4-F)
4219	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H3-(2,6-C12)
4220	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthyl)
4221	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (1-naphthyl)
4222	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Ph)

4223	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	x	NHSO2C6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
				dimethy1)
4224	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	CH <sub>3</sub>	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
				dichloro)
4225	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
4226	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	CH3	<b>=</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -n-Bu
4227	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	CH3	×	NHSO2NHPh
4228	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2NHC6H4- (4-CH3)
4229	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	Ŧ	NHSO2NHC6C3-(2,6-Me2)
4230	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	CH3	ж	NHSO2NHC6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)
4231	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(2-naphthyl)
4232	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH) 1-naphthyl)
4233	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	CH3	æ	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Ph)
4234	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	CH3	æ	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
				dimethy1)
4235	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	CH3	æ	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
				dichloro)
4236	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	CH3	æ	NHSO2NHCH2Ph
4237	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
4238	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO2C6H4-(3-CH3)
4239	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H3-(2,6-Me2)
4240	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	Ħ	NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-Me3)
4241	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-pyridy1)

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4	4242	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thienyl)
4	4243	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazolyl)
4	4244	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -[4-(3,5-
					dimethyl) isoxazolyl}
4	4245	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(3-Br)
4	4246	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	×	NHSO2C6H4-(3-F)
4	4247	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	£	NHSO2C6H3-(2,6-C12)
4	4248	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthy1)
4	4249	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	x	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (1-naphthyl)
4	4250	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Ph)
4	4250a	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H4-4-(4-pyridyl)
4	4250b	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	x	NHSO2C6H4-4-(2-0xazolyl)
-	4250c	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН3	æ	NHSO2C6H4-4-(3-
-28					pyrazoly1)
	4251	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO2C6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
					dimethyl)
₹	4251a	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	x	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-pyridyl)-
					2,6-dimethyl)
4	4251b	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H2-4-(2-0xa-
					201yl)-2,6-dimethyl)
4	4251c	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	x	NHSO2C6H2-4-(3-pyra-
					zolyl)-2,6-dimethyl)

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4252	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO2C6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
	3.			dichloro)
4253	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	x	NHSO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
4254	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	x	NHSO2-i-Bu
4255	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHPh
4256	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-CH3)
4257	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	×	NHSO2NHC6C3-(2,6-Me2)
4258	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO2NHC6C2-(2,4,6-Me3)
4259	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH (2-naphthy1)
4260	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH)1-naphthyl)
4261	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	æ	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Ph)
4262	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	<b>#</b> -	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
				dimethyl)
85. 82.	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
8-				dichloro)
4264	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	ж	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHCH <sub>2</sub> Ph
4265	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHCO2CH2Ph
4266	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHCO2i-Bu
4267	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	CH3	ĸ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(4-CH <sub>3</sub> )
4268	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	CH3	x	NHSO2C6H3-(2,6-Me2)
4269	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)
4270	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridy1)
4271	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	CH3	x	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thiazoly1)

4272	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	CH3	x	$NHSO_2$ (4-isoxazolyl)
4273	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	CH3	×	NHSO2C6H4-(3-Br)
4274	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO2C6H4- (3-F)
4275	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	CH3	=	NHSO2C6H3-(2, 6-C12)
4276	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	CH3	==	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthyl)
4277	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (1-naphthyl)
4278	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	CH3	æ	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Ph)
4279	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	CH3	TT.	NHSO2C6H2-(4-Ph-2, 6-
				dimethy1)
4280	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	СНЗ	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
				dichloro)
4281	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
4282	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -i-Bu
4283	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	CH3	=	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHPh
4284	$2$ -aminopyridin- $6$ -yl- $(CH_2)_3$	CH3	æ	NHSO2NHC6H4- (4-CH3)
4285	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	CH3		NHSO2NHC6C3-(2, 6-Me2)
4286	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2NHC6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)
4287	$2$ -aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2) $_3$	CH3	n;	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(2-naphthyl)
4288	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH) 1-naphthyl)
4289	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	CH3	ı	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Ph)
4290	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	СНЗ	<b>=</b>	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
				dimethyl)

4291	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
				dichloro)
4292	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHCO2n-Bu
4293	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHCO2i-Bu
4294	2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH2)3	СИЗ	#	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
4295	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
4296	2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH2)3	CH3	<b>=</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-isoxazoly1)
4297	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-isoxazoly1)
4298	2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH2)3	СНЗ	π.	NHSO2-[4-(3,5-
				dimethyl)isoxazolyl)
4299	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -[4-(3,5-
				dimethyl)isoxazolyl)
4300	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	3-pyridinyl	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
130 290	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СНЗ	3-pyridinyl	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
4302	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	CH3	(3,4-methylenedioxy)-	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
			phenyl	
4303	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	(3,4-methylenedioxy)-	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
			phenyl	
4304	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	CH3	<b>=</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
4305	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	CH3	×	NHCO2CH2Ph
4306	imidazol-2-ylamino-carbonyl-(CH2)2	CH3	ж	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-CH3)3
4307	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	CH3	<b>=</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
4308	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	CH3	æ	NHCO2CH2Ph

NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-CH3)3	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(2, 4, 6-CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	
x	×	x	×	x	x	×	I	I	x	x	x	x	I	I	x	×	æ	×	I	æ	I	
CH3	СНЗ	CH3	CH3	CH3	СНЗ	CH3	СНЗ	CH3	СНЗ	СНЗ	СНЗ	СН3	СНЗ	СНЗ	СНЗ	СНЗ	CH3	CH3	CH3	CH3	СНЗ	
pyridin-2-ylamino-carbonyl-(CH2)2	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)2	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-carbonyl-(CH2)2	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)2	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)2	2-iminoazepin-7-y1-(CH2)2	2-iminoazepin-7-y1-(CH2)2	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)2	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)2	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)4	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)4	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)4	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)4	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)4	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)4	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)4	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)4	
4309	4310	4311	4312	4313	4314	4315	4316	4317	4318	4319	4320	4321	4322	4323	4324	4325	4326	4327	4328	4329	4330	

Ph

NHSO2Ph	NHCO2CH2Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-CH3)3	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(2, 4, 6-CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-CH3)3	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-CH3)3	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(2, 4, 6-CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>		NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-CH3) 3			NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-CH3) 3	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-CH3)3		NHSO2C6H2-(2,4,6-CH3)3	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-CH3)3	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-CH3)3	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-CH3)2-4-
CH3 H	СН3 Н	СН3 н	CH <sub>3</sub> H	CH3 H	СН3 Н	CH2Ph H	CH2Ph H	СИ2СИ3 Н	СН (СН3) 2 Н	cyclo- H	propyl	СН2- Н	cyclo-	propyl	си2соон н	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> - H	NMe <sub>2</sub>	сн2сн2оме н	CH2CH2Ph H	сн2сн2он н	СН2СН3 Н
2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)4	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)4	2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH2)4	2-iminoazepin-7-y1-(CH2)4	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)4	imidazo1-4-ylamino-(CH2)4	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	pyridin-2-ylamino- (CH2) 3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3			imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3
4332	4333	4334	4335	4336	4337	4338	4339	4340	4341	4342		4343	292	2-	4344	4345		4346	4347	4348	4349

4350	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН (СНЗ) 5	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 6-CH3)2-4-
				Ph
4351	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	cyclo-	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 6-CH3)2-4-
		propyl		Ph
4352	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH2-	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-CH3)2-4-
		cyclo-		Ph.
	ė	propyl		
4353	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	сн2соон	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-CH3)2-4-
				Ph
4354	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-CH3)2-4-
		NMe2		Ph
4355	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	сн2сн2оме	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-CH3)2-4-
-				Ph
4356	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH2CH2Ph	æ	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 6-CH3)2-4-
3-				Ph
4357	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	сн2сн2он	Ŧ	NHSO2C6H2-(2,6-CH3)2-4-
				Ph
4358	imidazol-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	CH3	×	$NHSO_2 - (1-naphthyl)$
4359	imidazol-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	CH3	×	NHCO2CH2Ph
4360	imidazol-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	CH3	×	NHSO2C6C2-(2,4,6-Me3)
4361	Pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	CH <sub>3</sub>	æ	$NHSO_2 - (1-naphthyl)$
4362	pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	СН3	£	NHCO2CH2Ph
4363	pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	СНЗ		NHSO2C6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)

1364	imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	CH3	×	$NHSO_2 - (1-naphthyl)$
1365	imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	CH3	×	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
1366	imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	CH3	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> C <sub>2</sub> - (2, 4, 6-Me <sub>3</sub> )
1367	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(m-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> )	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -(1-naphthyl)
1368	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(m-C6H4)	CH3	×	NHCO2CH2Ph
1369	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(m-C6H4)	CH3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> C <sub>2</sub> -(2, 4, 6-Me <sub>3</sub> )

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<b>%</b>	R1	R14	R15	MS
5001	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		=	
5002	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		NHCOOCH <sub>2</sub> Ph	
5003	imidazolin-2-yl amino-(CH2)3	=	NHCO2CH2C6H4-(2-CH3)	
5004	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	NHCO2CH2C6H4-(3-CH3)	
5005	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	NHCO2CH2C6H4- (4-CH3)	
2006	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	NHCO2CH2(2-pyridinyl)	
5007	2-iminoazepin-7-y1-(CH2)3	æ	NHCO2CH <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridinyl)	
5010	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b></b>	NHCO2CH2(2-thiazoly1)	
5015	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	NHCO2CH2(4-isoxazolyl)	
5016	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (2-thienyl)	
5017	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	NHCO2n-Bu	
5018	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	NHCO2 i - Bu	
5019	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		NHCO2t-Bu	

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5020	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	<b>35.</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
5021	2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	NHSO2C6H4-(2-CH3)
5024	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	$NHSO_2$ (2-pyridy1)
5029	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	NHSO2 (4-isoxazolyl)
5030	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>*</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -[4-(3,5-
			dimethyl)isoxazolyl)
5031	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b></b>	NHSO2C6H4-(2-Br)
5032	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>*</b>	NHSO2C6H4-(3-Br)
5033	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Br)
5034	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	NHSO2C6H4-(2-F)
5035	2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH2)3	×	NHSO2C6H4-(3-F)
5038	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	*	$NHSO_2$ (1-naphthy1)
5043	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	NHSO <sub>2</sub> - i - Bu
5044	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -t-Bu
5045	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	(3,4-	æ
		methylenedioxy)phenyl	
5046	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	(3,4-	=
		methylenedioxy)phenyl	
5047	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	(3,4-	×
		methylenedioxy)phenyl	
5048	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3 (3,4-	(3,4-	<b>35</b>
		methylenedioxy)phenyl	-

5049	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	(3,4-	<b>=</b>
		methylenedioxy)phenyl	
5050	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	(3,4-	æ
		methylenedioxy)phenyl	
5051	2-iminoazepin-7-y1-(CH2)3	(3,4-	æ
		methylenedioxy)phenyl	
5054	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	(3,4-	æ
		methylenedioxy)phenyl	
5059	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	3-pyridinyl	æ
2060	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	3-pyridinyl	æ
5061	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	3-pyridinyl	æ
5062	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	3-pyridinyl	æ
5063	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	3-pyridinyl	æ
5064	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	3-pyridinyl	<b>=</b>
2905	2-iminoazepin-7-y1-(CH2)3	3-pyridinyl	×
5068	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	3-pyridinyl	×
8069	imidazol-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	<b>.</b>	$NHSO_2 - (1-naphthyl)$
5070	imidazol-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	×	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
5071	imidazol-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	<b>*</b>	NHSO2C6C2-(2,4,6-Me3)
5072	pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	=	$NHSO_2 - (1-naphthyl)$
5073	pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	×	NHCO2CH2Ph
5074	pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	<b>=</b>	NHSO2C6C2-(2,4,6-Me3)
5075	imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	×	$NHSO_2 - (1-naphthyl)$

5076	5076 imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4) H	×	NHCO2CH2Ph
5077	imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	=	NHSO2C6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)
5078	5078 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(m-C6H4)	×	NHSO;-(1-naphthyl)
5079	5079 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(m-C6H4)	æ	NHCO2CH2Ph
5080	5080 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(m-C6H4)	Ŧ	NHSO2C6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)

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No.	$_{ m R}^{ m J}$	R14	R15	MS
1009	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	×	
6002	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	NHCOOCH 2 Ph	
6003	imidazolin-2-yl amino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	NHCO2CH2C6H4-(2-CH3)	
6004	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	NHCO2CH2C6H4-(3-CH3)	
6005	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	NHCO2CH2C6H4-(4-CH3)	
9009	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	NHCO2CH <sub>2</sub> (2-pyridinyl)	
6007	2-iminoazepin-7-y1-(CH2)3	Ŧ.	NHCO2CH2(3-pyridiny1)	
6010	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3		NHCO2CH2(2-thiazoly1)	
6015	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	NHCO2CH2 (4-isoxazoly1)	
6016	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	NHCO2CH <sub>2</sub> (2-thienyl)	
6017	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	NHCO2n-Bu	
6018	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	NHCO2 i - Bu	
6019	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>#</b>	NHCO2t-Bu	

6020	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
6021	2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH2)3	=	NHSO.C6H4-(2-CH3)
6024	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-pyridy1)
6039	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	NHSO2 (4-isoxazolyl)
6030	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>*</b>	NHSO2-[4-(3,5-
			dimethyl)isoxazolyl)
6031	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	NHSO2C6H4-(2-Br)
6032	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	NHSO2C6H4-(3-Br)
6033	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	*	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Br)
6034	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3		NHSO2C6H4-(2-F)
6035	2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH2)3	×	NHSO2C6H4-(3-F)
6038	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	==	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (1-naphthy1)
6043	imidazo1-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -i-Bu
6044	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	*	NHSO2-t-Bu
6045	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	(3,4-	×
		methylenedioxy)phenyl	
6046	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	(3,4-	=
		methylenedioxy)phenyl	
6047	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	(3,4-	<b>=</b>
		methylenedioxy)phenyl	
6048	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	(3,4-	<b>x</b>
		methylenedioxy)phenyl	

6049	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	(3,4-	×
		methylenedioxy)phenyl	
6050	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	(3,4-	×
		methylenedioxy)phenyl	
6051	2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH2)3	(3,4-	×
		methylenedioxy)phenyl	
6054	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	(3,4-	*
		methylenedioxy)phenyl	
6909	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	3-pyridinyl	<b>15</b>
0909	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	3-pyridinyl	×
6061	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	3-pyridinyl	<b>*</b>
6062	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	3-pyridinyl	<b>=</b>
6909	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	3-pyridinyl	=
6064	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)3	3-pyridinyl	<b>=</b>
909	2-iminoazepin-7-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	3-pyridinyl	=
8909	imidazol-4-ylamino-(CH2)3	3-pyridinyl	=
6909	imidazol-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	×	$NHSO_2 - (1-naphthy1)$
6070	imidazol-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	<b>=</b>	NHCO2CH2Ph
6071	imidazol-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	×	NHSO2C6C2-(2,4,6-Me3)
6072	pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	=	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -(1-naphthyl)
6073	pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	<b>*</b>	NHCO2CH2Ph
6074	pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	<b>32</b>	NHSO2C6C2-(2,4,6-Me3)
6075	imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	×	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -(1-naphthyl)

NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH2Ph	NHSO2C6C2-(2,4,6-Me3)	NHSO2 - (1-naphthy1)	NHCO_CH2Ph	NHSO2C6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)
×	I	æ	æ	<b>*</b>
6076 imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6Hg)	imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	6078 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(m-C6H4)	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(m-C6H4)	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(m-C6H4)
9209	6077	. 8/09	6019	6080

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No.	R¹	R10	r×	$x^1$ $x^3$ $x^4$ $R^{15}$	×	R <sup>15</sup> MS	S
7001	7001 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	z	<del>T</del>	æ	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	
7002	7002 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	뚱	z	æ	NHCO2n-Bu	
7003	7003 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	z	품	CH	NHCO2 i - Bu	
7004	7004 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	H)	z	3	NHCOPh	
7005	7005 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	æ	æ	중	z	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> Ph	
7006	7006 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	z	z	E C	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	
7007	7007 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	z	ᄑ	CH	NHCOCH=CHPh	
7008	7008 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	£	z	CH	NHCOn-Bu	
7009	7009 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	T	z	CH	CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	
7010	7010 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	<del>E</del>	z	E.	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(2-CH <sub>3</sub> )	
7011	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	풍	£	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(3-CH <sub>3</sub> )	
7012	7012 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	z	z	뜻	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> - (4-CH <sub>3</sub> )	

7013	7013 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	z	품	G	NHSO_CCH3-(2,6-CH3)2
7014	imidazol-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	æ	Ħ.	z	CH	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-CH3)
7015	7015 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH $_2$ ) $_3$	æ	z	3	CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-pyridyl)
7016	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	₩.	z	<del>K</del>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridyl)
7017	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	CH3	품	3	z	NHSO2(4-pyridyl)
7018	7018 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	=	z	z	CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thienyl)
7019	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	z	<b>.</b>	Ħ.	NHSO_[4-(3,5-
						dimethyl) isoxazolyl)
7020	7020 imidazol-2-ylamino- $\{CH_2\}_{3}$	×	æ	Z	CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2,6-Cl <sub>2</sub> )
7021	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	z	풍	CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthyl)
7022	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>j</sub>	×	æ	z	CH	NHSO2(1-naphthyl)
7023	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	z	ಕ	CH	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Ph)
7024	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	æ	<del>E</del>	z	Ŧ,	NHSO2C.H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
						dimethy!}
7025	7025 imidazol-Z-ylamino- $\{CH_2\}_3$	==	z	Œ	₽	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> - (4-Ph-2, 6-
						dichloro)
7026	7026 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	£	z	H)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(4-pyridyl)
7027	imidazol-2-ylamino- $\{CH_2\}_3$	×	z	CH	CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(4-pyridyl)-
						2,6-dimethyl
7028	7028 imidazol-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	I	Æ	z	CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(4-pyridyl)-
						2,6-dichloro
7029	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	æ	z	CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(2-oxazolyl)

$NHSO_2C_bH_4-4-\{2-oxazolyl\}-2,6-dimethyl$	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(2-oxazoly1)- 2,6-dichloro	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(3-pyridy1)-	2,6-dimethyl NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>c</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(2-furyl)-2,6-	dimethyl NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(3-furyl)-2,6-	dimethyl	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>c</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(5-pyrazolyl)-	2,6-dimethyl	NHSO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -n-Bu	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHPh	$NHSO_2NHC_6H_3-(2,6-Me_2)$	$NHSO_2NHC_6H_2-(2,4,6-Me_3)$	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(2-naphthyl)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(1-naphthy1)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(4-Ph)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(4-Ph-2, 6-	dimethyl)
8	E .	. <b>5</b>	æ	3		3		5	CH	H)	z	CH	CH	H)	3	3	
z	CH	3	CH	3		<b>5</b>		z	CH	z	8	z	E	z	CH	z	
<b>E</b>	z	z	z	z		z		E E	z	CH	품	z	Z	£	z	#	
×	<b>=</b>	Ŧ	<b>.</b>	×		x		Ξ	x	x	x	æ	x	×	æ	æ	
7030 imidazol-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	7031a imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2);	7031b imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	7011c imidazol-2-vlamino-(CH2):	•	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>		imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	imidazol-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-{CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	
7030	7031	1031a	031b	21507	 	7031d		7032	7033	7034	7035	7036	7037	7038	7039	7040	

7041	7041 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	E C	СН	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(4-Ph-2,6-
						dichloro)
7042	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	z	z	H.	NHSO2NHCH2Ph
7043	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	x	z	£	품	NHSO2NH-n-Bu
7044	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	<del>.</del>	z	ᆼ	NHSO2NH-i-Bu
7045	7045 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	z	CH	픙	NHSO2NH-t-Bu
7046	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	£	z	Ħ <sub>O</sub>	NHCO2CH2Ph
7047	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	H.	CH	z	NHCO2n-Bu
7048	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	<b>=</b>	z	z	<del>H</del>	NHCO, i - Bu
7049	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	<b>=</b>	z	CH	CH	NHCOPh
7050	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>3</b> :	CH	z	CH	NHCOCH 2 Ph
7051	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2);	Ŧ	z	뚱	CH	NHCOCH2CH2Ph
7052	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	I	₩.	z	₹	NHCOCH=CHPh
7053	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	I	<b>H</b>	Æ	z	NHCOn-Bu
105€	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	I	z	H	<del>H</del>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
7055	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	품	z	품	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(2-CH <sub>3</sub> )
7056	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	CH	<b>H</b>	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(3-CH <sub>3</sub> )
7057	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	z	z	H	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(4-CH <sub>3</sub> )
7058	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	z	품	H	$NHSO_2C_6H_3-(2,6-CH_3)_2$
7059	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	I	E C	z	H)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(2, 4, 6-CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
7060	7060 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	=	z	품	CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-pyridy1)
7061	7061 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	CH	z	H.	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridy1)
7062	7062 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	CH	Н	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-pyridyl)

7063 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 7064 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 7065 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	* * * * *	z z č z	z č	* * * * *	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thieny1) NHSO <sub>2</sub> [4-(3,5- dimethy1) isoxazoly1] NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2,6-Cl <sub>2</sub> ) NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthy1)
7067 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 7068 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	<b>* *</b>	CH CH	z Ü	ਣ <b>ਣ</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (1-naphthy1) NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>b</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(4-Ph)
<pre>pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub> pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub></pre>	r r	<b>5</b> 2	z E	₹ ₹	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>E</sub> H <sub>2</sub> - (4-Ph-2, 6- dimethy 1) NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>E</sub> H <sub>2</sub> - (4-Ph-2, 6-
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	<b>x</b> x	E z	z <del>E</del>	# #	dichloro) NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(4-pyridyl) NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(4-pyridyl)-
7073 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	<b>*</b> *	₹ ₹	2 2	ಕ ಕ	2, 6-dimethyl $NHSO_2C_6H_4-4-(4-pyridyl)-2, 6-dichloro\\NHSO_2C_6H_4-4-(2-oxazolyl)$
7075 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 7076 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	<b>32 32</b>	ë z	z T	ਲ <b>ਲ</b>	$NHSO_2C_6H_4-4-(2-oxazoly1)-\\ 2,6-dimethy1\\ NHSO_2C_6H_4-4-(2-oxazoly1)-$
7076a pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	æ	z	<b></b>	CH	2,6-dichloro NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(3-pyridyl)- 2,6-dimethyl

7076b	7076b pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	<b>=</b>	z	CH	CH	NHSO2C;H4-4-(2-fury1)-2,6-
1		:	:	į	;	dimethyl
7076c	7076c pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	<b>=</b>	z	<b>H</b>	<b>H</b>	NHSO;C,H4-4-(3-furyl)-2,6- dimethyl
7076d	7076d pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	æ	z	중	<b></b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(5-pyrazolyl)-
						2,6-dimethyl
7077	7077 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	8	<del>E</del>	z	NHSO2CH_Ph
7078	7078 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	z	z	£	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -n-Bu
7079	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> );	I	z	E C	품	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHPh
7080	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	æ	8	z	H.	NHSO_NHC_H3-(2,6-Me_)
7081	7081 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> );	×	z	CH	CH	NHSO_NHC_H(2,4,6-Me_3)
7082	7082 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> );	×	품	z	CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(2-naphthy1)
7083	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	품	H	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(1-naphthy1)
7084	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2);	×	z	z	<b></b>	NHSO2NHCeH4-(4-Ph)
7085	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	z	H)	H	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
						dimethy1)
7086	7086 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	<b>=</b>	품	z	5	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(4-Ph-2,6-
						dichloro)
7087	7087 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	z	CH	H)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHCH <sub>2</sub> Ph
7088	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	뜻	z	CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH-n-Bu
7089	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	품	CH	z	NHSO2NH-i-Bu
7090	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	z	z	H)	NHSO2NH-t-Bu
7091	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	C2H5	z	CH	æ	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph

CH NHCO2n-Bu	CH NHCO2 i - Bu	сн инсорн	N NHCOCH, Ph	CH NHCOCH2CH2Ph	CH NHCOCH=CHPh	CH NHCOn-Bu	CH NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph	CH NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>b</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(2-CH <sub>3</sub> )	N NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(3-CH <sub>3</sub> )	CH NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(4-CH <sub>3</sub> )	CH NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2, 6-CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	CH NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(2, 4, 6-CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	CH NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-pyridy1)	CH NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridy1)	N NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-pyridy1)	CH NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thienyl)	CH NHSO <sub>2</sub>   4-(3,5-	dimethy])isoxazoly]]	CH $NHSO_2C_6H_3-(2,6-C1_2)$	CH NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthy1)	CH NHSO <sub>2</sub> (1-naphthy1)	CH NHSO2C6H4-(4-Ph)
z	GH	z	ᆼ	z	<b>H</b>	z	£	z	CH	z	8	z	5	z	CH	z	æ		Z	æ	z	풍
3	z	₹	5	z	z	₹	z	₹	₹	z	z	₹	z	₹	중	Z	z		CH	z	품	z
×	×	×	×	×	æ	=	×	×	×	×	×	=	×	=	=	CH <sub>3</sub>	×		<b>=</b>	=	æ	=
7092 tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino- $(\mathrm{CH}_2)_3$	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH $_2$ ) $_3$	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino- $\{CH_2^{}\}$	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH $_2$ ) $_3$	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) $_3$	7106 tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	7107 tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	7108 tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>		7110 tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	7111 tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	7113 tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
_	7093	7094	7095	9602	7097	7098	7099	7100	7101	7102	7103	7104	7105				7109		_		7112	_

7123	7123 tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	z	£	H	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -n-Bu
7124	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> );	I	H)	z	CH	HBO, NHPh
7125	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino- $\{CH_2\}_3$	×	CH	H	z	NHSO2NHC6H3-(2,6-Me2)
7126	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	x	z	z	СН	NHSO_NHC_H(2,4,6-Me_)
7127	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	z	æ	СН	NHSO2NH(2-naphthyl)
7128	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino- $\{CH_2\}_3$	æ	CH	z	CH	NHSO2NH(1-naphthyl)
7129	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	z	ಕ	Æ	NHSO_NHC6H4-(4-Ph)
7130	7130 tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	CH	z	£	NHSO2NHC; H2-(4-Ph-2, 6-
						dimethyl)
7131	7131 tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	z	CH	H	z	$NHSO_2NHC_6H_2-(4-Ph-2,6-$
						dichloro)
7132	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	×	z	z	CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHCH <sub>2</sub> Ph
7133	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	¥	z	CH	CH	NHSO2NH-n-Bu
7134	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	x	CH	z	£	NHSO2NH-1-Bu
7135	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	z	æ	CH	NHSO2NH-t-Bu
7136	7136 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	품	z	H)	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
71137	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	CH	3	z	NHCO2n-Bu
7138	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	=	z	z	품	NHCO2i-Bu
7139	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	z	æ	CH	NHCOPh
7140	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	I	E C	z	Ŧ	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> Ph
7141	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	z	H.	CH	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
7142	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	5	z	CH	NHCOCH≖CHPh
7143	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	æ	H	z	NHCOn-Bu

7144	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	z	픙	H	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
7145	imidazolin-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	æ	CH	z	3	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(2-CH <sub>3</sub> )
7146	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	æ	CH	H	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(3-CH <sub>3</sub> )
7147	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	I	z	z	CH	NHSO2C6H4-(4-CH3)
7148	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	x	z	H	<del>E</del>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>c</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2,6-CH <sub>2</sub> ),
7149	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	CH	z	품	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(2, 4, 6-CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
7150	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	z	CH CH	Ŧ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-pyridyl)
7151	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	I	E.	z	CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridyl)
7152	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	<b>x</b>	CH	CH	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-pyridyl)
7153	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	I	z	z	£	$NHSO_2(2-thienyl)$
7154	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	Ŧ	z	품	품	NHSO <sub>2</sub> [4-(3,5-
						dimethyl)isoxazolyl]
7155	7155 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	E.	z	품	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2,6-Cl <sub>2</sub> )
7156	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	I	z	E S	CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthyl)
7157	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	H	z	픙	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (1-naphthyl)
7158	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	z	Œ	품	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Ph)
7159	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	<b>H</b>	z	₹	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(4-Ph-2,6-
						dimethy])
7160	7160 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	z	E.	H	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(4-Ph-2,6-
						dichloro)
7161	7161 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	K	2	H	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(4-pyridyl)
7162	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	z	æ	픙	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(4-pyridy1)-
						2,6-dimethyl

CH NHSO_CUH4-4-(4-pyridy1)-	2,6-dichloro	CH NHSO <sub>2</sub> C.H4-4-(2-oxazolyl)	CH NHSO2C.H4-4-(2-oxazoly1)-	2,6-dimethyl	CH NHSO_CGH4-4-(2-oxazoly1)-	2,6-dichloro	CH NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>E</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(3-pyridyl)-	2,6-dimethyl	CH NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(2-furyl)-2,6-	dimethy1	CH NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(3-furyl)-2,6-	dimethyl	CH NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(5-pyrazoly1)-	2,6-dimethyl	N NHSO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	CH NHSO2-n-Bu	CH NHSO2NHPh	CH $NHSO_2NHC_6H_3-(2,6-Me_2)$	CH $NHSO_2NHC_6H_2-(2,4,6-Me_3)$	CH NHSO2NH(2-naphthy1)	N NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(1-naphthy1)	CHO - MACONNECAN - (4 - Ph.)
2		z	z		품		품		픙		Ŧ		픙		CH	z	£	z	CH	z	æ	z
8		8	5		z		z		z		z		Z		5	z	z	품	z	CH	æ	z
×		æ	=		=		×		æ		×		æ		æ	x	Br	æ	I	Œ	æ	I
imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3		7164 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3		7166 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		7166a imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		7166b imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		7166c imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>		imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>		7167 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3			
7163		7164	7165		7166		7166a		7166b		7166c		7166d		7167	7168	7169	7170	1717	7172	1173	7174

7175	7175 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	z	СН	CH	NHSO_NHC,H(4-Ph-2,6-
						dimethyl)
7176	7176 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2);	I	CH	z	품	NHSO,NHC,H(4-Ph-2,6-
						dichloro)
7117	7177 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2);	×	z	CH	Ŧ	NHSO: NHCH; Ph
7178	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	CH	z	H	NHSO_NH-n-Bu
7179	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	H.	æ	z	NHSO_NH-i-Bu
7180	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	z	z	픙	NHSO,NH-t-Bu
7181	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	¥	z	CH	CH	NHCO,CH,Ph
7182	benzimidazol-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	z	CH	z	CH	NHCO <sub>2</sub> n - Bu
7183	benzimidazol-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	I	z	£	H	NHCO, i - Bu
7184	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	E C	z	æ	NHCOPh
7185	7185 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> );	×	₹	H)	z	NHCOCH 2 Ph
7186	<b>Denzimidazol-2-ylamino-</b> $(CH_2)_3$	x	z	z	H C	NHCOCH 2 CH 2 Ph
7187	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	z	H.	CH	NHCOCH=CHPh
7188	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	GH <sub>3</sub>	<b></b>	z	E	NHCOn - Bu
7189	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	=	z	퓽	E C	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
7190	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	Œ	z	Ŧ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> - (2-CH <sub>5</sub> )
7191	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	Ŧ	CH	중	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(3-CH <sub>3</sub> )
7192	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	x	z	z	<del>H</del>	NHSO2C.H4-(4-CH3)
7193	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )	×	z	₹	H	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2,6-CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>
7194	7194 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	5	z	H	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(2, 4, 6-CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
7195	7195 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	z	Æ	품	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-pyridyl)

7196	7196 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	H CH	z	5	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridy1)
71197	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	H CH	₹	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-pyridyl)
7198	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	z	z	중	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thienyl)
7199	<b>Denzimidazol-2-ylamino-</b> $(CH_2)_3$	z	품	æ	NHSO_[4-(3,5-
					dimethyl) isoxazolyl]
7200	7200 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	H CH	z	품	$NHSO_2C_6H_3-(2,6-C1_2)$
7201	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	z	픙	품	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthy1)
7202	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	H CH	z	품	$NHSO_2$ (1-naphthy1)
7203	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	z	품	품	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> - (4-Ph)
7204	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	н	z	<b>E</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(4-Ph-2,6-
					dimethy1)
7205	benzimidazol- $2$ -ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	z	품	£	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(4-Ph-2,6-
					dichloro)
7206	7206 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	H CH	z	£	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>c</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(4-pyridyl)
7207	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	z	끙	H)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(4-pyridyl)-
					2,6-dimethyl
7208	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	H CH	z	5	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(4-pyridyl)-
					2,6-dichloro
7209	7209 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	H CH	z	æ	$NHSO_2C_6H_4\text{-}4\text{-}(2\text{-}oxazolyl)$
7210	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) $_3$	н сн	z	5	$NHSO_2C_bH_4-4-(2-oxazoly1)-$
					2,6-dimethyl
7211	7211 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	z	5	£	NHSO2C6H4-4-(2-oxazolyl)-
					2,6-dichloro

benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>E</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(3-pyridy1)-	2,6-dimethyl	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>o</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(2-fury1)-2,6-	dimethyl	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(3-fury1)-2,6-	dimethyl	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(5-pyrazoly1)-	2,6-dimethyl	NHSO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> - n - Bu	NHSO_NHPh	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> - (2, 6-Me <sub>2</sub> )	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(2, 4, 6-Me <sub>3</sub> )	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(2-naphthyl)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(1-naphthy1)	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Ph)	$NHSO_2NHC_6H_2-(4-Ph-2,6-$	dimethy1)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(4-Ph-2,6-	dichloro)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHCH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO2NH-n-Bu	NHSO2NH-1-Bu
	5		풍		₹		Ð		£	5	ᇴ	Z	5	ᇴ	5	5	5		Z		3	5	3
	H)		S		G		CH		z	Ð	z	CH	z	H)	z	ᆼ	z		H)		z	CH	z
	z		z		z		z		E.	z	CH	CH	z	z	CH	z	3		#J		z	z	₹
benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )	æ		I		I		æ		CH <sub>3</sub>	x	¥	=	×	I	I	×	×		x		×	I	×
	7211a benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		7211b benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>		7211c benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>		7211d benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		7212 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	7213 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	7214 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	7215 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	7216 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	7217 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	7218 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	7219 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	7220 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>		7221 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		7222 Denzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	7223 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	7224 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3

7225	7225 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	I	z	3	£	NHSO2NH-t-Bu
7226	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) $_2$	æ	æ	z	<del>T</del>	NHCO_CH_Ph
7227	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	Ŧ	H)	3	z	NHCO:n-Bu
7228	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	I	z	z	<del>K</del> O	NHCO; i - Bu
7229	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	I	z	#5	<del>X</del>	NHCOPh
7230	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	×	₩	z	<del>K</del> O	NHCOCH , Ph
7231	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)2	×	z	CH	CH	NHCOCH2CH2Ph
7232	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	x	H)	z	H.	NHCOCH=CHPh
7233	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	I	8	Ŧ	z	NHCOn - Bu
7234	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	I	z	Ħ.	CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
7235	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	x	3	z	СН	NHSO2CeH4-(2-CH3)
7236	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	I	5	E	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(3-CH <sub>3</sub> )
7237	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	×	z	z	CH	NHSO2C6H4-(4-CH3)
7238	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	I	z	æ	G	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2, 6-CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>
7239	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	I	3	z	H)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(2, 4, 6-CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
7240	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	×	z	픙	품	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-pyridy1)
7241	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	I	3	z	CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridy1)
7242	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	I	æ	CH	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-pyridyl)
7243	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)2	×	z	z	품	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thienyl)
7244	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	z	CH	CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> [4-(3,5-
						dimethyl)isoxazolyl)
7245	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	æ	풄	z	H)	$NHSO_2C_6H_3-(2,6-Cl_2)$
7246	2-aminopyridin- $6-y1-(CH_2)_2$	×	z	æ	Ŧ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthy1)

7247	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	×	중	2	CH	$NHSO_2(1-naphthyl)$
7248	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	II.	z	H)	<del>E</del>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(4-Ph)
7249	7249 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	×	<del>E</del>	z	H)	$NHSO_2C_6H_2-(4-Ph-2,6-$
						dimethyl)
7250	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	x	z	품	Ħ,	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(4-Ph-2,6-
						dichloro)
7251	2-aminopyridin-6-yl- $(CH_2)_2$	Ξ	<del>E</del>	z	CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>b</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(4-pyridyl)
7252	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	=	z	품	Ħ,	NHSO2C.H4-4-(4-pyridyl)-
						2,6-dimethyl
7253	7253 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	×	3	z	HU	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(4-pyridyl)-
						2,6-dichloro
7254	7254 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	#	₩.	z	H	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(2-oxazoly1)
7255	7255 2-aminopyridin-6-yl- $(CH_2)_2$	¥	₩.	z	H	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(2-oxazolyl)-
						2,6-dimethyl
7256	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	=	z	æ	풍	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(2-oxazoly1)-
						2,6-dichloro
7256a	7256a 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	I	z	CH	CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(3-pyridyl)-
						2,6-dimethyl
7256b	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	×	z	품	CH CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(2-furyl)-2,6-
						dimethyl
7256c	7256c 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	x	z	품	C.	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(3-furyl)-2,6-
						dimethyl

7256d         2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)2         H         N         CH           7257         2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)2         H         N         CH           7259         2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)2         H         N         CH           7250         2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)2         H         N         CH           7260         2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)2         H         N         CH           7261         2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)2         H         N         CH           7262         2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)2         H         N         CH           7263         2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)2         H         N         CH           7264         2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)2         H         N         CH           7265         2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)2         H         N         CH           7266         2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)2         H         N         CH           7267         2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)2         H         N         CH           7268         2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)2         H         N         CH           7269         2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)2         H         N         CH           7270 <t< th=""><th>NHSO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-4-(5-pyrazoly1)-</th><th>2,6-dimethy1</th><th>NHSO_CH_Ph</th><th>NHSO<sub>2</sub> - n - Bu</th><th>NHSO_NHPh</th><th>NHSO<sub>2</sub>NHC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>- (2, 6-Me<sub>2</sub>)</th><th>NHSO_NHC_H2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)</th><th>NHSO<sub>2</sub>NH(2-naphthy1)</th><th>NHSO<sub>2</sub>NH(1-naphthyl)</th><th>NHSO<sub>2</sub>NHC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-(4-Ph)</th><th>NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-</th><th>dimethy])</th><th><math>NHSO_2NHC_6H_2-(4-Ph-2,6-</math></th><th>dichloro)</th><th>NHSO<sub>2</sub>NHCH<sub>2</sub>Ph</th><th>NHSO<sub>2</sub>NH-n-Bu</th><th>NHSO<sub>2</sub>NH - i - Bu</th><th>NHSO<sub>2</sub>NH-t-Bu</th><th><math>NHSO_2 - (1-naphthyl)</math></th><th>NHCO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Ph</th><th>NHSO2C6C2-(2,4,6-Me3)</th><th>NHSO<sub>2</sub>-(1-naphthyl)</th><th>NHCO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Ph</th></t<>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(5-pyrazoly1)-	2,6-dimethy1	NHSO_CH_Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> - n - Bu	NHSO_NHPh	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> - (2, 6-Me <sub>2</sub> )	NHSO_NHC_H2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(2-naphthy1)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(1-naphthyl)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(4-Ph)	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-	dimethy])	$NHSO_2NHC_6H_2-(4-Ph-2,6-$	dichloro)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHCH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH-n-Bu	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH - i - Bu	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH-t-Bu	$NHSO_2 - (1-naphthyl)$	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO2C6C2-(2,4,6-Me3)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -(1-naphthyl)	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
H	H.		z	CH	£	품	<del>H</del>	<del>H</del> O	z	품	æ		8		æ	<del>H</del>	z	CH	H	CH	£	CH	ਝ
H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	팡		CH	z	Ŧ	z	СН	z	CH	z	E.		z		CH	z	CR	z	CH	₹	CH	£	5
C6H4) - CH2 C6H4) - CH2 C6H4) - CH2 6H4) - CH2 6H4) - CH2	z		CH	z	z	H)	z	CH	Ŧ	z	z		CH		z	Æ	<b>E</b>	z	z	z	z	z	z
<pre>2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> 9 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> 0 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> 1 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> 2 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> 2 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> 3 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> 4 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> 5 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> 6 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> 7 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> 8 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> 9 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub> 1 imidazol-2-ylamino-CH<sub>2</sub>(o-C6H<sub>4</sub>)-CH<sub>2</sub> 2 imidazol-2-ylamino-CH<sub>2</sub>(o-C6H<sub>4</sub>)-CH<sub>2</sub> 2 imidazol-2-2-ylamino-CH<sub>2</sub>(o-C6H<sub>4</sub>)-CH<sub>2</sub> 2 imidazol-2-2-ylamino-CH<sub>2</sub>(o-C6H<sub>4</sub>)-CH<sub>2</sub> 2 imidazol-2-2-ylamino-CH<sub>2</sub>(o-C6H<sub>4</sub>)-CH<sub>2</sub> 2 imidazol-2-2-ylamino-CH<sub>2</sub>(o-C6H<sub>4</sub>)-CH<sub>2</sub> 2 imidazol-2-2-ylamino-CH<sub>2</sub>(o-C6H<sub>4</sub>)-CH<sub>2</sub> 2 imidazol-2-2-ylamino-CH</pre>	×		x	=	Ŧ	x	×	Ŧ	Ŧ	æ	×		×		×	×	×	x	×	×	×	×	Ŧ
	nopyridin-6-yl- $(CH_2)_2$		.nopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	inopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	inopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	inopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	inopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	inopyridin-6-y1-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	inopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	inopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	inopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>		inopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>		iinopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	inopyridin-6-y1- $(CH_2)_2$	ninopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	ninopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	dazol-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)-CH2	dazo1-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)-CH2	Jazol-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)-CH2		idin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)-CH2

7276	7276 pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)-CH2	Œ.	z	<del>.</del>	Ŧ	CH CH NHSO2C6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)
7277	7277 imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)-CH2	=	z	<del>E</del>		CH NHSO <sub>2</sub> -(1-naphthyl)
7278	7278 imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)-CH2	×	z	8	₹	CH NHCO2CH2Ph
7279	7279 imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)-CH2	=	z	<b>#</b>		CH NHSO2C6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)
7280	7280 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(o-C6H4)-CH2	×	z	Ħ,	5	CH CH NHSO2-(1-naphthyl)
7281	7281 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(o-C6H4)-CH2	<b>=</b>	Z	æ	3	CH CH NHCO2CH2Ph
7282	7282 imidazolin-2-vlamino-(o-CkHa)-CH2	×	z	Ð	Đ	N CH CH NHSO2C6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me1)

		Tab	Table 8			
	To Z &		I-Z	<u> </u>	o ±	
		•		•		
No. R1	$_{ m R}^{1}$	<b>8</b>	×	×	×	R15 MS
8001	8001 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	픙	æ	z	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
8002	8002 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	3	z	H)	NHCO2n-Bu
8003	8003 imidazol-2-ylamino- $\{CH_2\}_5$	×	<b>5</b>	풍	z	NHCO <sub>2</sub> i - Bu
8004	8004 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	z	æ	СН	NHCOPh
8008	8005 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2);	x	5	#5	z	NHCOCH, Ph
8008	8006 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН	z	z	CH	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
8007	8007 imidazol-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	CH <sub>3</sub>	<del>5</del>	Ŧ	z	NHCOCH=CHPh
8008	8008 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	5	z	S	NHCOn - Bu
8008	8009 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	품	픙	z	NHSO, Ph
8010	8010 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	z	품	CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(2-CH <sub>3</sub> )
8011	8011 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	£	æ	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(3-CH <sub>3</sub> )
8012	8012 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	x	z	z	CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(4-CH <sub>3</sub> )

HO HO N	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2,6-CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(2,4,6-CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-pyridy1) NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-pyridy1) NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-pyridy1) NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-pyridy1) NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-(3,5-dimethy1) isoxazoly1] NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthy1) NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2,6-Cl <sub>2</sub> ) NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(4-ph) NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(4-ph) NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(4-ph) NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(4-ph-2,6-dimethy1) NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(4-ph-2,6-dimethy1) NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(4-pyridy1) NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(4-pyridy1)		5 5 5 5 z 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	5 5 5 z 5 z 5 5 5 5 5 5 z	H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	8013 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 8015 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 8016 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 8016 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 8018 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 8020 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 8021 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 8022 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 8023 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 8024 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 8025 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 8026 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 8027 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
	NHSO2C6H4-4-(4-pyridy1)	;				
	2,6-dimethyl					
2,6-dimethyl	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(4-pyridyl)	z	CH	E.	CH <sub>3</sub>	zol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
CH <sub>3</sub> CH CH N	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(4-pyridyl)	z	æ	CH	CH <sub>3</sub>	zol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
CH <sub>3</sub> CH CH N	dichloro)					
CH <sub>3</sub> CH CH N	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(4-Ph-2,6-	z	£	3	x	zol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
CH <sub>3</sub> CH CH N CH <sub>3</sub> CH CH N	dimethy1)					
H CH CH N CH <sub>3</sub> CH CH N	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(4-Ph-2,6-	z	Ŧ,	CH	×	col-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
H CH CH CH C CH CH CH CH CH CH CH CH CH	NHSO;C6H4-(4-Ph)	z	E C	5	CH <sub>3</sub>	col-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
CH <sub>3</sub> CH CH N CH CH N CH <sup>3</sup> CH CH N CH CH N CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (1-naphthyl)	z	H U	3	æ	201-2-ylamino-(CH2)3
H CH	$NHSO_2(2-naphthyl)$	z	픙	3	CH <sub>3</sub>	col-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
CH <sub>3</sub> CH	$NHSO_2C_6H_3-(2,6-C1_2)$	z	£	Ŧ	. <b>=</b>	tol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
H CH	dimethyl)isoxazolyl]					
H CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> [4-(3,5-	Z	품	₹	CH <sub>3</sub>	tol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
CH <sub>3</sub> CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thienyl)	품	z	z	×	col-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
H CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-pyridyl)	z	CH	CH	CH <sub>3</sub>	zol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
ol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridyl)	H)	CH	z	×	zol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
01-2-ylamino-(CH2)3       H       N       CH         01-2-ylamino-(CH2)3       CH3       CH       N         01-2-ylamino-(CH2)3       H       CH       CH       N         01-2-ylamino-(CH2)3       CH3       CH       N       N         01-2-ylamino-(CH2)3       CH3       CH       N       N	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-pyridyl)	z	E C	₹	СН <sub>3</sub>	col-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
ol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>7</sub>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(2, 4, 6-CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	z	CH	ਲ	I	tol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
ol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	$NHSO_2C_6H_3-(2,6-CH_3)_2$	z	H)	ಕ	CH3	ol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>

NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>ó</sub> H4-4-(2-oxazoly1)- 2,6-dimethy1	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(2-oxazoly1)- 2,6-dichloro	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(3-pyridy1) -	2,0-4,0-4,0-6-(2-furyl)-2,6-	dimethyl NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(3-furyl)-2,6-	dimethyl NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(5-pyrazolyl)-	2,6-dimethy1	NHSO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	NHSO <sub>2</sub> - n - Bu	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHPh	$NHSO_2NHC_6H_3-(2,6-Me_2)$	NHSO2NHC6H2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH (2-naphthy1)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(1-naphthy1)	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(4-Ph)	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-	dimethyl)
z	z	z	Z	z	z		<del>Z</del>	z	3	z	프	z	품	z	CH	
₽	<b>H</b>	<b></b>	3	₹	5		z	CH	E5	H	z	₹	z	H	품	
<b>#</b>	<b>8</b>	₹	₹	5	3		CH	CH	z	CH	z	æ	£	품	z	
CH <sub>3</sub>	r	СН3	×	<b>±</b>	₽,		×	Ŧ	x	CH <sub>3</sub>	æ	<b>x</b>	C₩3	I	×	
8030 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> );	8031a imidazol-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	8031b imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	8031c imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	noide col-2-vlamino-(CH)	•	8032 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	8035 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	8036 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	8039 imidazol-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	8040 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	
8030	8031	8031a	8031b	8031c	TIECA		8032	8033	8034	8035	8036	8037	8038	8039	8040	

8041	8041 imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	<b>H</b> O	8	z	NHSO2NHC, H2- (4-Ph-2, 6-
<i>e</i> .						dichloro)
8042	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2);	x	Z	z	CH	NHSO2NHCH2Ph
8043	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	z	<b>#</b>	S.	z	NHSO2NH-n-Bu
8044	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	z	Æ	z	<del>H</del>	NHSO2NH-i-Bu
8045	imidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>	z	NHSO,NH-t-Bu
8046	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	z	Ŧ	₩.	NHCO2CH2Ph
8047	8047 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	GH.	CH	5	z	NHCO₂n-Bu
8048	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	z	z	£	NHCO2i-Bu
8049	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	Ŧ	<b>E</b>	z	NHCOPh
8050	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	Ŧ	H H	z	CH	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> Ph
8051	8051 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	품	₽	z	NHCOCH2CH2Ph
8052	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	z	CH	CH	NHCOCH
8053	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	H	E.	z	NHCOn-Bu
8054	8054 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	₽.	품	CH	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
8055	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	z	품	£	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> - (2-CH <sub>3</sub> )
8056	8056 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	3	₹	z	NHSO2C6H4-(3-CH3)
8057	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	z	z	5	NHSO2C6H4-(4-CH3)
8058	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	<b>.</b>	æ	£	z	$NHSO_2C_6H_3-(2,6-CH_3)_2$
8059	8059 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	CH	æ	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(2, 4, 6-CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
8060	8060 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	CH	8	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-pyridyl)
8061	8061 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	z	H	CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridyl)
8062	8062 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	풍	Ŧ	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-pyridy1)

2063	9063 myridin-2-vlamino-(CH2)	×	z	z	£,	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thienyl)
8064	pyridin-	CH3	3	H.	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> [4-(3,5-
						dimethyl)isoxazolyl
8065	8065 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	x	æ	£	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2,6-Cl <sub>2</sub> )
9908	8066 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	3	£	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthy1)
8067	8067 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	5	품	z	NHSO;(1-naphthy1)
8908	8068 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	æ	CE	z	NHSO2CEH4-(4-Ph)
8069	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	x	æ	æ	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(4-Ph-2,6-
						dimethy])
8070	8070 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	₹.	₹	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(4-Ph-2,6-
						dichloro)
8071	8071 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	3	₹	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>c</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(4-pyridyl)
8072	pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	5	품	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(4-pyridyl)-
						2,6-dimethyl
8073	8073 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	Z	₹	£	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(4-pyridyl)-
						2,6-dichloro
8074	8074 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	₩.	5	z	$NHSO_2C_6H_4-4-\{2-oxazoly1\}$
8075	8075 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	₹	æ	z	NHSO2C6H4-4-(2-0xazoly1)-
						2,6-dimethyl
8076	8076 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	₹	<b></b>	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(2-oxazoly1)-
						2,6-dichloro
076a	8076a pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	5	æ	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(3-pyridyl)-
						2,6-dimethyl

						-9'7-11'X 101-7')-#-[uo);Ocuv
8076c pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2);		æ	5	<del>5</del>	z	dimethyl NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(3-furyl)-2,6-
						dimethyl
8076d pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>		CH <sub>3</sub>	8	품	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>c</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(5-pyrazolyl)-
						2,6-dimethyl
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		×	8	H)	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		×	z	z	<del>K</del>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -n-Bu
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		=	3	£	2	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHPh
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		G J	3	z	CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>c</sub> H;-(2,6-Me <sub>2</sub> )
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		=	3	CH	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(2,4,6-Me <sub>3</sub> )
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		×	z	#5	H	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH (2-naphthy1)
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>		CH <sub>3</sub>	5	<b>3</b>	z	NHSO2NH(1-naphthy1)
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2);		=	z	z	CH	NHSO_NHC6H4-(4-Ph)
2-ylamino-(CH2)3		=	₹	중	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>c</sub> H <sub>z</sub> -(4-Ph-2,6-
						dimethy1)
8086 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>		<b>S</b>	<b>E</b>	z	<del>H</del>	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
						dichloro)
8087 pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		<b>=</b>	<del>E</del>	<del>E</del>	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHCH <sub>2</sub> Ph
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		<b>=</b>	z	픙	H)	NHSO2NH-n-Bu
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		I	<b>E</b>	E.	z	NHSO2NH-i-Bu
pyridin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3		CH <sub>3</sub>	z	z	H	NHSO2NH-t-Bu
tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	ino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	5	₽	z	NHCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph

8114	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2);	×	CH	HJ	z	NHSO2C, H2- (4-Ph-2, 6-
						dimethy1)
8115	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) $_3$	<b>=</b>	CH	Ŧ	z	NHSO2CbH2-(4-Ph-2,6-
						dichloro)
8116	8116 tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> );	СИ	CH	E	z	NHSO2CtH4-4-(4-pyridyl)
8117	8117 tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	СН	품	z	NHSO2C.H4-4-(4-pyridyl)-
						2,6-dimethyl
8118	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	z z	_	CH	H	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>c</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(4-pyridyl)-
						2,6-dichloro
8119	8119 tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2) <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub> C	СН	E.	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(2-oxazolyl)
8120	8120 tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	CH <sub>3</sub> C	CH	<del>.</del>	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(2-oxazoly1)-
						2,6-dimethyl
8121	8121 tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH $_2$ ) $_3$	<b>.</b>	СН	품	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(2-0xazoly1)-
•						2,6-dichloro
81218	8121a tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino- $(\mathrm{CH}_2)_3$	CH <sub>3</sub> C	СН	Ŧ,	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(3-pyridyl)-
		•				2,6-dimethyl
8121b	8121b tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino- $(\mathrm{CH}_2)_3$	<b>=</b>	CH	픙	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(2-furyl)-2,6-
						dimethyl
8121c	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$		CH.	동	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(3-furyl)-2,6-
						dimethyl
8121d	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub> C	H)	<b>.</b>	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(5-pyrazolyl)-
						2,6-dimethyl
8122	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	<b>X</b>	H.	z	풍	NHSO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph

8123	8123 terrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	5	E.	z	NHSO2-n-Bu
8124	8124 tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	z	품	Æ	NHSO2NHPh
8125	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	СН3	СН	H	z	NHSO2NHC.H3-(2, 6-Me2)
8126	8126 tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	z	z	CH	NHSO_NHC_H(2,4,6-Me_3)
8127	8127 tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	CH	픙	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(2-naphthyl)
8128	8128 tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	СЖ	z	E E	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(1-naphthy1)
8129	8129 tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	E	H)	z	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Ph)
8130	8130 tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	z	HO.	CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(4-Ph-2, 6-
						dimethy1)
8131	8131 tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	E	3	z	$NHSO_2NHC_6H_2-(4-Ph-2,6-$
						dichloro)
8132	8132 tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	Z	z	H <sub>O</sub>	NHSO_NHCH_Ph
8133	tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	CH	CH	z	NHSO2NH-n-Bu
8134	8134 tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	CH	z	#5	NHSO2NH-i-Bu
8135	8135 tetrahydropyrimidin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	G₩3	CH	H)	z	NHSO2NH-t-Bu
8136	8136 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	z	H <sub>O</sub>	E C	NHCO2CH2Ph
8137	8137 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	GH <sub>3</sub>	H)	E)	z	NHCO2n-Bu
8138	8138 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	z	z	H	NHCO2i-Bu
8139	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	H)	#5	z	NHCOPh
8140	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	<b>=</b>	CH	z	æ	NHCOCH 2 Ph
8141	8141 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	품	H)	z	NHCOCH2CH2Ph
8142	8142 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	C#3	z	3	СН	NHCOCH=CHPh
8143	8143 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	СН	CH CH	z	NHCOn-Bu

8144	8144 _imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH $_2$ ) $_3$	CH3	CH	£	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
8145	8145 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2),	I	z	CH	H	NHSO2C6H1-(2-CH3)
8146	8146 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	CH	Ж	z	NHSO2CeH4-(3-CH3)
8147	8147 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	Ŧ	z	z	£	NHSO2CeH4- (4-CH3)
8148	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> );	CH <sub>3</sub>	æ	H.	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> - (2, 6-CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>
8149	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	z	CH	CH	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(2,4,6-CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
8150	8150 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	CH	СН	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-pyridyl)
8151	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	=	z	H	Н	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (3-pyridyl)
8152	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2);	CH <sub>3</sub>	CH	CH	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-pyridyl)
8153	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2);	×	z	z	£	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thienyl)
8154		C₩ĵ	æ	Ŧ	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> [4-(3,5-
						dimethyl) isoxazolyl]
8155	8155 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2);	Ŧ	3	Ŧ	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2,6-Cl <sub>2</sub> )
8156	8156 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	C#3	<b>C</b> H	Ŧ	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthy1)
8157	8157 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	CH	표	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (1-naphthyl)
8158	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	CH	품	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(4-Ph)
8159	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	æ	E.	표	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(4-Ph-2,6-
	•					dimethy1)
8160	8160 imidazolin-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	×	5	H	z	NHSO2C6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
						dichloro)
8161	8161 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	æ	#5	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(4-pyridyl)
8162	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	CH	H)	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(4-pyridyl)-
						2.6-dimethvl

8163 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 8164 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 8165 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 8166 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 8166a imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 8166b imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 8166c imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 8166c imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 8167 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 8169 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 8169 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 8170 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 8171 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 8172 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> 8173 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
in-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
in-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
8164 8166 8166 81666 81666 81666 81666 81667 81669 81670 8171

8175	8175 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	I	CH	CH	z	NHSO2NHC6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
						dimethy1)
8176	8176 imidazolin-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_{j}$	СН <sub>3</sub>	£	z	СН	NHSO2NHC;H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
						dichloro)
8177	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	CH	CH	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHCH <sub>2</sub> Ph
8178	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	æ	z	H	СН	NHSO2NH-n-Bu
8179	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	æ	СН	H)	z	NHSO2NH-i-Bu
8180	imidazolin-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	z	z	CH	NHSO2NH-L-Bu
8181	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) $_3$	æ	CH	CH	z	NHCO2CH2.Ph
8182	Denzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	СН <sub>3</sub>	CH	z	H	NHCO2n-Bu
8183	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> );	×	CH	H	z	NHCO21-Bu
8184	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	z	H)	£	NHCOPh
8185	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH $_2$ ) $_3$	×	CH	#U	z	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> Ph
8186	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> );	CH <sub>3</sub>	z	z	H.	NHCOCH2CH2Ph
8187	benzimidazol-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	CH <sub>3</sub>	CH	CH	z	NHCOCH=CHPh
8188	$ \textbf{Denzimidazol-2-ylamino-} (\texttt{CH}_2)_{3} $	x	픙	z	Æ	NHCOn-Bu
8189	benzimidazol-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	CH <sub>3</sub>	H U	CH	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
8190	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	æ	z	CH	£,	NHSO2C6H4-(2-CH3)
8191	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	CH	H	z	NHSO2C6H4-(3-CH3)
8192	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	Ŧ	z	2	CH.	NHSO2C6H1-(4-CH3)
8193	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	C#3	CH	æ	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2,6-CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>
8194	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	· =	H)	CH	z	NHSO2C6H2-(2, 4, 6-CH3)3
8195	8195 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH <sub>3</sub>	Æ	3	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-pyridyl)

8196	8196 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	<b>=</b> 7	z	# ;	<del>5</del> :	NHSO:(3-pyridy1)
	<pre>Denzimidazol-4-ylamino-(ch2)3 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3</pre>	E H		<u>z</u>	z ö	NHSO_(2-thienyl)
8199	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	5	CH	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> [4-(3,5-
						dimethyl)isoxazolyl]
_	8200 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	x	₩.	CH	z	NHSO_C_H3-(2,6-C12)
8201	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	CH <sub>3</sub>	<b>.</b>	픙	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthy1)
	8202 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	₹	E C	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (1-naphthy1)
8203	<b>Denzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)</b> $_3$	GH3	Ŧ	СН	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> - (4-Ph)
	8204 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2) 3	x	3	<b>H</b>	z	NHSO_C6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
						dimethyl)
	8205 benzimidazol-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	I	#5	8	z	NHSO2C6H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
						dichloro)
_	8206 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	₽,	CH	<b>H</b>	z	$NHSO_2C_6H_4-4-(4-pyridyl)$
8207	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	<b>.</b>	CH	CH	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(4-pyridyl)-
						2,6-dimethyl
_	8208 benzimidazol-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	z	z	CH	£	NHSO2C6H4-4-(4-pyridy1)-
						2,6-dichloro
_	8209 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	<b>₽</b>	3	æ	z	$NHSO_2C_6H_4-4-(2-oxazoly1)$
8210	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	8	<del>E</del>	CH	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(2-0xazoly1)-
						2,6-dimethyl
_	8211 benzimidazol-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	×	æ	H C	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(2-oxazoly1)-
						2,6-dichloro

8211a b	benzimidazol-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	CH <sub>3</sub>	<b>E</b>	중	2	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(3-pyridy1)-
ě	8211b benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	3	3	z	2,6-dimethyl NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(2-furyl)-2,6-
						dimethyl
enz	8211c benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	×	8	5	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(3-fury1)-2,6-
						dimethy1
en 2	8211d benzimidazol-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	CH <sub>3</sub>	₹	3	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(5-pyrazolyl)-
						2,6-dimethyl
zenz	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> )3	<b>=</b>	5	z	CH CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph
<b>2</b> E 12	benzimidazol-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	æ	픙	<b>H</b>	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -n-Bu
26 12	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	z	품	5	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHPh
œn2	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	픙	품	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2,6-Me <sub>2</sub> )
Sen 2	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) $_3$	*	z	z	<b>5</b>	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(2, 4, 6-Me <sub>3</sub> )
ğ	Denzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	£	풍	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(2-naphthyl)
2	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	5	z	CH	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(1-naphthyl)
ě	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	æ	8	3	z	NHSO2NHC6H4-(4-Ph)
200	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	z	z	₹	3	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(4-Ph-2,6-
						dimethy1)
eu;	8221 benzimidazol-2-ylamino- $(CH_2)_3$	CH <sub>3</sub>	E C	CH	z	NHSO2NHC <sub>k</sub> H2-(4-Ph-2,6-
						dichloro)
ě	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	¥	z	z	H	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHCH <sub>2</sub> Ph
5	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	×	₩.	3	z	NHSO2NH-n-Bu
8	benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	æ	3	z	3	NHSO2NH-i-Bu

8225 benzimidazol-2-ylamino-(CH2)3	CH3	CH	CH	z	NHSO2NH-t-Bu
8226 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	×	z	æ	<b>5</b>	NHCO2CH2Ph
8227 2-aminopyridin-6-y1- $(CH_2)_2$	G <sub>3</sub>	<b>H</b>	æ	z	NHCO2n-Bu
8228 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	x	z	z	£	NHCO'z i - Bu
8229 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	₹	5	E	z	NHCOPh
8230 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> )2	I	5	z	Ŧ	NHCOCH <sub>2</sub> Ph
8231 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)2	GH <sub>3</sub>	5	CH	z	NHCOCH2CH2Ph
8232 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	C#3	z	E C	품	NHCOCH=CHPh
8233 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	æ	H)	H)	z	NHCOn - Bu
8234 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	₽3	5	Ŧ,	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> Ph
8235 2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)2	I	z	£	5	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> - (2-CH <sub>3</sub> )
8236 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	<b>I</b>	S	Œ,	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -(3-CH <sub>3</sub> )
8237 2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	I	z	z	3	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> - (4-CH <sub>3</sub> )
8238 2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	æ	Ŧ	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> -(2,6-CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>
8239 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	I	<b>H</b>	£	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(2,4,6-CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
8240 2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	<b>⊕</b>	<b></b>	<b></b>	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-pyridyl)
8241 2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	<b>x</b>	z	₩	£	$NHSO_2(3-pyridy1)$
8242 2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	₽,	5	CH	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (4-pyridyl)
8243 2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	×	z	z	H	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-thienyl)
8244 2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	CH3	픙	품	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> [4-(3,5-
					dimethyl)isoxazolyl]
8245 2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	×	픙	<b>H</b>	z	$NHSO_2C_6H_3-(2,6-Cl_2)$
8246 2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	£	£	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (2-naphthy1)
					٠

8247	8247 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)2	· <b>조</b>	품	<b>5</b>	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> (1-naphthy1)
8248	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)2	СН <sub>3</sub>	3	E C	z	NHSO2C6H4-(4-Ph)
8249	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	z	3	CH	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(4-Ph-2,6-
						dimethy1)
8250	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	æ	₹	H	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(4-Ph-2,6-
						dichloro)
8251	8251 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	CH3	품	H	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(4-pyridyl)
8252	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	품	CH	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(4-pyridy1)-
						2,6-dimethyl
8253	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	×	z	CH	₹	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(4-pyridyl)-
						2,6-dichloro
8254	8254 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)2	<b>₽</b>	품	품	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(2-oxazolyl)
8255	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	픙	#	z	$NHSO_2C_6H_4-4-(2-oxazolyl)-$
						2,6-dimethyl
8256	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	×	E.	<b>5</b>	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(2-oxazolyl)-
						2, 6-dichloro
8256a	8256a 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	æ	H CH	z	NHSO2C6H4-4-(3-pyridyl)-
						2,6-dimethyl
8256b	8256b 2-aminopyridin-6-yl- $(CH_2)_2$	×	#5	<del>E</del>	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(2-furyl)-2,6-
						dimethyl
8256c	8256c 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	×	5	£	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(3-furyl)-2,6-
						dimethyl

8256d	8256d 2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	G.	C.H.	H	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -4-(5-pyrazoly1)-
						2,6-dimethyl
8257	8257 2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)2	×	CH	H	z	NHSO2CH2Ph
8258	8258 2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	x	z	z	CH	NHSO2 - n - Bu
8259	8259 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	×	₩	#5	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHPh
8260	8260 2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH2)2	CH <sub>3</sub>	푼	z	5	$NHSO_2NHC_6H_3-(2,6-Me_2)$
8261	8261 2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	×	¥	H.	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(2, 4, 6-Me <sub>3</sub> )
8262	2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	×	z	품	Н	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(2-naphthyl)
8263	8263 2-aminopyridin-6-y1-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	<b>G</b> ∃3	<b>H</b>	품	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH(1-naphthyl)
8264	8264 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	×	z	z	H	NHSO2NHCbH4-(4-Ph)
8265	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	x	<del>K</del>	H.	z	NHSO2NHC6H2- (4-Ph-2, 6-
						dimethyl)
8266	2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>	<del>.</del>	z	Ŧ	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub> -(4-Ph-2,6-
						dichloro)
8267	8267 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH2)2	×	<b>H</b>	CH	z	NHSO2NHCH2Ph
8568	8268 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	×	z	H	품	NHSO <sub>2</sub> NH-n-Bu
8269	8269 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	æ	Ŧ	æ	z	NHSO2NH-1-Bu
8270	8270 2-aminopyridin-6-yl-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub> .	z	z	5	NHSO2NH-t-Bu
8271	8271 imidazol-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	x	픙	<b>H</b>	z	NHSO2-(1-naphthy1)
8272	8272 imidazol-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	×	Ħ,	E	z	NHCO2CH2Ph
8273	8273 imidazol-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	×	S.	#5	z	NHSO2C6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)
8274	pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	I	<b>E</b>	£	z	NHSO <sub>2</sub> -(1-naphthyl)
8275	pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	×	<del>Z</del>	£	z	NHC02CH2Ph

8276	8276 pyridin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	I	3	픙	z	CH CH N NHSO2C6C2-(2,4,6-Me3)
8277	8277 imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	I	3	5	z	CH CH N NHSO <sub>2</sub> -(1-naphthyl)
8278	8278 imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	x	3	CH CH N	z	NHCO2CH2Ph
8279	8279 imidazolin-2-ylamino-CH2(o-C6H4)	×	æ	сн сн	z	NHSO2C6C2-(2,4,6-Me3)
8280	8280 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(m-C6H4)	×	₩.	CH.	z	CH CH N NHSO <sub>2</sub> -(1-naphthyl)
8281	8281 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(m-C6H4)	Ŧ	3	CH CH N	z	NHCO2CH2Ph
8282	8282 imidazolin-2-ylamino-(m-C6H4)	=	5	H)	z	CH CH N NHSO2C6C2-(2, 4, 6-Me3)

# CLAIMS

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

5 1. A compound of Formula Ia:

Ia

and pharmaceutically acceptable salt forms thereof,
10 wherein:

 $X^1$ ,  $X^2$ ,  $X^3$ , and  $X^4$  are independently selected from nitrogen or carbon provided that at least two of  $X^1$ ,  $X^2$ ,  $X^3$  and  $X^4$  are carbon;

R1 is selected from:

5 A and B are independently  $-CH_2-$ , -O-,  $-N(R^2)-$ , or -C(=O)-;

 $A^1$  and  $B^1$  are independently -CH<sub>2</sub>- or -N(R<sup>3</sup>)-;

D is  $-N(R^2)$ -, -O-, -S-, -C(=O)- or  $-SO_2$ -;

10 E-F is  $-C(R^4)=C(R^5)-$ ,  $-N=C(R^4)-$ ,  $-C(R^4)=N-$ , or  $-C(R^4)_2C(R^5)_2-$ ;

- J, K, L and M are independently selected from -C(R<sup>4</sup>)-,
  -C(R<sup>5</sup>)- or -N-, provided that at least one of J, K,
  L and M is not -N-;
- R<sup>2</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)carbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)aminocarbonyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)carbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>

alkyl)carbonyl-, arylcarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)sulfonyl, heteroarylsulfonyl, heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)sulfonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, or aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl, wherein said aryl groups are substituted with 0-2 substituents selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, halo, CF<sub>3</sub>, and nitro;

10 R³ is selected from: H, C¹-C₆ alkyl, C³-C७ cycloalkyl, C⁴-C¹¹ cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C¹-C₆ alkyl)-, or heteroaryl(C¹-C₆ alkyl)-;

R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> are independently selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>
alkoxy, NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>, halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl,
C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub>
cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
alkyl)carbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl,
arylcarbonyl, or

20

25

alternatively, when substituents on adjacent atoms,  $R^4$  and  $R^5$  can be taken together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached to form a 5-7 membered carbocyclic or 5-7 membered heterocyclic aromatic or non-aromatic ring system, said carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring being optionally substituted with 0-2 groups selected from:  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy, halo, cyano, amino,  $CF_3$ , or  $NO_2$ ;

30

U is selected from:

- $-(CH_2)_{n}-,$
- $-(CH_2)_n(CR^7=CR^8)(CH_2)_{m^-}$
- -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>(C=C)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-,
- 35  $-(CH_2)_{t}Q(CH_2)_{m}-$ ,

```
 \begin{array}{l} - (\text{CH}_2)_{\ n} O(\text{CH}_2)_{\ m^-}, \\ \\ - (\text{CH}_2)_{\ n} N(\text{R}^6) \ (\text{CH}_2)_{\ m^-}, \\ \\ - (\text{CH}_2)_{\ n} C(=0) \ (\text{CH}_2)_{\ m^-}, \\ \\ - (\text{CH}_2)_{\ n} (\text{C=O}) \ N(\text{R}^6) \ (\text{CH}_2)_{\ m^-}, \\ \\ \hline 5 \\ - (\text{CH}_2)_{\ n} N(\text{R}^6) \ (\text{C=O}) \ (\text{CH}_2)_{\ m^-}, \\ \\ - (\text{CH}_2)_{\ n} S(\text{O})_{\ p} \ (\text{CH}_2)_{\ m^-}; \\ \\ \text{wherein one or more of the methylene groups in U is optionally substituted with $R^7$;} \end{array}
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- Q is selected from 1,2-cycloalkylene, 1,2-phenylene, 1,3-phenylene, 1,4-phenylene, 2,3-pyridinylene, 3,4-pyridinylene, 2,4-pyridinylene, or 3,4-pyridazinylene;
- 15 R<sup>6</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or benzyl;

20

- R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are independently selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, or heteroaryl(C<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;
- R<sup>10</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, N(R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>, C(=0)R<sup>17</sup>, CONR<sup>17</sup>R<sup>20</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>17</sup>R<sup>20</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-2 R<sup>11</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-2 R<sup>11</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, or aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-2 R<sup>11</sup> or 0-2 R<sup>11</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>;
- $R^{11}$  is selected from H, halogen, CF<sub>3</sub>, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, hydroxy, NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) substituted with

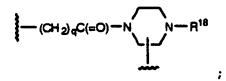
0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkoxy})$  carbonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$  carbonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_1-C_4$  alkylsulfonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , or  $C_1-C_4$  alkylaminosulfonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ ;

5

W is selected from:  $-(C(R^{12})_2)_qC(=0)N(R^{13})-$ , or  $-C(=0)-N(R^{13})-(C(R^{12})_2)_q^-;$ 

10 X is  $-C(R^{12})(R^{14})-C(R^{12})(R^{15})$ ; or

alternatively, W and X can be taken together to be



15

is selected from H, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)carbonyl, aryl, or aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;

20

R<sup>13</sup> is selected from H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkylmethyl, or aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;

R14 is selected from:

H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthio(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkylthioalkyl)-, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl)-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, aryl, heteroaryl, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>, C(=O)R<sup>17</sup>, or CONR<sup>17</sup>R<sup>20</sup>, provided that any of the above alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl groups

may be unsubstituted or substituted independently with 0-1  $R^{16}$  or 0-2  $R^{11}$ ;

# R<sup>15</sup> is selected from:

H,  $R^{16}$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkoxyalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylaminoalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  dialkylaminoalkyl,  $(C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl)carbonyl, aryl $(C_0$ - $C_6$  alkyl)carbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkenyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkynyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,

 $C_3-C_{10}$  cycloalkylalkyl, aryl( $C_1-C_6$  alkyl)-,

heteroaryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-, aryl, heteroaryl,  $CO_2R^{17}$ ,  $C(=0)R^{17}$ ,  $CONR^{17}R^{20}$ ,  $SO_2R^{17}$ , or  $SO_2NR^{17}R^{20}$ , provided that any of the above alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl groups may be unsubstituted or substituted independently with 0-2  $R^{11}$ ;

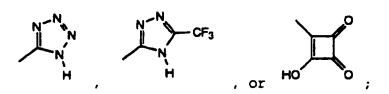
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## Y is selected from:

-COR<sup>19</sup>, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -PO<sub>3</sub>H, tetrazolyl, -CONHNHSO<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, -CONHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>, -CONHSO<sub>2</sub>NHR<sup>17</sup>, -NHCOCF<sub>3</sub>, -NHCONHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>, -NHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>, -OPO<sub>3</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, -OSO<sub>3</sub>H,

 $-PO_3H_2$ ,  $-SO_3H$ ,  $-SO_2NHCOR^{17}$ ,  $-SO_2NHCO_2R^{17}$ ,



R<sup>16</sup> is selected from:

25  $-N(R^{20})-C(=0)-O-R^{17}$ ,

 $-N(R^{20})-C(=0)-R^{17}$ ,

 $-N(R^{20})-C(=0)-NH-R^{17}$ .

 $-N(R^{20})SO_2-R^{17}$ , or

 $-N(R^{20})SO_2-NR^{20}R^{17}$ ;

30

## R<sup>17</sup> is selected from:

 $C_1-C_{10}$  alkyl,  $C_3-C_{11}$  cycloalkyl, aryl( $C_1-C_6$  alkyl)-, ( $C_1-C_6$  alkyl)aryl, heteroaryl( $C_1-C_6$  alkyl)-, ( $C_1-C_6$ 

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alkyl) heteroaryl, biaryl (C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-, heteroaryl,
            or aryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are
            optionally substituted with 0-3 substituents
            selected from the group consisting of: C_1-C_4 alkyl,
 5
            C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, aryl, heteroaryl, halo, cyano, amino,
            CF3, and NO2;
     R<sup>18</sup> is selected from:
            H,
            -C(=0)-0-R^{17}
10
            -C(=0)-R^{17}
            -C(=0)-NH-R^{17}.
            -SO_2-R^{17}, or
            -SO_2-NR^{20}R^{17};
15
     R19
            is selected from: hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyloxy,
            C_3-C_{11} cycloalkyloxy, aryloxy, aryl(C_1-C_6 alkoxy)-,
            C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>
            alkoxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
20
            C_2-C_{10} alkoxycarbonylalkyloxy,
            C5-C10 cycloalkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
            C5-C10 cycloalkoxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
            C5-C10 cycloalkoxycarbonylalkyloxy,
            C7-C11 aryloxycarbonylalkyloxy,
25
            C_8-C_{12} aryloxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
            Cg-C12 arylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
            C5-C10 alkoxyalkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy.
            C5-C10 (5-alkyl-1,3-dioxa-cyclopenten-2-one-
            yl)methyloxy, C<sub>10</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> (5-aryl-1,3-dioxa-cyclopenten-
            2-one-y1) methyloxy, or (R^{11})(R^{12})N-(C_1-C_{10} \text{ alkoxy})-;
30
     R^{20} is selected from: H, C_1-C_6 alkyl, C_3-C_7 cycloalkyl,
            C_4-C_{11} cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C_1-C_6 alkyl)-, or
            heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) -:
35
     R<sup>21</sup> is selected from: COOH or NR<sup>6</sup>2;
```

m is 0-4;

n is 0-4;

t is 0-4;

5 p is 0-2;

q is 0-2; and

r is 0-2;

with the following provisos:

- 10 (1) t, n, m and q are chosen such that the number of atoms connecting  $R^1$  and Y is in the range of 10-14; and
  - (2) n and m are chosen such that the value of n plus m is greater than one unless U is
- 15  $-(CH_2)_{gQ}(CH_2)_{m}$ .
  - 2. A compound of Claim 1 of the Formula Ia:

20

and pharmaceutically acceptable salt forms thereof, wherein:

Ia

25  $X^1$ ,  $X^2$ ,  $X^3$ , and  $X^4$  are independently selected from nitrogen or carbon provided that at least two of  $X^1$ ,  $X^2$ ,  $X^3$  and  $X^4$  are carbon;

R1 is selected from:

5 A and B are independently -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -O-, -N( $\mathbb{R}^2$ )-, or -C(=0)-;

 $A^1$  and  $B^1$  are independently -CH<sub>2</sub>- or -N(R<sup>3</sup>)-;

D is 
$$-N(R^2)$$
-,  $-O$ -,  $-S$ -,  $-C(=O)$ - or  $-SO_2$ -;

10

E-F is 
$$-C(R^4)=C(R^5)-$$
,  $-N=C(R^4)-$ ,  $-C(R^4)=N-$ , or  $-C(R^4)_2C(R^5)_2-$ ;

- J, K, L and M are independently selected from  $-C(R^4)$ -,  $-C(R^5)$  or -N-, provided that at least one of J, K, L and M is not -N-;
- R<sup>2</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  alkyl)carbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  20 alkylaminocarbonyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl,
  C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  alkyl)carbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  alkyl)-, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)carbonyl, arylcarbonyl,
  alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  alkyl)sulfonyl, heteroarylsulfonyl, heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)sulfonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, or aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  alkoxy)carbonyl, wherein said aryl groups are
  substituted with 0-2 substituents selected from the

group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy, halo,  $CF_3$ , and nitro;

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, or heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;

R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> are independently selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>, halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> alkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl or

alternatively, when substituents on adjacent atoms,

R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> can be taken together with the carbon
atoms to which they are attached to form a 5-7
membered carbocyclic or 5-7 membered heterocyclic
aromatic or non-aromatic ring system, said
carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring being optionally
substituted with 0-2 groups selected from: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>
alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, halo, cyano, amino, CF<sub>3</sub>, or
NO<sub>2</sub>;

#### U is selected from:

- 25  $-(CH_{2})_{n}-,$   $-(CH_{2})_{n}(CR^{7}\pm CR^{8})(CH_{2})_{m}-,$   $-(CH_{2})_{t}Q(CH_{2})_{m}-,$   $-(CH_{2})_{n}O(CH_{2})_{m}-,$   $-(CH_{2})_{n}N(R^{6})(CH_{2})_{m}-,$   $-(CH_{2})_{n}C(=O)(CH_{2})_{m}-, \text{ or }$   $-(CH_{2})_{n}S(O)_{p}(CH_{2})_{m}-;$ 
  - wherein one or more of the methylene groups in  ${\tt U}$  is optionally substituted with  ${\tt R}^7;$

Q is selected from 1,2-phenylene, 1,3-phenylene, 2,3-pyridinylene, 3,4-pyridinylene, or 2,4-pyridinylene;

- 5  $\mathbb{R}^6$  is selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl, or benzyl;
- R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are independently selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, or heteroaryl(C<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;
- R<sup>10</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, N(R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>, C(=0)R<sup>17</sup>, CONR<sup>17</sup>R<sup>20</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>17</sup>R<sup>20</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>

  alkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  alkenyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>
  cycloalkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-2 R<sup>11</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-2 R<sup>11</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, or aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)- substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-2 R<sup>11</sup> or 0-2 R<sup>11</sup> or 0-2 R<sup>11</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>;
- R<sup>11</sup> is selected from: H, halogen, CF<sub>3</sub>, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, hydroxy, NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>

  alkoxy substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylaminosulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>;

W is 
$$-C(=0)-N(R^{13})-(C(R^{12})_2)_{q}-;$$

$$X \text{ is } -C(R^{12})(R^{14})-C(R^{12})(R^{15})-;$$

35

alternatively, W and X can be taken together to be

 $R^{12}$  is H or  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl;

5

 $R^{13}$  is selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkylmethyl, or aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-;

### R<sup>14</sup> is selected from:

H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthioalkyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkylthioalkyl)-, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl)-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-,

heteroaryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-, aryl, heteroaryl,  $CO_2R^{17}$ ,  $C(=0)R^{17}$ , or  $CONR^{17}R^{20}$ , provided that any of the above alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl groups may be substituted independently with 0-1  $R^{16}$  or 0-2  $R^{11}$ :

20

R<sup>15</sup> is selected from:

H,  $R^{16}$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkoxyalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylaminoalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylaminoalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylcarbonyl, aryl( $C_0$ - $C_6$  alkyl)carbonyl,

C2-C10 alkenyl, C2-C10 alkynyl ,C3-C10 cycloalkyl, C3-C10 cycloalkylalkyl, aryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-, heteroaryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-, aryl, heteroaryl, C02R<sup>17</sup>, C(=0)R<sup>17</sup>, CONR<sup>17</sup>R<sup>20</sup>, S02R<sup>17</sup>, or S02NR<sup>17</sup>R<sup>20</sup>, provided that any of the above alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl or

heteroaryl groups may be substituted independently with  $0-2\ R^{11}$ ;

#### Y is selected from:

-COR19, -SO3H,

5 R<sup>16</sup> is selected from:

 $-N(R^{20})-C(=0)-O-R^{17}$ ,

 $-N(R^{20})-C(=0)-R^{17}$ ,

 $-N(R^{20})-C(=0)-NH-R^{17}$ ,

 $-N(R^{20})SO_2-R^{17}$ , or

10  $-N(R^{20})SO_2-NR^{20}R^{17}$ ;

### R<sup>17</sup> is selected from:

C1-C10 alkyl, C3-C11 cycloalkyl, aryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-,
(C1-C6 alkyl)aryl, heteroaryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-, (C1-C6
alkyl)heteroaryl, biaryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-, heteroaryl,
or aryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are
optionally substituted with 0-3 substituents
selected from the group consisting of: C1-C4 alkyl,
C1-C4 alkoxy, aryl, heteroaryl, halo, cyano, amino,
CF3, and NO2;

R<sup>18</sup> is selected from:

Η,

 $-C(=0)-0-R^{17}$ 

 $-C(=0)-R^{17}$ ,

 $-C(=0)-NH-R^{17}$ ,

 $-SO_2-R^{17}$ , or

 $-SO_2-NR^{20}R^{17}$ ;

30 R<sup>19</sup> is selected from: hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyloxy,
C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkyloxy, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aryloxy,
C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> aralkyloxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,

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C2-C10 alkoxycarbonylalkyloxy,
            C5-C10 cycloalkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
            C5-C10 cycloalkoxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
            C5-C10 cycloalkoxycarbonylalkyloxy,
 5
           C7-C11 aryloxycarbonylalkyloxy,
           C<sub>8</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> aryloxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
           C_{\theta}-C_{12} arylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
           C5-C10 alkoxyalkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
           C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> (5-alkyl-1,3-dioxa-cyclopenten-2-one-
           yl)methyloxy, C10-C14 (5-aryl-1,3-dioxa-cyclopenten-
10
            2-one-yl) methyloxy, or (R^{11})(R^{12})N-(C_1-C_{10} \text{ alkoxy})-;
     R^{20} selected from: H, C_1\text{-}C_6 alkyl, C_3\text{-}C_7 cycloalkyl, C_4\text{-}
           C_{11} cycloalkylalkyl, aryl(C_1-C_6 alkyl)-, or
15
           heteroaryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-:
```

 $R^{21}$  is selected from COOH or  $NR^{6}_{2}$ ;

25

3. A compound of Claim 1 of the Formula IIa or IIb:

$$R_{10}$$
  $X_{1}$   $X_{2}$   $X_{3}$   $X_{4}$   $X_{5}$   $X_{7}$   $X_{8}$   $X_{1}$   $X_{1}$   $X_{2}$   $X_{3}$   $X_{4}$   $X_{5}$   $X_{5}$   $X_{5}$   $X_{7}$   $X_{8}$   $X_{1}$   $X_{1}$   $X_{2}$   $X_{3}$   $X_{4}$   $X_{5}$   $X_{$ 

30

IIa IIb

and pharmaceutically acceptable salt forms thereof wherein:

5  $X_1$  and  $X_3$  are independently selected from nitrogen or carbon;

R1 is selected from:

- wherein the above heterocycles are optionally substituted with 0-2 substituents selected from the group consisting of:  $NH_2$ , halogen,  $NO_2$ , CN,  $CF_3$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl, and  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl;
- U is  $-(CH_2)_{n-}$ ,  $-(CH_2)_tQ(CH_2)_{m-}$  or  $-C(=0)(CH_2)_{n-1-}$ , wherein one of the methylene groups is optionally substituted with  $\mathbb{R}^7$ ;

```
Q is selected from 1,2-pnenylene, 1,3-phenylene, 2,3-pyridinylene, 3,4-pyridinylene, or 2,4-pyridinylene;
```

- 5  $R^6$  is selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl, or benzyl;
  - R7 is selected from: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl), heteroaryl, or heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl);

10

15

- $R^{10}$  is selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , halogen,  $CO_2R^{17}$ ,  $CONR^{17}R^{20}$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_4$ - $C_{11}$  cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ , or aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)- substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-2  $R^{11}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ ;
- R<sup>11</sup> is selected from: H, halogen, CF<sub>3</sub>, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, hydroxy,

  NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>

  alkoxy substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>,

  C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, or

  C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylaminosulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>;

W is  $-C(=0)-N(R^{13})-;$ 

30 X is  $-CH(R^{14})-CH(R^{15})-;$ 

R<sup>13</sup> is H or CH<sub>3</sub>.

R<sup>14</sup> is selected from:

35 H,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl, aryl, or heteroaryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are optionally

substituted with 0-3 substituents selected from the

group consisting of:  $C_1-C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1-C_4$  alkoxy,

```
aryl, halo, cyano, amino, CF3, and NO2;
      R^{15} is H or R^{16}:
 5
        Y is -COR^{19};
        R<sup>16</sup> is selected from:
                  -NH(R^{20})-C(=0)-O-R^{17}
10
                  -N(R^{20})-C(=0)-R^{17},
                  -N(R^{20})-C(=0)-NH-R^{17}
                  -N(R^{20})SO_2-R^{17}, or
                  -N(R^{20})SO_2-N(R^{20})R^{17};
15
        R<sup>17</sup> is selected from:
                  C_1-C_{10} alkyl, C_3-C_{11} cycloalkyl, aryl(C_1-C_6 alkyl)-,
                  (C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl}) aryl, heteroaryl(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-, (C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-
                  alkyl)heteroaryl, biaryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-, heteroaryl,
                  or aryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are
20
                  optionally substituted with 0-3 substituents
                  selected from the group consisting of: C1-C4 alkyl,
                  C1-C4 alkoxy, aryl, heteroaryl, halo, cyano, amino,
                  CF3, and NO2;
25
        R19
                  is selected from:
                  hydroxy, C_1-C_{10} alkoxy,
                  methylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                  ethylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
30
                   t-butylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                  cyclohexylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                   1-(methylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                   1-(ethylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                   1-(t-butylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                   1-(cyclohexylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-.
35
                   i-propyloxycarbonyloxymethoxy-,
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t-butyloxycarbonyloxymethoxy-,
           1-(i-propyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
           1-(cyclohexyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
           1-(t-butyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
 5
           dimethylaminoethoxy-,
           diethylaminoethoxy-,
           (5-methyl-1,3-dioxacyclopenten-2-on-4-yl)methoxy-,
           (5-(t-butyl)-1,3-dioxacyclopenten-2-on-4-
                yl)methoxy-,
           (1,3-dioxa-5-phenyl-cyclopenten-2-on-4-yl)methoxy-,
10
           1-(2-(2-methoxypropyl)carbonyloxy)ethoxy-;
     R<sup>20</sup> is H or CH<sub>3</sub>;
15
     R<sup>21</sup> is selected from COOH or NR<sup>6</sup>2;
          is 0 or 1;
     n
          is 1-4; and
20
     t
          is 0 or 1.
```

4. A compound of Claim 1 of the Formula IIa or IIb:

25

IIa IIb

and pharmaceutically acceptable salt forms thereof wherein:

 $X_1$  and  $X_3$  are independently selected from nitrogen or carbon, provided that at least one of  $X_1$  and  $X_3$  is carbon;

5 R1 is selected from:

10

wherein the above heterocycles are optionally substituted with 0-2 substituents selected from the group consisting of: NH<sub>2</sub>, halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, and C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl;

- U is  $-(CH_2)_{n^+}$ ,  $-(CH_2)_{t}Q(CH_2)_{m^+}$  or  $-C(=0)(CH_2)_{n-1^+}$ , wherein one of the methylene groups is optionally substituted with  $R^7$ ;
- Q is selected from 1,2-phenylene, 1,3-phenylene, 2,3-pyridinylene, 3,4-pyridinylene, or 2,4-pyridinylene;

R<sup>6</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or benzyl;

R7 is selected from:  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl,  $C_4$ - $C_{11}$  cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl), heteroaryl, or heteroaryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl);

- 5 R<sup>10</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, halogen,  $CO_2R^{17}$ ,  $CONR^{17}R^{20}$ ,  $C_1$ -C<sub>6</sub> alkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>12</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>,  $C_3$ -C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>,  $C_4$ -C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, or aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-2 R<sup>11</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>;
- R<sup>11</sup> is selected from: H, halogen, CF<sub>3</sub>, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, hydroxy, NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy) carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl) carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylaminosulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>; W is -C(=0)-N(R<sup>13</sup>)-;

W is  $-C(=0)-N(R^{13})-;$ 

25 X is  $-CH(R^{14})-CH(R^{15})-$ ;

 $R^{13}$  is H or  $CH_3$ :

# R<sup>14</sup> is selected from:

30 H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, aryl, or heteroaryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with 0-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, aryl, halo, cyano, amino, CF<sub>3</sub>, and NO<sub>2</sub>;

 $R^{15}$  is H or  $R^{16}$ ;

```
Y is -COR19;
        R<sup>16</sup> is selected from:
                  -N(R^{20})-C(=0)-O-R^{17}.
 5
                  -N(R^{20})-C(=0)-R^{17},
                  -N(R^{20})-C(=0)-NH-R^{17}
                  -N(R^{20})SO_2-R^{17}, or
                  -N(R20) SO2-NR20R17;
10
        R<sup>17</sup> is selected from:
                 C_1-C_{10} alkyl, C_3-C_{11} cycloalkyl, aryl(C_1-C_6 alkyl)-,
                  (C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl}) aryl, heteroaryl(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-, (C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-
                  alkyl)heteroaryl, biaryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-, heteroaryl,
                  or aryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are
15
                  optionally substituted with 0-3 substituents
                  selected from the group consisting of: C1-C4 alkyl,
                  C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, aryl, heteroaryl, halo, cyano, amino,
                  CF<sub>3</sub>, and NO<sub>2</sub>;
20
        R<sup>19</sup> is selected from:
                  hydroxy, C_1-C_{10} alkoxy,
                  methylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                  ethylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
25
                  t-butylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                  cyclohexylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                  1-(methylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                  1-(ethylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                  1-(t-butylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
30
                  1-(cyclohexylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                  i-propyloxycarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                  t-butyloxycarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                  1-(i-propyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                  1-(cyclohexyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-.
                  1-(t-butyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
35
                  dimethylaminoethoxy-,
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diethylaminoethoxy-,
          (5-methyl-1,3-dioxacyclopenten-2-on-4-yl)methoxy-,
           (5-(t-butyl)-1,3-dioxacyclopenten-2-on-4-
                yl)methoxy-,
 5
          (1,3-dioxa-5-phenyl-cyclopenten-2-on-4-yl)methoxy-,
          1-(2-(2-methoxypropyl)carbonyloxy)ethoxy-;
    R^{20} is H or CH_3;
10
    R<sup>21</sup> is selected from COOH or NR<sup>6</sup>2;
          is 0 or 1;
    m
          is 1-4; and
    n
15
          is 0 or 1.
    t
              A compound of Claim 1 of Formula Ia and
    enantiomeric or diasteriomeric forms thereof, and
    mixtures of enantiomeric or diasteriomeric forms
20
    thereof, and pharmaceutically acceptable salt forms
    thereof, selected from the group consisting of:
          3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-
25
               ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-
               propionic acid,
          3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-
               ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-trimethylbenzene-
               sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
          3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-
30
               ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzenesulfonylamino)
               propionic acid,
          3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-
               ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dichlorobenzene-
```

sulfonylamino) propionic acid,

	3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-
	ylcarbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-
	ylsulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-
5	ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethylbenzene-
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-
	ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-phenyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
10	3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-
	ylcarbonylamino]-2-(4-phenylbenzenesulfonyl-
	amino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-5-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxy-
15	carbonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-5-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
20	indazol-5-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzenesulfonyl-
	amino) propionic acid,
	<pre>3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-</pre>
	indazol-5-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dichloro-
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
25	3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-5-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethyl-
	isoxazol-4-ylsulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	<pre>3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-</pre>
	indazol-5-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-
30	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	<pre>3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-</pre>
	indazol-5-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-
	phenylbenzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	<pre>3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-</pre>
35	indazol-5-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(4-phenylbenzene-
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,

	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl
	carbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-
	propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl
5	carbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-trimethylbenzene-
	sulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(benzenesulfonylamino)-
	propionic acid,
10	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dichlorobenzene-
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-
15	ylsulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethylbenzene-
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
20	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-phenyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(4-phenylbenzenesulfonyl-
	amino)propionic acid,
25	3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-
	propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-trimethylbenzene-
30	sulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(benzenesulfonylamino)-
	propionic acid,
	3-{1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
35	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dichlorobenzene-
	sulfonvlamino) propionic acid.

	3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
	carbonylamino)-2-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-
	ylsulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
5	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethylbenzene-
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-phenyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
10	3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-5-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(4-phenylbenzenesulfonyl-
	amino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-
	ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-
15	propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-
	ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-trimethylbenzene-
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-
20	ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzenesulfonylamino)
	propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-
	ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dichlorobenzene-
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
25	3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-
	ylcarbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-
	ylsulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-
	ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethylbenzene-
30	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-
	ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-phenyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-
35	ylcarbonylamino)-2-(4-phenylbenzenesulfonyl
	amino) propionic acid,

	3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-4-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxy-
	carbonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
5	indazol-4-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl
	benzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-4-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzenesulfonyl
	amino) propionic acid,
10	3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-4-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dichloro-
	benzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-4-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethyl-
15	isoxazol-4-ylsulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-4-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
20	indazol-4-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-
	phenylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-4-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(4-phenylbenzene
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
25	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-
	propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-trimethylbenzene-
30	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(benzenesulfonylamino)-
	propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl-
35	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dichlorobenzene-
	sulfonvlamino) propionic acid,

	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl
	carbonylamino]-2-(3.5-dimethylisoxazol-4-
	ylsulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl
5	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethylbenzene-
	sulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-phenyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
10	3-[1-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl
	carbonylamino]-2-(4-phenylbenzenesulfonyl-
	amino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-
15	propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-trimethylbenzene-
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl-
20	<pre>carbonylamino]-2-(benzenesulfonylamino)-</pre>
	propionic acid,
,	3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dichlorobenzene-
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
25	3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-
	ylsulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl-
	<pre>carbonylamino] -2-(2,6-dimethylbenzene-</pre>
30	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-phenyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid, and
	3-{1-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-4-yl-
35	carbonylamino]-2-(4-phenylbenzenesulfonyl-
	amino) propionic acid;

and ester forms thereof, said ester being selected from the group consisting of:

methyl,

5 ethyl,

isopropyl,

n-butyl,

isobutyl,

benzyl,

10 methylcarbonyloxymethyl,

ethylcarbonyloxymethyl,

tert-butylcarbonyloxymethyl, cyclohexylcarbonyloxymethyl,

tert-butyloxycarbonyloxymethyl,

dimethylaminoethyl,

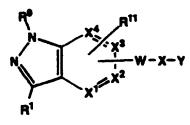
diethylaminoethyl,

morpholinoethyl,

pyrrolidinoethyl, and trimethylammonioethyl.

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### 6. A compound of Formula Ib:



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Ib

and pharmaceutically acceptable salt forms thereof, wherein:

 $X^1$ ,  $X^2$ ,  $X^3$ , and  $X^4$  are independently selected from nitrogen or carbon provided that at least two of  $X^1$ ,  $X^2$ ,  $X^3$  and  $X^4$  are carbon;

R1 is selected from:

5 A and B are independently  $-CH_2-$ , -O-,  $-N(R^2)-$ , or -C(=O)-;

 $A^1$  and  $B^1$  are independently  $-CH_2-$  or  $-N(R^3)-$ ;

D is  $-N(R^2)$ -, -O-, -S-, -C(=O)- or  $-SO_2$ -;

E-F is 
$$-C(R^4) = C(R^5) -$$
,  $-N = C(R^4) -$ ,  $-C(R^4) = N -$ , or  $-C(R^4) \ge C(R^5) \ge -$ ;

- J, K, L and M are independently selected from:  $-C(R^4)$ -,  $-C(R^5)$  or -N-, provided that at least one of J, K, L and M is not -N-;
- R<sup>2</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)carbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)aminocarbonyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)carbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl, aryl C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>

alkyl)carbonyl, or arylcarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
alkyl)sulfonyl, heteroarylsulfonyl,
heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)sulfonyl, aryloxycarbonyl,
or aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl, wherein said aryl
groups are substituted with 0-2 substituents
selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl,
C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, halo, CF<sub>3</sub>, and nitro;

- 10 R<sup>3</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, or heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-:
- R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> are independently selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>
  alkoxy, NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>, halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl,
  C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub>
  cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  alkyl)carbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl,
  arylcarbonyl, or

20

alternatively, when substituents on adjacent atoms,  $R^4$  and  $R^5$  can be taken together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached to form a 5-7 membered carbocyclic or 5-7 membered heterocyclic aromatic or non-aromatic ring system, said carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring being optionally substituted with 0-2 groups selected from:  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy, halo, cyano, amino,  $CF_3$ , or

30

25

U is selected from:

- -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-,
- $-(CH_2)_{m}(CR^7=CR^8)(CH_2)_{m}-$
- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>(C=C) (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-
- 35  $-(CH_2)_{tQ}(CH_2)_{m}$

NO2;

```
\begin{array}{lll} & - (CH_2)_{n}O(CH_2)_{m^-}, \\ & - (CH_2)_{n}N(R^6) \ (CH_2)_{m^-}, \\ & - (CH_2)_{n}C(=O) \ (CH_2)_{m^-}, \\ & - (CH_2)_{n}(C=O) \ N(R^6) \ (CH_2)_{m^-} \\ & - (CH_2)_{n}N(R^6) \ (C=O) \ (CH_2)_{m^-}, \ or \\ & - (CH_2)_{n}S(O)_{p}(CH_2)_{m^-}; \\ & \text{wherein one of the methylene groups is optionally} \end{array}
```

- Q is selected from: 1,2-cycloalkylene, 1,2-phenylene, 1,3-phenylene, 1,4-phenylene, 2,3-pyridinylene, 3,4-pyridinylene, 2,4-pyridinylene, or 3,4-pyridazinylene;
- 15 R<sup>6</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or benzyl;

substituted with  $R^7$ ;

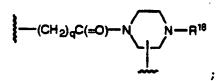
- $R^7$  and  $R^8$  are independently selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl,  $C_4$ - $C_{11}$  cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-, or heteroaryl( $C_0$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-;
- R<sup>9</sup> is selected from: H,  $CO_2R^{17}$ ,  $C(=O)R^{17}$ ,  $CONR^{17}R^{20}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{17}$ ,  $-SO_2NR^{17}R^{20}$ ,  $C_1$ -C<sub>6</sub> alkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>,  $C_3$ -C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>,  $C_4$ -C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>,  $C_4$ -C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-2 R<sup>11</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, or aryl( $C_1$ -C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)- substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-2 R<sup>11</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>;
- $R^{11}$  is selected from H, halogen, CF<sub>3</sub>, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, hydroxy, NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy) carbonyl substituted with 0-1

 $R^{21}$ ,  $(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$  carbonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_1-C_4$  alkylsulfonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , or  $C_1-C_4$  alkylaminosulfonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ ;

5 W is selected from:  $-(C(R^{12})_2)_qC(=0)N(R^{13})_-, \text{ or}$  $-C(=0)-N(R^{13})-(C(R^{12})_2)_q^-;$ 

X is  $-C(R^{12})(R^{14})-C(R^{12})(R^{15})-$ ; or

alternatively, W and X can be taken together to be



- 20  $R^{13}$  is selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkylmethyl, or aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-;

R<sup>14</sup> is selected from:

H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthio(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>

alkylthioalkyl)-, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl)-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>

alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> hydroxyalkyl,

C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl,

C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-,

heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, aryl, heteroaryl, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>,

C(=0)R<sup>17</sup>, or CONR<sup>17</sup>R<sup>20</sup>, provided that any of the

above alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl groups

may be unsubstituted or substituted independently

with 0-1 R<sup>16</sup> or 0-2 R<sup>11</sup>;

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R<sup>15</sup> is selected from:

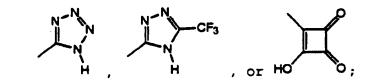
H, R<sup>16</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl,
C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkylaminoalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> dialkylaminoalkyl,

(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl)carb myl, aryl(C<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)carbonyl,
C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl,
C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-,
heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, aryl, heteroaryl, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>,
C(=O)R<sup>17</sup>, CONR<sup>17</sup>R<sup>20</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>, or SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>17</sup>R<sup>20</sup>, provided

that any of the above alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl or
heteroaryl groups may be unsubstituted or
substituted independently with 0-2 R<sup>11</sup>;

#### Y is selected from:

15  $-COR^{19}$ ,  $-SO_3H$ ,  $-PO_3H$ , tetrazolyl,  $-CONHNHSO_2CF_3$ ,  $-CONHSO_2R^{17}$ ,  $-CONHSO_2NHR^{17}$ ,  $-NHCOCF_3$ ,  $-NHCONHSO_2R^{17}$ ,  $-NHSO_2R^{17}$ ,  $-OPO_3H_2$ ,  $-OSO_3H$ ,  $-PO_3H_2$ ,  $-SO_3H$ ,  $-SO_2NHCOR^{17}$ ,  $-SO_2NHCO_2R^{17}$ ,



R<sup>16</sup> is selected from:

 $-N(R^{20}) - C(=0) - 0 - R^{17},$   $-N(R^{20}) - C(=0) - R^{17},$   $-N(R^{20}) - C(=0) - NH - R^{17},$  $-N(R^{20}) SO_2 - R^{17}, or$ 

 $-N(R^{20})SO_2-NR^{20}R^{17};$ 

#### R<sup>17</sup> is selected from:

C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)aryl, heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)heteroaryl, biaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, heteroaryl, or aryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are

```
optionally substituted with 0-3 substituents
            selected from the group consisting of: C_1-C_4 alkyl,
            C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, aryl, heteroaryl, halo, cyano, amino,
            CF3, and NO2;
 5
     R13 is selected from:
            Η,
            -C(=0)-0-R^{17}
            -C(=0)-R^{17},
10
            -C(=0)-NH-R^{17},
            -SO_2-R^{17}, or
            -50_2-NR^{20}R^{17};
     R19
            is selected from hydroxy, C_1-C_{10} alkyloxy,
15
            C_3-C_{11} cycloalkyloxy, aryloxy, aryl(C_1-C_6 alkoxy)-,
            C_3-C_{10} alkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy, C_3-C_{10}
            alkoxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
            C_2-C_{10} alkoxycarbonylalkyloxy,
            C_5-C_{10} cycloalkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
20
            C_5-C_{10} cycloalkoxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
            C_5-C_{10} cycloalkoxycarbonylalkyloxy,
            C_7-C_{11} aryloxycarbonylalkyloxy,
            C_8-C_{12} aryloxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
            C_8-C_{12} arylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
25
            C_5-C_{10} alkoxyalkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
            C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> (5-alkyl-1,3-dioxa-cyclopenten-2-one-
            yl)methyloxy, C<sub>10</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> (5-aryl-1,3-dioxa-cyclopenten-
            2-one-y1) methyloxy, or (R^{11})(R^{12})N-(C_1-C_{10} \text{ alkoxy})-;
    R^{20} is selected from: H, C_1-C_6 alkyl, C_3-C_7 cycloalkyl,
30
            C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, or
            heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;
     R<sup>21</sup> is selected from COOH or NR<sup>6</sup>2;
35
            is 0-4;
     m
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n is 0-4;

r is 0-4;

p is 0-2;

q is 0-2; and

5 r is 0-2;

with the following provisos:

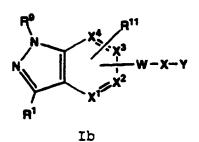
(1) t, n, m and q are chosen such that the number of atoms connecting  $R^{\mathbf{1}}$  and Y is in the range of

10 10-14; and

(2) n and m are chosen such that the value of n plus m is greater than one unless U is  $-(CH_2)_{\pm Q}(CH_3)_{m}$ .

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7. A compound of Claim 6 of Formula Ib:



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and pharmaceutically acceptable salt forms thereof, wherein:

 $x^1$ ,  $x^2$ ,  $x^3$ , and  $x^4$  are independently selected from 25 nitrogen or carbon provided that at least two of  $x^1$ ,  $x^2$ ,  $x^3$  and  $x^4$  are carbon;

R1 is selected from:

5 A and B are independently  $-CH_2-$ , -O-,  $-N(R^2)-$ , or -C(=O)-;

 $A^1$  and  $B^1$  are independently -CH<sub>2</sub>- or -N(R<sup>3</sup>)-;

D is  $-N(R^2)$ -, -O-, -S-, -C(=O)- or  $-SO_2$ -;

E-F is 
$$-C(R^4) = C(R^5) -$$
,  $-N = C(R^4) -$ ,  $-C(R^4) = N -$ , or  $-C(R^4) \ge C(R^5) \ge -$ ;

- J, K, L and M are independently selected from  $-C(R^4)$ -,  $-C(R^5)- \text{ or } -N-, \text{ provided that at least one of J, K,}$ L and M is not -N-;
- R<sup>2</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  alkyl)carbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  20 alkylaminocarbonyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl,
  C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  alkyl)carbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  alkyl)-, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)carbonyl, arylcarbonyl,
  alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  25 alkyl)sulfonyl, heteroarylsulfonyl,
  heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)sulfonyl, aryloxycarbonyl,
- heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)sulfonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl, wherein said aryl groups are substituted with 0-2 substituents

selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy, halo,  $CF_3$ , and nitro;

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, or heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;

R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> are independently selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>, halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> alkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl or

alternatively, when substituents on adjacent atoms,

R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> can be taken together with the carbon
atoms to which they are attached to form a 5-7
membered carbocyclic or 5-7 membered heterocyclic
aromatic or non-aromatic ring system, said
carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring being optionally
substituted with 0-2 groups selected from: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>
alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, halo, cyano, amino, CF<sub>3</sub>, or
NO<sub>2</sub>;

# U is selected from:

- $-(CH_2)_{n}$ 
  - $-(CH_2)_n(CR^7=CR^8)(CH_2)_m-$
  - $-(CH_2)_{EQ}(CH_2)_{m}-,$
  - $-(CH_2)_mO(CH_2)_{m-}$
  - -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>N(R<sup>6</sup>)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-,
- $-(CH_2)_nC(=0)(CH_2)_{m-}$ , or
  - $-(CH_2)_nS(O)_p(CH_2)_m-;$

wherein one of the methylene groups is optionally substituted with  $R^7$ ;

Q is selected from 1,2-phenylene, 1,3-phenylene, 2,3-pyridinylene, 3,4-pyridinylene, or 2,4-pyridinylene;

- 5  $R^6$  is selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl, or benzyl;
- R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are independently selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, or heteroaryl(C<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;
- R<sup>9</sup> is selected from: H,  $CO_2R^{17}$ ,  $C(=O)R^{17}$ ,  $CONR^{17}R^{20}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{17}$ ,  $-SO_2NR^{17}R^{20}$ ,  $C_1$ -C<sub>6</sub> alkyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_3$ -C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_3$ -C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_4$ -C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ , aryl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-2  $R^{11}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ , or aryl( $C_1$ -C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)- substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-2  $R^{11}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ ;
- $R^{11}$  is selected from: H, halogen,  $CF_3$ , CN,  $NO_2$ , hydroxy,  $NR^2R^3$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , aryl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl) substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , ( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy)carbonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , ( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl)carbonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkylsulfonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , or  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkylaminosulfonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ ;

W is  $-C(=0)-N(R^{13})-(C(R^{12})_2)_{q}$ ;

30

X is  $-C(R^{12})(R^{14})-C(R^{12})(R^{15})-$ ;

35 alternatively, W and X can be taken together to be

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 $\mathbb{R}^{12}$  is H or  $\mathbb{C}_1$ - $\mathbb{C}_6$  alkyl;

 $R^{13}$  is selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkylmethyl, or aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;

R<sup>14</sup> is selected from:

H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylthioalkyl, aryl( $C_1$ - $C_{10}$ alkylthioalkyl)-,  $aryl(C_1-C_{10} alkoxyalkyl)$ -,  $C_1-C_{10}$ 

10 alkyl,  $C_1-C_{10}$  alkoxyalkyl,  $C_1-C_6$  hydroxyalkyl,  $C_2-C_{10}$  alkenyl,  $C_2-C_{10}$  alkynyl,  $C_3-C_{10}$  cycloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-,

heteroary1( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alky1)-, ary1, heteroary1,  $CO_2R^{17}$ ,

 $C(=0)R^{17}$ , or  $CONR^{17}R^{20}$ , provided that any of the 15 above alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl groups may be unsubstituted or substituted independently with  $0-1 R^{16}$  or  $0-2 R^{11}$ ;

R<sup>15</sup> is selected from: 20

> H,  $R^{16}$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkoxyalkyl,  $C_1-C_{10}$  alkylaminoalkyl,  $C_1-C_{10}$  dialkylaminoalkyl,  $C_1-C_{10}$  alkylcarbonyl, aryl( $C_0-C_6$  alkyl)carbonyl,  $C_2-C_{10}$  alkenyl,  $C_2-C_{10}$  alkynyl , $C_3-C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,

C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, 25 heteroaryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-, aryl, heteroaryl,  $CO_2R^{17}$ ,  $C (=0)R^{17}$ ,  $CONR^{17}R^{20}$ ,  $SO_2R^{17}$ , or  $SO_2NR^{17}R^{20}$ , provided that any of the above alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl groups may be unsubstituted or

substituted independently with 0-2 R11; 30

Y is selected from:  $-COR^{19}$ ,  $-SO_3H$ ,

R16 is selected from:

$$-N(R^{20})-C(=0)-O-R^{17}$$
,

$$-N(R^{20})-C(=0)-R^{17}$$

$$-N(R^{20})-C(=0)-NH-R^{17}$$
.

$$-N(R^{20})SO_2-R^{17}$$
, or

 $-N(R^{20})SO_2-NR^{20}R^{17}$ ;

10

15

5

R<sup>17</sup> is selected from:

 $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{11}$  cycloalkyl, aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-, ( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)aryl, heteroaryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-, ( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)heteroaryl, biaryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-, heteroaryl, or aryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with 0-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of:  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,

C1-C4 alkoxy, aryl, heteroaryl, halo, cyano, amino,

CF<sub>3</sub>, and NO<sub>2</sub>;

20

R<sup>18</sup> is selected from:

Н,

$$-C(=0)-0-R^{17}$$

$$-C(=0)-R^{17}$$

25  $-C(=0)-NH-R^{17}$ ,

 $-SO_2-R^{17}$ , or

-SO2-NR20R17;

 $R^{19}$  is selected from hydroxy,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyloxy,

30  $C_3-C_{11}$  cycloalkyloxy,  $C_6-C_{10}$  aryloxy,

 $C_7-C_{11}$  aralkyloxy,  $C_3-C_{10}$  alkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,

 $C_3-C_{10}$  alkoxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy.

 $C_2-C_{10}$  alkoxycarbonylalkyloxy,

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C5-C10 cycloalkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
C5-C10 cycloalkoxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
C5-C10 cycloalkoxycarbonylalkyloxy,
C7-C11 aryloxycarbonylalkyloxy,

C8-C12 aryloxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
C8-C12 arylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
C5-C10 alkoxyalkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
C5-C10 (5-alkyl-1.3-dioxa-cyclopenten-2-one-yl)methyloxy, C10-C14 (5-aryl-1.3-dioxa-cyclopenten-2-one-yl)methyloxy, or (R11)(R12)N-(C1-C10 alkoxyl-;

R20 selected from: H, C1-C6 alkyl, C3-C7 cycloalkyl, C4-
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R<sup>20</sup> selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, or heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;

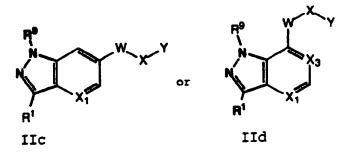
15

 $R^{21}$  is selected from COOH or  $NR^{6}_{2}$ ;

m is 0-4; n is 0-4; 20 t is 0-4; p is 0-2; q is 0-2; and r is 0-2.

25

8. A compound of Claim 6 of the Formula IIc or IId:



and pharmaceutically acceptable salt forms thereof, wherein:

 $X_1$  and  $X_3$  are independently selected from nitrogen or carbon;

R1 is selected from:

- wherein the above heterocycles are optionally substituted with 0-2 substituents selected from the group consisting of:  $NH_2$ , halogen,  $NO_2$ , CN,  $CF_3$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl, and  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl;
- U is  $-(CH_2)_n-$ ,  $-(CH_2)_tQ(CH_2)_m-$  or  $-C(=0)(CH_2)_{n-1}-$ , wherein one of the methylene groups is optionally substituted with  $R^7$ ;

Q is selected from 1,2-phenylene, 1,3-phenylene, 2,3-pyridinylene, 3,4-pyridinylene, or 2,4-pyridinylene;

- 5 R6 is selected from: H, C1-C4 alkyl, or benzyl;
  - R7 is selected from:  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl,  $C_4$ - $C_{11}$  cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl), heteroaryl, or heteroaryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl);
- 10  $R^9 \text{ is selected from: H, } -SO_2R^{17}, -SO_2NR^{17}R^{20}, C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl}$   $\text{substituted with } 0-1 \text{ } R^{15} \text{ or } 0-1 \text{ } R^{21}, C_3-C_7$   $\text{cycloalkyl substituted with } 0-1 \text{ } R^{15} \text{ or } 0-1 \text{ } R^{21},$   $C_4-C_{11} \text{ cycloalkylalkyl substituted with } 0-1 \text{ } R^{15} \text{ or }$   $0-1 \text{ } R^{21}, \text{ aryl substituted with } 0-1 \text{ } R^{15} \text{ or } 0-2 \text{ } R^{11} \text{ or }$   $0-1 \text{ } R^{21}, \text{ or aryl}(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-\text{ substituted with } 0-1$   $R^{15} \text{ or } 0-2 \text{ } R^{11} \text{ or } 0-1 \text{ } R^{21};$
- $R^{11}$  is selected from: H, halogen,  $CF_3$ , CN,  $NO_2$ , hydroxy,  $NR^2R^3$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , aryl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $aryl(C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl) substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $(C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy)carbonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $(C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl)carbonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkylsulfonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , or  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkylaminosulfonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ ;

W is  $-C(=0)-N(R^{13})-;$ 

30 X is  $-CH(R^{14})-CH(R^{15})-;$ 

 $R^{13}$  is H or  $CH_3$ :

R<sup>14</sup> is selected from:

35 H,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl, aryl, or heteroaryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are optionally

substituted with 0-3 substituents selected from the

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group consisting of: C_1-C_4 alkyl, C_1-C_4 alkoxy,
                  aryl, halo, cyano, amino, CF3, and NO2;
      \mathbb{R}^{15} is \mathbb{H} or \mathbb{R}^{16}:
  5
         Y is -COR^{19};
         R<sup>16</sup> is selected from:
10
                  -NH(R^{20})-C(=0)-O-R^{17}
                  -N(R^{20})-C(=0)-R^{17}
                  -N(R^{20})-C(=0)-NH-R^{17}
                  -N(R^{20})SO_2-R^{17}, or
                  -N(R^{20})SO_2-N(R^{20})R^{17};
15
        \mathbb{R}^{17} is selected from:
                  C_1-C_{10} alkyl, C_3-C_{11} cycloalkyl, aryl(C_1-C_6 alkyl)-,
                  (C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl}) aryl, heteroaryl(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-, (C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-
                  alkyl)heteroaryl, biaryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-, heteroaryl,
                  or aryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are
20
                  optionally substituted with 0-3 substituents
                  selected from the group consisting of: C1-C4 alkyl,
                  C1-C4 alkoxy, aryl, heteroaryl, halo, cyano, amino,
                  CF_3, and NO_2;
25
        R19
                  is selected from:
                  hydroxy, C_1-C_{10} alkoxy,
                  methylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                  ethylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
30
                  t-butylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                  cyclohexylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                  1-(methylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                  1-(ethylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                  1-(t-butylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
35
                  1-(cyclohexylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                  i-propyloxycarbonyloxymethoxy-,
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t-butyloxycarbonyloxymethoxy-,

1-(i-propyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,

1-(cyclohexyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,

1-(t-butyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,

5 dimethylaminoethoxy-,

diethylaminoethoxy-,

(5-methyl-1,3-dioxacyclopenten-2-on-4-yl)methoxy-,

(5-(t-butyl)-1,3-dioxacyclopenten-2-on-4-yl)methoxy-,

10 (1,3-dioxa-5-phenyl-cyclopenten-2-on-4-yl)methoxy-,
or

1-(2-(2-methoxypropyl)carbonyloxy)ethoxy-;

R<sup>20</sup> is H or CH<sub>3</sub>;

15

 $R^{21}$  is selected from COOH or  $NR^{6}_{2}$ ; and

m is 0 or 1;

n is 1-4; and

20 t is 0 or 1.

9. A compound of Claim 6 of the Formula IIc or IId:

25

and pharmaceutically acceptable salt forms thereof,

30 wherein:

 $X_1$  and  $X_3$  are independently selected from nitrogen or carbon, provided that at least one of  $X_1$  and  $X_3$  is carbon;

5 R1 is selected from:

10

15

20

wherein the above heterocycles are optionally substituted with 0-2 substituents selected from the group consisting of:  $NH_2$ , halogen,  $NO_2$ , CN,  $CF_3$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl, and  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl:

U is  $-(CH_2)_{n^-}$ ,  $-(CH_2)_tQ(CH_2)_{m^-}$  or  $-C(=O)(CH_2)_{n-1}$ , wherein one of the methylene groups is optionally substituted with  $\mathbb{R}^7$ ;

Q is selected from 1,2-phenylene, 1,3-phenylene, 2,3-pyridinylene, 3,4-pyridinylene, or 2,4-pyridinylene;

 $R^6$  is selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl, or benzyl;

R7 is selected from: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl), heteroaryl, or heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl);

- 5 R9 is selected from: H,  $-SO_2R^{17}$ ,  $-SO_2NR^{17}R^{20}$ ,  $C_1$ -C6 alkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>,  $C_3$ -C7 cycloalkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>,  $C_4$ -C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-2 R<sup>11</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, or aryl( $C_1$ -C6 alkyl) substituted with 0-1 R<sup>15</sup> or 0-2 R<sup>11</sup> or 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>;
- R<sup>11</sup> is selected from H, halogen, CF<sub>3</sub>, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, hydroxy, NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>

  alkoxy substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)- substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy) carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl) carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylaminosulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>; W is -C(=0)-N(R<sup>13</sup>)-;

W is  $-C(=0)-N(R^{13})-;$ 

25 X is  $-CH(R^{14})-CH(R^{15})-$ ;

 $R^{13}$  is H or  $CH_3$ :

R<sup>14</sup> is selected from:

30 H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, aryl, or heteroaryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with 0-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, aryl, halo, cyano, amino, CF<sub>3</sub>, and NO<sub>2</sub>;

R<sup>15</sup> is H or R<sup>16</sup>;

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Y is -COR<sup>19</sup>:
     R<sup>16</sup> is selected from:
 5
           -N(R^{20})-C(=0)-O-R^{17}
           -N(R^{20})-C(=0)-R^{17}
           -N(R^{20})-C(=0)-NH-R^{17}
           -N(R^{20})SO_2-R^{17}, or
           -N(R^{20})SO_2-NR^{20}R^{17};
10
     R<sup>17</sup> is selected from:
           C_1-C_{10} alkyl, C_3-C_{11} cycloalkyl, aryl(C_1-C_6 alkyl)-,
            (C1-C6 alkyl)aryl, heteroaryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-,
           (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)heteroaryl, biaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-,
15
           heteroaryl, or aryl, wherein said aryl or
           heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with
           0-3 substituents selected from the group consisting
           of: C_1-C_4 alkyl, C_1-C_4 alkoxy, aryl, heteroaryl,
           halo, cyano, amino, CF3, and NO2;
20
     R<sup>19</sup> is selected from:
           hydroxy, C_1-C_{10} alkoxy,
           methylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
           ethylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
25
           t-butylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
           cyclohexylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
           1- (methylcarbonyloxy) ethoxy-,
           1-(ethylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
           1-(t-butylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
30
           1-(cyclohexylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
           i-propyloxycarbonyloxymethoxy-,
           t-butyloxycarbonyloxymethoxy-,
           1-(i-propyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
           1-(cyclohexyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
35
           1-(t-butyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
           dimethylaminoethoxy-,
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PCT/US96/20523 WO 97/23480

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diethylaminoethoxy-,
          (5-methyl-1,3-dioxacyclopenten-2-on-4-yl)methoxy-,
          (5-(t-butyl)-1,3-dioxacyclopenten-2-on-4-
               y1) methoxy-,
5
          (1,3-dioxa-5-phenyl-cyclopenten-2-on-4-yl)methoxy-,
          1-(2-(2-methoxypropyl)carbonyloxy)ethoxy-;
    R<sup>20</sup> is H or CH<sub>3</sub>;
10
    \mathbb{R}^{21} is selected from COOH or \mathbb{NR}^{6}_{2}; and
          is 0 or 1;
          is 1-4; and
    n
15
          is 0 or 1.
               A compound of Claim 6 of Formula Ib and
    enantiomeric or diasteriomeric forms thereof, and
    mixtures of enantiomeric or diasteriomeric forms
20
    thereof, and pharmaceutically acceptable salt forms
     thereof, selected from the group consisting of:
          3-[3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-6-
                ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-
25
                propionic acid,
          3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]-
                indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino}-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-
                benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
          3-[3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-6-
30
                ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzenesulfonylamino)
                propionic acid,
          3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]-
                indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dichloro-
                benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
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	3-[3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-6-
	ylcarbonylamino}-2-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-
	ylsulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]-
5	indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-6-
	ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-phenyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
10	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(4-phenylbenzene
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	<pre>3-(3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-</pre>
	indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxy-
15	carbonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)-
	<pre>propyl]indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-</pre>
	trimethylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
20	indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino)-2-(benzenesulfonyl
	amino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)-
	<pre>propyl]indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-</pre>
	dichlorobenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
25	3-[3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethyl-
	isoxazol-4-ylsulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)-
	<pre>propyl]indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-</pre>
30	dimethylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-
	phenylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	<pre>3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)-</pre>
35	<pre>propyl]-indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(4-</pre>
	phenylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,

	3-[3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-6-yl-
	<pre>carbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-</pre>
	propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]-
5	indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-6-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(benzenesulfonylamino)-
	propionic acid,
10	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dichloro-
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-6-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-
15	ylsulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-6-yl-
20	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-phenyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(4-phenylbenzene-
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
25	3-[3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-6-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-
	propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-
	6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-trimethylbenzene-
30	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-6-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(benzenesulfonylamino)-
	propionic acid,
	3-{1-methyl-3-{3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl}indazol-
35	6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dichlorobenzene-
	aul famulamina) propionic acid

	3-[3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-6-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-
	ylsulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-
5	6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethylbenzene-
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-6-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-phenyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
10	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-
	6-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(4-phenylbenzenesulfonyl-
	amino)propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-7-
	ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-
15	propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-
	trimethylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-7-
20	<pre>ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzenesulfonylamino)</pre>
	propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dichloro-
	benzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
25	3-[3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-7-
	<pre>ylcarbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-</pre>
	ylsulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	<pre>indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino)-2-(2,6-dimethyl-</pre>
30	benzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-7-
	<pre>ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-phenyl-</pre>
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazolin-2-ylamino)propyl]-
35	indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(4-phenylbenzene-
	sulfonylamino)propionic acid

	3-[3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxy-
	carbonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)-
5	<pre>propyl]indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-</pre>
	trimethylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(benzenesulfonyl-
	amino) propionic acid,
10	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)-
	<pre>propyl]indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-</pre>
	dichlorobenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	<pre>3-[3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-</pre>
	indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethyl-
15	isoxazol-4-ylsulfonylamino)propionic acid.
	<pre>3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)-</pre>
	<pre>propy1]indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-</pre>
	dimethylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	<pre>3-[3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)propyl]-</pre>
20	indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-
	phenylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	<pre>3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(tetrahydropyrimid-2-ylamino)-</pre>
	<pre>propy1]indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(4-</pre>
	phenylbenzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid.
25	3-[3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-7-yl-
	<pre>carbonylamino)-2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-</pre>
	propionic acid,
•	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-
30	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-7-yl-
	<pre>carbonylamino]-2-(benzenesulfonylamino)-</pre>
	propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]-
35	indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dichloro-
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid,

	3-[3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-7-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-
	ylsulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]-
5	indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-7-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-phenyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid,
10	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(imidazol-2-ylamino)propyl]-
	indazol-7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(4-phenylbenzene-
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-7-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-
15	propionic acid,
	3-{1-methyl-3-{3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl}indazol-
	7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(2,4,6-trimethylbenzene-
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-{3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl}indazol-7-yl-
20	<pre>carbonylamino]-2-(benzenesulfonylamino)-</pre>
	propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-
	7-ylcarbonylamino}-2-(2,6-dichlorobenzene-
	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
25	3-[3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-7-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-
	ylsulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-
	7-ylcarbonylamino}-2-(2,6-dimethylbenzene-
30	sulfonylamino) propionic acid,
	3-[3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-7-yl-
	carbonylamino]-2-(2,6-dimethyl-4-phenyl-
	benzenesulfonylamino) propionic acid, and
	3-[1-methyl-3-[3-(pyridin-2-ylamino)propyl]indazol-
35	7-ylcarbonylamino]-2-(4-phenylbenzenesulfonyl-
	amino) propionic acid:

and ester forms thereof, said esters being chosen from the group consisting of:

methyl,

5 ethyl,

isopropyl,

n-butyl,

isobutyl,

benzyl,

10 methylcarbonyloxymethyl,

ethylcarbonyloxymethyl,

tert-butylcarbonyloxymethyl,

cyclchexylcarbonyloxymethyl,

tert-butyloxycarbonyloxymethyl,

dimethylaminoethyl, and

diethylaminoethyl.

## 11. A compound of Formula Ic:

20

15

Ic

and pharmaceutically acceptable salt forms thereof, wherein:

 $X^1$ ,  $X^2$ ,  $X^3$ , and  $X^4$  are independently selected from nitrogen or carbon provided that at least two of  $X^1$ ,  $X^2$ ,  $X^3$  and  $X^4$  are carbon;

30

R1 is selected from:

- A and B are independently  $-CH_2$ -, -O-,  $-N(R^2)$ -, or -C(=O)-;
  - $A^1$  and  $B^1$  are independently -CH<sub>2</sub>- or -N(R<sup>3</sup>)-;
  - D is  $-N(R^2)$ -, -O-, -S-, -C(=0)- or -SO<sub>2</sub>-;

- E-F is  $-C(R^4)=C(R^5)-$ ,  $-N=C(R^4)-$ ,  $-C(R^4)=N-$ , or  $-C(R^4)_2C(R^5)_2-$ ;
- J, K, L and M are independently selected from  $-C(R^4)$ -,  $-C(R^5)$  or -N-, provided that at least one of J, K,
  L and M is not -N-;
- R<sup>2</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)carbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)aminocarbonyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)carbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl, aryl C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>

alkyl)carbonyl, or arylcarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
alkyl)sulfonyl, heteroarylsulfonyl,
heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)sulfonyl, aryloxycarbonyl,
or aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl, wherein said aryl
groups are substituted with 0-2 substituents
selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl,
C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, halo, CF<sub>3</sub>, and nitro;

10 R³ is selected from: H, C¹-C₆ alkyl, C³-C७ cycloalkyl, C⁴-C¹¹ cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C¹-C₆ alkyl)-, or heteroaryl(C¹-C₆ alkyl)-;

R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> are independently selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>

alkoxy, NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>, halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl,

C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub>

cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>

alkyl)carbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl,

arylcarbonyl, or

20

25

alternatively, when substituents on adjacent atoms,  $R^4$  and  $R^5$  can be taken together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached to form a 5-7 membered carbocyclic or 5-7 membered heterocyclic aromatic or non-aromatic ring system, said carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring being optionally substituted with 0-2 groups selected from:  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy, halo, cyano, amino,  $CF_3$ , or  $NO_2$ ;

30

U is selected from:

- $-(CH_2)_{n}-$ ,
- $-(CH_2)_n(CR^7 \pm CR^8)(CH_2)_m$
- -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>(C=C)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-
- 35  $-(CH_2)_tQ(CH_2)_{m}$

```
 \begin{array}{l} - (\text{CH}_2)_{\,n} O(\text{CH}_2)_{\,m^-}, \\ \\ - (\text{CH}_2)_{\,n} N(\text{R}^6) \, (\text{CH}_2)_{\,m^-}, \\ \\ - (\text{CH}_2)_{\,n} C(=0) \, (\text{CH}_2)_{\,m^-}, \\ \\ - (\text{CH}_2)_{\,n} (\text{C}=0) \, N(\text{R}^6) \, (\text{CH}_2)_{\,m^-}, \\ \\ \hline \\ - (\text{CH}_2)_{\,n} N(\text{R}^6) \, (\text{C}=0) \, (\text{CH}_2)_{\,m^-}, \\ \\ - (\text{CH}_2)_{\,n} S(\text{O})_{\,p} \, (\text{CH}_2)_{\,m^-}; \\ \\ \text{wherein one of the methylene groups is optionally substituted with $R^7$;} \end{array}
```

- Q is selected from 1,2-cycloalkylene, 1,2-phenylene, 1,3-phenylene, 1,4-phenylene, 2,3-pyridinylene, 3,4-pyridinylene, 2,4-pyridinylene, or 3,4-pyridazinylene;
- 15  $R^6$  is selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl, or benzyl;
- $R^7$  and  $R^8$  are independently selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl,  $C_4$ - $C_{11}$  cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-, or heteroaryl( $C_0$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-;
- $R^9$  is selected from: H,  $CO_2R^{17}$ ,  $C(=0)R^{17}$ ,  $CONR^{17}R^{20}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{17}$ ,  $-SO_2NR^{17}R^{20}$ ,  $C_1-C_6$  alkyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_3-C_6$  alkenyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_3-C_7$  cycloalkyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_4-C_{11}$  cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ , aryl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-2  $R^{11}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ , or aryl( $C_1-C_6$  alkyl) substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-2  $R^{11}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ :
- $R^{11}$  is selected from H, halogen,  $CF_3$ , CN,  $NO_2$ , hydroxy,  $NR^2R^3$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , aryl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl) substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , ( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy) carbonyl substituted with 0-1

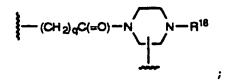
 $R^{21}$ , (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)carbonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ , or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylaminosulfonyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{21}$ ;

5 W is selected from:  $-(C(R^{12})_2)_qC(=0)N(R^{13})-$ , or  $-C(=0)-N(R^{13})-(C(R^{12})_2)_q-$ ;

10

X is  $-C(R^{12})(R^{14})-C(R^{12})(R^{15})$ ; or

alternatively, W and X can be taken together to be



- 15  $R^{12}$  is selected from: H, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl,  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl,  $C_4$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkylalkyl,  $(C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl)carbonyl, aryl, or aryl $(C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-;
- 20 R<sup>13</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkylmethyl, or aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-
  - R<sup>14</sup> is selected from:

H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthio(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>

alkylthioalkyl)-, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl)-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>

alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> hydroxyalkyl,

C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl,

C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-,

heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, aryl, heteroaryl, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>,

C(=O)R<sup>17</sup>, or CONR<sup>17</sup>R<sup>20</sup>, provided that any of the

above alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl groups

may be unsubstituted or substituted independently

with 0-1 R<sup>16</sup> or 0-2 R<sup>11</sup>;

R15 is selected from:

H, R<sup>16</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl,

C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkylaminoalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> dialkylaminoalkyl,

(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl)carbonyl, aryl(C<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)carbonyl,

C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl,

C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-,

heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, aryl, heteroaryl, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>,

C(=0)R<sup>17</sup>, CONR<sup>17</sup>R<sup>20</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>, or SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>17</sup>R<sup>20</sup>, provided

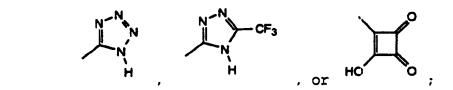
that any of the above alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl or

heteroaryl groups may be unsubstituted or

substituted independently with 0-2 R<sup>11</sup>.

#### Y is selected from:

15 -COR<sup>19</sup>, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -PO<sub>3</sub>H, tetrazolyl, -CONENHSO<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, -CONHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>, -CONHSO<sub>2</sub>NHR<sup>17</sup>, -NHCOCF<sub>3</sub>, -NHCONHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>, -NHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>, -OPO<sub>3</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, -OSO<sub>3</sub>H, -PO<sub>3</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -SO<sub>2</sub>NHCOR<sup>17</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>NHCO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>,



R<sup>16</sup> is selected from:

20

 $-N(R^{20})-C(=0)-O-R^{17}$ ,

 $-N(R^{20})-C(=0)-R^{17}$ 

25  $-N(R^{20})-C(=0)-NH-R^{17}$ ,

 $-N(R^{20})SO_2-R^{17}$ , or

 $-N(R^{20})SO_2-NR^{20}R^{17}$ ;

#### R<sup>17</sup> is selected from:

30 C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)aryl, heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)heteroaryl, biaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-. heteroaryl, or aryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are

```
optionally substituted with 0-3 substituents
             selected from the group consisting of: C1-C4 alkyl,
            C1-C4 alkoxy, aryl, heteroaryl, halo, cyano, amino,
            CF3, and NC2;
 5
      Rld is selected from:
            H.
             -C(=0)-0-R^{17}
             -C(=0)-R^{17}
             -C(=0)-NH-R^{17}.
10
             -SO_2-R^{17}, or
             -SO_2-NR^{20}R^{17};
      R19
             is selected from hydroxy, C_1-C_{10} alkyloxy,
             C_3-C_{11} cycloalkyloxy, aryloxy, aryl(C_1-C_6 alkoxy)-,
15
             C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>
             alkoxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
             C_2-C_{10} alkoxycarbonylalkyloxy,
             C_5-C_{10} cycloalkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
             C5-C10 cycloalkoxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy.
 20
             C5-C10 cycloalkoxycarbonylalkyloxy.
             C7-C11 aryloxycarbonylalkyloxy,
             C_8-C_{12} aryloxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
             C8-C12 arylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
             C5-C10 alkoxyalkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
 25
             C5-C10 (5-alkyl-1,3-dioxa-cyclopenten-2-one-
             yl)methyloxy, C<sub>10</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> (5-aryl-1,3-dioxa-cyclopenten-
             2-one-yl) methyloxy, or (R^{11})(R^{12})N-(C_1-C_{10} \text{ alkoxy})-;
      R<sup>20</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl,
 30
             C_4-C_{11} cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C_1-C_6 alkyl)-, or
             heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;
       R<sup>21</sup> is selected from COOH or NR<sup>6</sup>2;
. 35
             is 0-4;
       m
```

n is 0-4;

p is 0-2;

q is 0-2; and

r is 0-2;

5

with the following provisos:

- (1) t, n, m and q are chosen such that the number of atoms connecting  $R^1$  and Y is in the range of 10-14; and
- 10 (2) n and m are chosen such that the value of n plus m is greater than one unless U is  $-(CH_2)_{\,\,U}Q(CH_2)_{\,m}-.$
- 15 12. A compound of Claim 11 of the Formula Ic:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & X^4 & R^{11} \\
 & X^3 & X^3 \\
 & X^2 & X^3
\end{array}$$
Ic

- 20 and pharmaceutically acceptable salt forms thereof wherein:
- $X^1$ ,  $X^2$ ,  $X^3$ , and  $X^4$  are independently selected from nitrogen or carbon provided that at least two of  $X^1$ ,  $X^2$ ,  $X^3$  and  $X^4$  are carbon;

R1 is selected from:

5 A and B are independently -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -O-, -N( $\mathbb{R}^2$ )-, or -C(=O)-;

 $A^1$  and  $B^1$  are independently  $-CH_2$ - or  $-N(R^3)$ -;

D is  $-N(R^2)$ -, -O-, -S-, -C(=O)- or  $-SO_2$ -;

10

E-F is  $-C(R^4) = C(R^5) -$ ,  $-N = C(R^4) -$ ,  $-C(R^4) = N -$ , or  $-C(R^4) = C(R^5) = C(R^5)$ 

- J, K, L and M are independently selected from:  $-C(R^4)$ -,  $-C(R^5)$  or -N-, provided that at least one of J, K, L and M is not -N-;
- R<sup>2</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  alkyl)carbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  20 alkylaminocarbonyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl,
  C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  alkyl)carbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  alkyl)-, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)carbonyl, arylcarbonyl,
  alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>
  25 alkyl)sulfonyl, heteroarylsulfonyl,
  heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)sulfonyl, aryloxycarbonyl,
  aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl, wherein said aryl
  groups are substituted with 0-2 substituents

selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy, halo,  $CF_3$ , and nitro;

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl,

C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, or

heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;

R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> are independently selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>, halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>1</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> alkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl or

alternatively, when substituents on adjacent atoms,

R4 and R5 can be taken together with the carbon
atoms to which they are attached to form a 5-7
membered carbocyclic or 5-7 membered heterocyclic
aromatic or non-aromatic ring system, said
carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring being optionally
substituted with 0-2 groups selected from: C1-C4
alkyl, C1-C4 alkoxy, halo, cyano, amino, CF3, or
NO2;

### U is selected from:

- $-(CH_2)_{n}-$ 
  - $-(CH_2)_n(CR^7=CR^8)(CH_2)_m-$
  - $-(CH_2)_{t}Q(CH_2)_{m}-,$
  - $-(CH_2)_mO(CH_2)_{m-}$
  - $-(CH_2)_mN(R^6)(CH_2)_{m^-}$
- $-(CH_2)_nC(=0)(CH_2)_{m^-}$ , or
  - $-(CH_2)_nS(O)_p(CH_2)_{m^-};$

wherein one of the methylene groups is optionally substituted with  $R^7$ ;

Q is selected from 1,2-phenylene, 1,3-phenylene, 2,3-pyridinylene, 3,4-pyridinylene, or 2,4-pyridinylene;

- 5 R<sup>6</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or benzyl;
- $R^7$  and  $R^8$  are independently selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl,  $C_4$ - $C_{11}$  cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-, or heteroaryl( $C_0$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-,
- R<sup>9</sup> is selected from: H,  $CO_2R^{17}$ ,  $C(=O)R^{17}$ ,  $CONR^{17}R^{20}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{17}$ ,  $-SO_2NR^{17}R^{20}$ ,  $C_1$ -C<sub>6</sub> alkyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_3$ -C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_3$ -C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_4$ -C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ , aryl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-2  $R^{11}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ , or aryl( $C_1$ -C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)- substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-2  $R^{11}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ ;
- R<sup>11</sup> is selected from: H, halogen, CF<sub>3</sub>, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, hydroxy, NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylaminosulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>;

30 W is  $-C(=0)-N(R^{13})-(C(R^{12})_2)_{q}$ ;

X is  $-C(R^{12})(R^{14})-C(R^{12})(R^{15})-$ ;

35 alternatively, W and X can be taken together to be

R12 is H or C1-C6 alkyl;

5 R<sup>13</sup> is selected from: H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkylmethyl, or aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-;

R14 is selected from:

H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylthioalkyl, aryl( $C_1$ - $C_{10}$ 

- alkylthioalkyl)-, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl)-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl)-, aryl, heteroaryl, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>17</sup>,
- 15  $C(=0)R^{17}$ , or  $CONR^{17}R^{20}$ , provided that any of the above alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl groups may be unsubstituted or substituted independently with 0-1  $R^{16}$  or 0-2  $R^{11}$ ;
- 20 R<sup>15</sup> is selected from:

H,  $R^{16}$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkoxyalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylaminoalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylaminoalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylcarbonyl, aryl( $C_0$ - $C_6$  alkyl)carbonyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkynyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,

- C3-C10 cycloalkylalkyl, aryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-, heteroaryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-, aryl, heteroaryl,  $CO_2R^{17}$ ,  $C(=O)R^{17}$ ,  $CONR^{17}R^{20}$ ,  $SO_2R^{17}$ , or  $SO_2NR^{17}R^{20}$ , provided that any of the above alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl groups may be unsubstituted or substituted independently with 0-2  $R^{11}$ ;
  - Y is selected from: -COR<sup>19</sup>, -SO<sub>3</sub>H,

R<sup>16</sup> is selected from:

$$-N(R^{20})-C(=0)-O-R^{17},$$

 $-N(R^{20})-C(=0)-R^{17}$ ,

 $-N(R^{20})-C(=0)-NH-R^{17}$ ,

 $-N(R^{20})SO_2-R^{17}$ , or

 $-N(R^{20})SO_2-NR^{20}R^{17};$ 

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15

R<sup>17</sup> is selected from:

 $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{11}$  cycloalkyl, aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-, ( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)aryl, heteroaryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-, heteroaryl, biaryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-, heteroaryl, or aryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with 0-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of:  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy, aryl, heteroaryl, halo,cyano, amino,

20

ž.

R<sup>18</sup> is selected from:

Η,

 $-C(=0)-O-R^{17}$ 

CF<sub>3</sub>, and NO<sub>2</sub>;

 $-C(=0)-R^{17}$ ,

 $-C(=0)-NH-R^{17}$ 

 $-SO_2-R^{17}$ , or

-SO2-NR<sup>20</sup>R<sup>17</sup>;

R19 is selected from: hydroxy, C1-C10 alkyloxy,

30  $C_3-C_{11}$  cycloalkyloxy,  $C_6-C_{10}$  aryloxy,

C7-C11 aralkyloxy, C3-C10 alkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,

C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy.

 $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkoxycarbonylalkyloxy,

```
C5-C10 cycloalkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
C5-C10 cycloalkoxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
C5-C10 cycloalkoxycarbonylalkyloxy,
C7-C11 aryloxycarbonylalkyloxy,
C7-C11 aryloxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
C8-C12 aryloxycarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
C8-C12 arylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
C5-C10 alkoxyalkylcarbonyloxyalkyloxy,
C5-C10 (5-alkyl-1,3-dioxa-cyclopenten-2-one-
yl)methyloxy, C10-C14 (5-aryl-1,3-dioxa-cyclopenten-
2-one-yl)methyloxy, or (R<sup>11</sup>)(R<sup>12</sup>)N-(C1-C10 alkoxy)-;

R<sup>20</sup> selected from: H, C1-C6 alkyl, C3-C7 cycloalkyl, C4-
C11 cycloalkylalkyl, aryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-, or
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 $C_{11}$  cycloalkylalkyl, aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-, or heteroaryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)-;

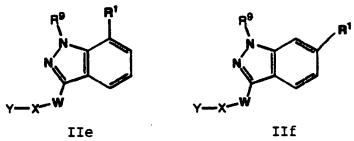
15

 $R^{21}$  is selected from COOH or  $NR^{6}_{2}$ ;

m is 0-4; n is 0-4; 20 t is 0-4; p is 0-2; q is 0-2; and r is 0-2.

25

13. A compound of Claim 11 of the Formula IIe or IIf:



and pharmaceutically acceptable salt forms thereof, wherein:

R1 is selected from:

5

wherein the above heterocycles are optionally substituted with 0-2 substituents selected from the group consisting of: NH<sub>2</sub>, halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, and C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl;

10

15

U is  $-(CH_2)_{n-}$ ,  $-(CH_2)_{t}Q(CH_2)_{m-}$  or  $-C(=0)(CH_2)_{n-1-}$ , wherein one of the methylene groups is optionally substituted with  $R^7$ ;

Q is selected from 1,2-phenylene, 1,3-phenylene, 2,3-pyridinylene, 3,4-pyridinylene, or 2,4-pyridinylene;

 $R^6$  is selected from: H,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl, or benzyl;

R7 is selected from:  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl,  $C_4$ - $C_{11}$  cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl), heteroaryl, or heteroaryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl);

- $R^9$  is selected from: H,  $-SO_2R^{17}$ ,  $-SO_2NR^{17}R^{20}$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_3$ - $C_7$  cycloalkyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ ,  $C_4$ - $C_{11}$  cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ , aryl substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-2  $R^{11}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ , or aryl( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl)- substituted with 0-1  $R^{15}$  or 0-2  $R^{11}$  or 0-1  $R^{21}$ :
- 15 R<sup>11</sup> is selected from H, halogen, CF<sub>3</sub>, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, hydroxy, NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy)carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylaminosulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>;

W is  $-C(\approx O) - N(R^{13}) -$ ; 25 X is  $-CH(R^{14}) - CH(R^{15}) -$ ;  $R^{13}$  is H or  $CH_3$ ;

5

30 R<sup>14</sup> is selected from:

H,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl, aryl, or heteroaryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with 0-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of:  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy,

aryl, halo, cyano, amino, CF3, and NO2;

```
R15 is H or R16;
       Y is -COR^{19};
 5
       R15 is selected from:
                 -NH(R^{20})-C(=0)-O-R^{17}
                 -N(R^{20})-C(=0)-R^{17}
                 -N(R^{20})-C(=0)-NH-R^{17},
                 -N(R^{20})SO_2-R^{17}, or
10
                 -N(R^{20})SO_2-N(R^{20})R^{17};
        R<sup>17</sup> is selected from:
                 C_1-C_{10} alkyl, C_3-C_{11} cycloalkyl, aryl(C_1-C_6 alkyl)-,
                 (C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl}) aryl, heteroaryl(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-, (C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-
15
                 alkyl)heteroaryl, biaryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-, heteroaryl,
                 or aryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are
                 optionally substituted with 0-3 substituents
                 selected from the group consisting of: C1-C4 alkyl,
                 C_1-C_4 alkoxy, aryl, heteroaryl, halo, cyano, amino,
20
                 CF3, and NO2;
        R19
                 is selected from:
                 hydroxy, C_1-C_{10} alkoxy,
                 methylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
25
                  ethylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                  t-butylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                  cyclohexylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                  1-(methylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                  1-(ethylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
30
                  1-(t-butylcarbonyloxy) ethoxy-,
                  1-(cyclohexylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                  i-propyloxycarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                  r-butyloxycarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                  1-(i-propyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
35
                  1-(cyclohexyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
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1-(t-butyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
        dimethylaminoethoxy-,
        diethylaminoethoxy-,
        (5-methyl-1,3-dioxacyclopenten-2-on-4-yl)methoxy-,
5
         (5-(t-butyl)-1,3-dioxacyclopenten-2-on-4-
              yl) methoxy-,
         (1,3-dioxa-5-phenyl-cyclopenten-2-on-4-yl)methoxy-,
              or
        1-(2-(2-methoxypropyl)carbonyloxy)ethoxy-;
```

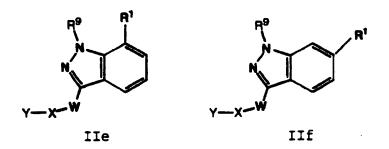
10

 $R^{20}$  is H or  $CH_3$ ;

 $R^{21}$  is selected from COOH or  $NR^{6}_{2}$ ; and

15 is 0 or 1;  $\pi$ is 1-4; and n is 0 or 1. t.

20 14. A compound of Claim 11 of the Formula IIe or IIf:



25

and pharmaceutically acceptable salt forms thereof, wherein:

R1 is selected from:

5

wherein the above heterocycles are optionally substituted with 0-2 substituents selected from the group consisting of: NH<sub>2</sub>, halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, and C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl:

- 10 U is  $-(CH_2)_{n^+}$ ,  $-(CH_2)_tQ(CH_2)_{m^+}$  or  $-C(=0)(CH_2)_{n-1^-}$ , wherein one of the methylene groups is optionally substituted with  $\mathbb{R}^7$ ;
- Q is selected from 1,2-phenylene, 1,3-phenylene, 2,3pyridinylene, 3,4-pyridinylene, or 2,4pyridinylene;

R6 selected from: H, C1-C4 alkyl, or benzyl;

20 R7 is selected from C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>11</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl), heteroaryl, or heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl);

```
R^9 is selected from: H, -SO_2R^{17}, -SO_2NR^{17}R^{20}, C_1-C_6 alkyl substituted with 0-1 R^{15} or 0-1 R^{21}, C_3-C_7 cycloalkyl substituted with 0-1 R^{15} or (-1 R^{21}), C_4-C_{11} cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0-1 R^{15} or 0-1 R^{21}, aryl substituted with 0-1 R^{15} or 0-2 R^{11} or 0-1 R^{21}, or aryl (C_1-C_6 alkyl) - substituted with 0-1 R^{15} or 0-2 R^{11} or 0-1 R^{21};
```

NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, aryl (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) - substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy) carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl) carbonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylaminosulfonyl substituted with 0-1 R<sup>21</sup>; w is -C(=0)-N(R<sup>13</sup>)-;

W is  $-C(=0)-N(R^{13})-$ ; 20 X is  $-CH(R^{14})-CH(R^{15})-$ ;

R<sup>13</sup> is H or CH<sub>3</sub>;

25 R<sup>14</sup> is selected from:

H,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl, aryl, or heteroaryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with 0-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of:  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy, aryl, halo, cyano, amino,  $CF_3$ , and  $NO_2$ ;

R<sup>15</sup> is H or R<sup>16</sup>;

Y is -COR<sup>19</sup>;

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WO 97/23480

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R16 is selected from:
                 -NH(R^{20})-C(=0)-O-R^{17},
                 -N(R^{20})-C(=0)-R^{17}
                 -N(R^{20})-C(=0)-NH-R^{17},
                 -N(R^{20})SO_2-R^{17}, or
 5
                 -N(R^{20})SO_2-NR^{20}R^{17};
       R<sup>17</sup> is selected from:
                 C_1-C_{10} alkyl, C_3-C_{11} cycloalkyl, aryl(C_1-C_6 alkyl)-,
                 (C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl}) aryl, heteroaryl(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-, (C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})-
10
                 alkyl)heteroaryl, biaryl(C1-C6 alkyl)-, heteroaryl,
                 or aryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl groups are
                 optionally substituted with 0-3 substituents
                 selected from the group consisting of: C1-C4 alkyl,
                 C1-C4 alkoxy, aryl, heteroaryl, halo, cyano, amino,
15
                 CF3, and NO2;
        R<sup>19</sup> is selected from:
                 hydroxy, C_1-C_{10} alkoxy,
                 methylcarbonyloxymethoxy-.
20
                 ethylcarbonyloxymethoxy-.
                  t-butylcarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                 cyclohexylcarbonyloxymethoxy-.
                  1- (methylcarbonyloxy) ethoxy-,
                  1-(ethylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
25
                  1-(t-butylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                  1-(cyclohexylcarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                  i-propyloxycarbonyloxymethoxy-.
                  t-butyloxycarbonyloxymethoxy-,
                  1-(i-propyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
30
                  1-(cyclohexyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                  1-(t-butyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy-,
                  dimethylaminoethoxy-.
                  diethylaminoethoxy-,
                  (5-methyl-1,3-dioxacyclopenten-2-on-4-yl)methoxy-,
```

- 15. A method for the treatment of cancer metastasis, diabetic retinopathy, neovascular glaucoma, thrombosis, restenosis, osteoporosis, or macular degeneration which comprises administering to a host in need of such treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 1-14.
- 16. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a compound of Claim 1-14.

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Inte nal Application No PCT/US 96/20523

A. CLASSI IPC 6	FICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER C07D403/12 A61K31/415 C07D40 C07D413/14 C07D417/14	1/12 C07D405/14 C07D	409/14
According to	o international Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national cl	essification and IPC	
B. FIELDS	SEARCHED		
Minimum de IPC 6	ocumentation searched (classification system followed by classification sy	ication symbols)	
Documentat	tion searched other than minimum documentation to the extent t	hat such documents are included in the fields s	searched .
Electronic d	data base consulted during the international search (name of data	base and, where practical, search terms used)	·
C. DOCUM	MENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category *	1	he relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 94 18981 A (MERCK & CO INC DAVID ALAN (US); BALDWIN JOHN 1 September 1994 see page 112 - page 114; claim see page 28, line 21 - line 24	) (US); LIV)	1-15
A	WO 95 14683 A (DU PONT MERCK PHARMA) 1 June 1995 see page 283 - page 289; claim 1 see page 7, line 3 - line 9		1-15
A	EP 0 655 439 A (LILLY CO ELI) cited in the application see page 116 - page 117; claim see page 2, line 23 - line 26		1-15
Fw	rther documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	Patent family members are liste	d in annex.
* Special c  'A' docur consi 'E' earlier films 'L' docur which cutai: 'O' docur 'P' docur later	ment defining the general state of the art which is not idered to be of particular relevance or document but published on or after the international grate that may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or his cited to establish the publication date of another ion or other special reason (as specified) ment referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or remeats ment published prior to the international filing date but than the priority date claimed	"T" later document published after the it or priority date and not in conflict outed to understand the principle or invention.  "X" document of particular relevance; the cannot be considered novel or canninvolve an inventive step when the "Y" document of particular relevance; the cannot be considered to involve an document is combined with one or ments, such combination being obtain the art.  "A" document member of the same pate.	with the application but theory underlying the se claimed invention of the considered to document is taken alone the claimed invention finventive step when the more other such docu- tous to a person skulled ant family
1	7 April 1997	1 4, 04, 97	
Name and	d mailing address of the ISA  European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentiaan 2  NL - 2280 HV Ripswijk  Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,  Far. (+31-70) 340-3016	Authorized officer Fink, D	_

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Internationa application No.

ruT/US 96/20523

Box 1 Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item	of first sheet)				
This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 1	7(2)(a) for the following reasons:				
Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely: Although claim 15 is directed to a method of treatment method practised on) the human/animal body the search is out and based on the alleged effects of the compound/co	nas been carried				
2. Claims Nos.: because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prean extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:	escribed requirements to such				
Claims searched completely: 3-5, 8-10, 13, 14 Claims searched incompletely: 1, 2, 6, 7, 11, 12, 15, 1 see next page	16				
3. Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and this	rd semences of Rule 6.4(a).				
Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)					
This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as	foliows:				
As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Se searchable claims.	arch Report covers all				
As all searchable claims could be searches without effort justifying an additional fee, this Au of any additional fee.	thority did not invite payment				
As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this le covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:	nterna jonal Search Report				
4. No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this Inurestricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:	ernauional Search Report is				
Remark on Protest  The additional search fees were accompanied the payment of					

### FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/210

As the drafting of independent claims 1, 6, and 11 encompasses such an enormous amount of compounds, a complete novelty search is not possible on economic grounds (see WIPO: "PCT Search Guidelines", November 18, 1992, Part B, Chapter III, item 2).

Therefore, the search - as far as novelty is concerned - had to be limited to those compounds of formulae Ia, Ib, and Ic, wherein:

$$W = -C(=0)-N(R^{13})-;$$

$$X = -CH(R^{14})-CH(R^{15})-; \text{ and}$$

$$Y = -C(=0)R^{19};$$

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

information on patent family members

Inter nal Application No
PCT/US 96/20523

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
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₹.		BG 99863 A	29-02-96
٠.		CA 2155123 A	01-09-94
		CN 1118139 A	06-03-96
		CZ 9502108 A	14-02-96
		EP 0684823 A	06-12-95
		FI 953916 A	21-08 <b>-9</b> 5
		HU 71796 A	28-02-96
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		PL 310386 A	11-12-95
		SK 102495 A	08-01-97
WO 9514683 A	01-06-95	AU 1098095 A	13-06-95
		CA 2174838 A	01-06-95
		EP 0730590 A	11-09-96
		FI 962184 A	23-05-96
•		NO 962096 A	23-05-96
		PL 314591 A	16-09-96
		SK 66696 A	06-11-96
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